Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Unaudited

### TRANSELEC S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Santiago, Chile March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024

### Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Unaudited

### TRANSELEC S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Santiago, Chile
As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024
(Translation of the Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish)

\$ : Chilean pesos

ThCh\$: Thousands of Chilean pesos MCh\$: Millions of Chilean pesos

UF : Unidad de Fomento or UF, is an inflation-indexed, Chilean-peso

denominated monetary unit. The UF, is set daily in advance based on the changes in the Chilean Consumer Price Index (CPI) of the previous

months.

US\$ : US Dollars

ThUS\$: Thousands of US Dollars

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)

(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

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# INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION TRANSELEC S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)

(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

| ASSETS  | Note | Unaudited<br>03-31-2025<br>ThCh\$ | Audited<br>12-31-2024<br>ThCh\$ |
|---|------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| CURRENT ASSETS                                |      |                                   |                                 |
| Cash and cash equivalents                     | 5    | 140,544,958                       | 352,724,544                     |
| Other financial assets                        | 9    | 10,574,352                        | 12,570,721                      |
| Other non-financial assets                    | 14   | 33,470,633                        | 41,175,199                      |
| Trade and other receivables                   | 6    | 142,587,029                       | 141,331,295                     |
| Receivables from related parties              | 7    | 13,559,690                        | 16,881,774                      |
| Inventory                                     |      | 1,724,753                         | 1,893,420                       |
| Sub-Total Current assets                      |      | 342,461,415                       | 566,576,953                     |
| Non-current asses classified as held for sale | 8    | 515,376                           | 515,376                         |
| Total Current assets                          |      | 342,976,791                       | 567,092,329                     |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS                            |      |                                   |                                 |
| Other financial assets                        | 9    | 392,772,730                       | 413,030,566                     |
| Other non-financial assets                    | 14   | 881,338                           | 912,070                         |
| Receivables from related parties              | 7    | 254,893,164                       | 251,764,385                     |
| Intangible assets other than goodwill         | 10   | 198,610,045                       | 197,835,040                     |
| Goodwill                                      | 11   | 347,756,660                       | 347,756,660                     |
| Property plant and equipment net              | 12   | 2,193,927,901                     | 2,145,495,300                   |
| Assets for rights of use                      | 13   | 11,655,694                        | 12,129,562                      |
| Deferred tax assets                           | 21   | 472,274                           | 523,904                         |
| Total Non-Current assets                      |      | 3,400,969,806                     | 3,369,447,487                   |
| TOTAL ASSETS                                  |      | 3,743,946,597                     | 3,936,539,816                   |

# INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION TRANSELEC S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)

(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

|  |      | Unaudited                               | Audited           |
|--|------|---|-------------------|
| LIABILITIES                                  | Note | 03-31-2025                              | 12-31-2024        |
|  |      | ThCh\$                                  | ThCh\$            |
|  |      |   |                   |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES                          |      |   |                   |
| Other financial liabilities                  | 15   | 17,952,199                              | 400,953,533       |
| Liabilities for leases                       | 16   | 1,849,390                               | 1,809,010         |
| Trade and other payables                     | 17   | 179,366,666                             | 135,881,422       |
| Accounts payable to related entities         | 7    | 171,552,600                             | 33,049,630        |
| Provisions                                   | 20   | 885,798                                 | 1,793,628         |
| Provisions for employee benefits current     | 22   | 9,577,082                               | 13,728,718        |
| Current tax liabilities                      |      | 54,906,780                              | 32,151,805        |
| Other non-financial liabilities              | 14   | 6,539,556                               | 1,003,430         |
| Total Current Liabilities                    |      | 442,630,071                             | 620,371,176       |
|  |      |   |                   |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES                      |      |   |                   |
| Other financial liabilities                  | 15   | 1,874,836,037                           | 1,870,866,474     |
| Lease liabilities                            | 16   | 10,909,920                              | 11,252,866        |
| Deferred tax liabilities                     | 21   | 331,237,835                             | 351,556,567       |
| Provisions for employee benefits non-current | 22   | 3,061,786                               | 3,293,871         |
| Other non-financial liabilities              | 14   | 5,047,888                               | 5,147,281         |
| <b>Total Non-Current Liabilities</b>         |      | 2,225,093,466                           | 2,242,117,059     |
|  | ·    |   |                   |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES                            |      | 2,667,723,537                           | 2,862,488,235     |
|  | ·    |   |                   |
| EQUITY                                       |      |   |                   |
| Issued and paid-in capital                   | 24   | 776,355,048                             | 776,355,048       |
| Retained earnings                            |      | 308,916,799                             | 307,184,892       |
| Other reserves                               | 24   | (9,048,787)                             | (9,488,359)       |
| Equity attributable to owners of the parent  |      | 1,076,223,060                           | 1,074,051,581     |
| Non-controlling interest                     |      | -                                       | -                 |
| TOTAL EQUITY                                 |      | 1,076,223,060                           | 1,074,051,581     |
|  |      | , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | , , , , , , , , , |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES                 |      | 3,743,946,597                           | 3,936,539,816     |
|  |      | 0,1 10,0 10,001                         | <u> </u>          |

# INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME BY FUNCTION TRANSELEC S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

|  |      | Unaudited 01-01-2025 | Unaudited<br>01-01-2024 |
|--|------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME BY FUNCTION                        | Note | 03-31-2025           | 03-31-2024              |
|  |      | ThCh\$               | ThCh\$                  |
| Revenue  | 25   | 67,414,977           | 131,160,545             |
| Cost of sales  | 26   | (25,034,539)         | (24,096,002)            |
| Gross Margin   |      | 42,380,438           | 107,064,543             |
| Administrative expenses  | 26   | (7,701,884)          | (7,967,561)             |
| Other gains  |      | 68,753               | 112,954                 |
| Financial income   | 26   | 3,152,526            | 4,948,691               |
| Financial expenses   | 26   | (19,230,017)         | (20,158,441)            |
| Exchange differences   | 26   | 506,601              | 422,848                 |
| Income by indexed units  | 26   | (15,944,864)         | (9,384,899)             |
| Profit Before Tax  |      | 3,231,553            | 75,038,135              |
| Income tax expense   | 27   | (1,499,646)          | (20,369,121)            |
| Profit from continuing operations                                    |      | 1,731,907            | 54,669,014              |
| Profit from discontinued operations                                  |      | -                    | -                       |
| Profit attributable to owners of the parent                          |      | 1,731,907            | 54,669,014              |
| Profit attributable to non-controlling interests                     |      | -                    | -                       |
| Profit   |      | 1,731,907            | 54,669,014              |
| Earnings Per Share   | 1    |                      |                         |
| Basic/diluted earnings per share from continuing operations (\$/s)   | 28   | 1,732                | 54,669                  |
| Basic/diluted earnings per share from discontinued operations (\$/s) | 28   | -                    | -                       |
| Basic/diluted earnings per share (\$/s)                              |      | 1,732                | 54,669                  |

# INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME BY FUNCTION TRANSELEC S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

|  |       | Unaudited   | Unaudited   |
|--|-------|-------------|-------------|
| STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  | Note  | 01-01-2025  | 01-01-2024  |
|  |       | 03-31-2025  | 03-31-2024  |
|  |       | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$      |
| Profit   |       | 1,731,907   | 54,669,014  |
| Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to income for the period before taxes                   |       |             |             |
| Exchange differences on translation  |       |             |             |
| Gains (losses) from translation  | 24    | (2,160,725) | -           |
| Remeasurements of defined benefit plans  | 22-24 | (75,263)    | -           |
| Cash flow hedges   |       |             |             |
| Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges   | 24    | 3,637,316   | (8,634,576) |
| Total other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to income for the period before taxes                           |       | 1,401,328   | (8,634,576) |
| Income taxes related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to the result of the period     |       |             |             |
| Income tax related to cash flow hedges of other comprehensive income   | 24    | (982,076)   | 2,331,336   |
| Income tax related to remeasurements of defined benefit plans of other comprehensive income                                | 24    | 20,320      | -           |
| Total income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to the result of the period |       | (961,756)   | 2,331,336   |
| Total comprehensive income   |       | 439,572     | (6,303,240) |
| Total comprehensive income   |       | 2,171,479   | 48,365,774  |
|  |       |             |             |
| Comprehensive income attributable to:  |       |             |             |
| Comprehensive income attributable to owners of the parent  |       | 2,171,479   | 48,365,774  |
| Comprehensive income attributable to non- controlling interests  |       | -           | -           |
| Total comprehensive income and expense result  |       | 2,171,479   | 48,365,774  |



# INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY TRANSELEC S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)

(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

| Movements   | Note | Paid-in capital | Reserve for currency translation adjustment          | Reserves for cash flow hedges       | Actuarial<br>Losses | Total reserves             | Accumulated gains (losses)    | Equity<br>attributable to<br>owners of the<br>parent | Non-<br>controlling<br>interests | Total equity              |
|---|------|-----------------|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
|   |      | ThCh\$          | ThCh\$   | ThCh\$                              | ThCh\$              | ThCh\$                     | ThCh\$                        | ThCh\$   | ThCh\$                           | ThCh\$                    |
| Opening balance as of 01-01-2025  |      | 776.355.048     | 1.686.411  | (10.894.582)                        | (280,188)           | (9.488.359)                | 307.184.892                   | 1.074.051.581  |                                  | 1,074,051,581             |
| Changes in equity   |      | 770,333,046     | 1,000,411  | (10,054,302)                        | (200, 100)          | (9,400,339)                | 307,104,092                   | 1,074,031,381  | -                                | 1,074,031,361             |
| Comprehensive income  |      |                 |  |                                     |                     |                            |                               |  |                                  |                           |
| Profit (loss)   |      | _               | _ [  | _                                   |                     | _                          | 1,731,907                     | 1.731.907  | _1                               | 1,731,907                 |
| Other comprehensive income  | 24.4 | _               | (2,160,725)  | 2,655,240                           | (54,943)            | 439,572                    | 1,731,907                     | 439,572  |                                  | 439,572                   |
| Total comprehensive income  | 27.7 | _               | (2,160,725)  | 2,655,240                           | (54,943)            | 439,572                    | 1,731,907                     | 2,171,479  | _                                | 2,171,479                 |
| Dividends   | 24.3 | -               | (2,100,120)  | 2,000,210                           | (01,010)            | -                          | -                             |  | -                                |                           |
| Recognition by combination of entities under common control                   | 35   | -               | -  | -                                   | -                   | -                          | -                             | -  | -                                | -                         |
| Total increase (decrease) in equity   |      | _               | (2,160,725)  | 2,655,240                           | (54,943)            | 439,572                    | 1,731,907                     | 2,171,479  | -                                | 2,171,479                 |
|   |      |                 |  |                                     |                     | ,                          |                               |  |                                  |                           |
| Equity at the end of 03-31-2025 Unaudited                                     | 24   | 776,355,048     | (474,314)  | (8,239,342)                         | (335,131)           | (9,048,787)                | 308,916,799                   | 1,076,223,060  | -                                | 1,076,223,060             |
|   |      |                 |  |                                     |                     |                            |                               |  |                                  |                           |
| Movements   | Note | Paid-in capital | Reserve for<br>currency<br>translation<br>adjustment | Reserves for<br>cash flow<br>hedges | Actuarial<br>Losses | Total reserves             | Accumulated gains (losses)    | Equity<br>attributable to<br>owners of the<br>parent | Non-<br>controlling<br>interests | Total equity              |
|   |      | ThCh\$          | ThCh\$   | ThCh\$                              | ThCh\$              | ThCh\$                     | ThCh\$                        | ThCh\$   | ThCh\$                           | ThCh\$                    |
|   |      |                 |  |                                     |                     |                            |                               |  |                                  |                           |
| Opening balance as of 01-01-2024  |      | 776,355,048     | -  | (17,242,080)                        | (63,856)            | (17,305,936)               | 175,472,281                   | 934,521,393  | -                                | 934,521,393               |
| Changes in equity   |      |                 |  |                                     |                     |                            |                               |  |                                  |                           |
| Comprehensive income  |      |                 |  |                                     |                     |                            |                               |  |                                  |                           |
| Completione income  |      |                 |  |                                     |                     |                            |                               |  |                                  |                           |
| Profit (loss)   |      | -               | -  | -                                   | -                   | -                          | 54,669,014                    | 54,669,014   | -                                | 54,669,014                |
| •   | 24.4 | -               | -  | (6,303,240)                         | -                   | (6,303,240)                | 54,669,014                    | (6,303,240)  | -                                | 54,669,014<br>(6,303,240) |
| Profit (loss)   | 24.4 | -               | -<br>-<br>-  | (6,303,240)<br>(6,303,240)          | -                   | (6,303,240)<br>(6,303,240) | 54,669,014<br>-<br>54,669,014 | . , , .  | -<br>-                           | - //-                     |
| Profit (loss) Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income Dividends | 24.4 | -               | -<br>-<br>-  | (6,303,240)                         | -                   | (6,303,240)                | 54,669,014<br>-               | (6,303,240)<br>48,365,774                            | -<br>-<br>-                      | (6,303,240)<br>48,365,774 |
| Profit (loss) Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income           |      | -<br>-<br>-     | -<br>-<br>-<br>-                                     | ( , , ,                             | -<br>-<br>-         | ( , , ,                    |                               | (6,303,240)  | -<br>-<br>-<br>-                 | (6,303,240)               |
| Profit (loss) Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income Dividends |      | 776.355.048     | -<br>-<br>-<br>-                                     | (6,303,240)                         | -<br>-<br>-<br>-    | (6,303,240)                | 54,669,014<br>-               | (6,303,240)<br>48,365,774                            | -<br>-<br>-                      | (6,303,240)<br>48,365,774 |

# INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS TRANSELEC S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

|  |      | Unaudited                               | Unaudited               |
|--|------|---|-------------------------|
| DIRECT METHOD CASH FLOW STATEMENT  | Note | 01-01-2025                              | 01-01-2024              |
| DIRECT METHOD CASH FLOW STATEMENT  | Note | 03-31-2025                              | 03-31-2024              |
|  |      | ThCh\$                                  | ThCh\$                  |
| Cook flavor provided by (weed in) an entire proting  |      |   |                         |
| Cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities  |      |   |                         |
| Classes of receipts from operating activities:  Cash receipts from sales of goods and services | +    | 148,589,462                             | 05 500 706              |
| , v  | 7    | 5,547,684                               | 95,590,796<br>1,610,790 |
| Cash receipts from related party for services rendered   | 7    | , ,                                     |                         |
| Cash receipts from related parties for interest  |      | 4,259,003                               | 3,954,313               |
| Other proceeds from operating activities   | 1    | 260,750                                 | 437,493                 |
| Types of payments for operating activities:  |      | (4.504.070)                             | (40.4.70.4)             |
| Payments to suppliers for goods and services   |      | (1,534,872)                             | (404,784)               |
| Payments of interest for rights of use   |      | (127,327)                               | (118,891)               |
| Other payments for operating activities  | -    | (58,847,097)                            | (17,702,260)            |
| Payments to and on behalf of employees   |      | (9,032,823)                             | (7,943,370)             |
| Interest paid  | 15.2 | (28,446,247)                            | (23,938,484)            |
| Net cash flows provided by operating activities  |      | 60,668,533                              | 51,485,603              |
|  | _    |   |                         |
| Cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities  |      | , |                         |
| Additions of property plant and equipment and Intangibles                                      |      | (43,470,200)                            | (73,164,714)            |
| Amounts from the sale of property plant and equipment  |      | -                                       | 1,329                   |
| Payments made to related entities  | 7    | (123,531,387)                           | (179,014)               |
| Collections received from related entities   | 7    | 123,442,040                             | 78,337                  |
| Net cash flows used in investing activities  |      | (43,559,547)                            | (73,264,062)            |
| Cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities  |      |   |                         |
| Payments of lease liabilities  |      | (589,084)                               | (508,235)               |
| Bonds payments   | 15.2 | (378,450,000)                           | (000,200)               |
| Loans from related parties   | 7    | 179.626.200                             | _                       |
| Loan payments to related parties   | 7    | (41,123,230)                            | -                       |
| Cash receipts from futures, forward, option and swap contracts                                 | + '- | 10,155,538                              |                         |
| Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities                                      |      | (230,380,576)                           | (508,235)               |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents before the effect of changes in the exchange         |      |   |                         |
| rate   |      | (213,271,590)                           | (22,286,694)            |
|  |      |   |                         |
| Effects of changes in the exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents                           |      |   |                         |
| Effects of changes in the exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents                           |      | 1,092,004                               | 487,575                 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents   |      | (212,179,586)                           | (21,799,119)            |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year   | 5    | 352,724,544                             | 178,336,181             |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the ending of the period  | 5    | 140,544,958                             | 156,537,062             |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024
Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)
(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

#### 1 - GENERAL INFORMATION

Rentas Eléctricas III Limitada was formed as a limited liability company by public deed on June 6, 2006. According to public deed dated May 9, 2007, the Company acquired 100 shares owned by Transelec Holdings Rentas Limitada, corresponding to 0.01% of the share capital of Transelec S.A. (formerly Nueva Transelec S.A.), leaving the Company with 100% ownership. Thus, the merger took place by absorption, and the assets, liabilities, rights and obligations of Transelec S.A. (formerly Nueva Transelec S.A.) passed to the Company. In this way, the Company directly assumed operation of the electricity transmission business previously conducted by the aforementioned subsidiary.

On March 26, 2007, it changed its name to Rentas Eléctricas III S.A. and became a corporation and on June 30, 2007, Rentas Eléctricas III S.A. changed its name to its current name, Transelec S.A. (here and after "the Company" or "Transelec").

On May 16, 2007, the Company was listed under number 974 in the Securities Registry of the Commission for the Financial Market (CMF in its Spanish acronym) and is subject to its supervision. Simultaneously, it registered 1,000,000 shares, which corresponds to the total number of shares issued, subscribed and fully paid.

On December 1, 2014, Transelec S.A. merged with its subsidiary Transelec Norte S.A. through an acquisition of 0.01% of the shares of Transelec Norte S.A. owned by Transelec Holdings Rentas Limitada, becoming the owner of the 100% shares.

On September 1, 2015, Transelec S.A merged with its subsidiary Inversiones Electricas Transam Chile Ltda., which on August 1, 2015, had absorbed its subsidiaries: Transmisora Huepil Ltda. Transmisora Abenor Ltda and Transmisora Araucana de Electricidad Ltda. Through the acquisition of the investment complement which completes 100% of the ownership, in the merger processes mentioned above.

On March 31, 2017, Transelec S.A acquired 100% shares of the company Transmisión Del Melado SpA.; thus, taking control of this entity during April 2017. For this reason, Transelec S.A. prepares Consolidated Financial Statements since June 30, 2017.

On May 31, 2024, Transelec S.A acquired 100% shares of Gea Transmisora SpA. from the Indirect parent company Rentas Eléctricas I, taking control of Gea Transmisora SpA, which forms part of the Consolidated Financial Statements since June 30, 2024.

On June 24, 2024, Transelec S.A. acquired 100% ownership of Ana Maria S.A., through the purchase of all 11,969,044,292 ordinary shares issued by the company. Subsequently, Transelec S.A. sold 1 share of the subsidiary to the parent company Transelec Holdings Rentas Limitada. From the purchase of shares, Transelec S.A. took control of Ana Maria S.A., including it in its Consolidated Financial Statements since of June 30, 2024.

At the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on June 17, 2024, it was agreed to request the voluntary cancellation of the registration of the Company's shares in the Securities Registry maintained by the Commission for the Financial Market. At the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on December 3, 2024, it was agreed to rescind the decision to request the mentioned voluntary cancellation. This was communicated to the Financial Market Commission through a Material Fact.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 1 - GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

The Company has the exclusive objective of operating and developing electricity systems owned by the Company or by third parties designed to transport or transmit electricity and may, for these purposes, obtain, acquire and use the respective concessions and permits and exercise all of the rights and powers that current legislation confers on electric companies, Its line of business includes commercializing the transport capacity of lines and transformation capacity of substations and equipment associated with them so that generating plants, both Chilean and foreign, may transmit the electricity they produce to their consumption centers; providing engineering or management consulting services related to the company's line of business; and developing other business and industrial activities to use electricity transmission facilities. The Company may act directly or through subsidiaries or affiliates, both in Chile and abroad.

The corporate domicile of the Company is at Orinoco No. 90, 14th floor, Las Condes, Santiago, Chile.

The Company is controlled directly by Transelec Holdings Rentas Limitada and indirectly by ETC Transmission Holdings S.L.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, working capital amounts to ThCh\$(99,653,280) and ThCh\$(53,278,847) respectively. Based on the current operational performance and liquidity position, the Company estimates that cash flows from future operating activities and available cash will be sufficient to finance working capital, capital investments, interest payments, dividends, and debt payment requirements in the short term and the near future.

The Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company as of March 31, 2025, were approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting N°276 held on May 16, 2025.

### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

The main accounting policies applied in preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements are detailed below. These policies have been based on IFRS in effect as of March 31, 2025 and applied uniformly for the periods presented.

### 2.1 Basis of preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements

These Interim Consolidated Financial Statements consist of the consolidated statements of financial position as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the comprehensive income of its operations for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, changes in equity and cash flows for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 and have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), taking into account the presentation regulations of the CMF, which are not in conflict with IFRS. The presentation of these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements has been made based on the recognition and measurement criteria set out in IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".

These Interim Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared from the accounting records maintained by the Company. The figures in these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements and their notes are expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024
Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)
(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

### 2.1 Basis of preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

In preparing these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, certain critical accounting estimates have been used to quantify some assets, liabilities, income and expenses, IFRS also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying Transelec's accounting policies, Areas involving a greater degree of judgment or complexity or areas in which assumptions and estimates are significant for these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements are described in Note 4.

The information contained in these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements is the responsibility of the Company's management.

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements are consistent with those applied in the preparation of the annual Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024, except for the adoption of the new standards and amendments in force as of January 1, 2025, which did not materially affect the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

As of March 31, 2025, there were no accounting changes that affect the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

For the convenience of the readers outside of Chile, the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements and their accompanying notes have been translated from Spanish into English.

#### 2.2 Business Combinations and basis of Consolidation

The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements comprise the financial statements of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries, including all its assets, liabilities, revenue, expenses and cash flows after carrying out the adjustments and eliminations related to the transactions between the companies that form part of the consolidation.

A subsidiary is a company over which Transelec S.A. exercises control in accordance with IFRS 10. In order to comply with the definition of control according to IFRS 10, three criteria must be complied with, namely: (a) an investor has the power over the relevant activities of the investee, (b) the investor is exposed, or has rights to, variable returns from the share in the investee, (c) the investor has the ability to use its power over the investee to exercise influence over the amount of income of the investor. Noncontrolling interest represents the amount of net assets and profit or loss that are not property of the Parent Company, which is presented separately in the comprehensive income statement and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Acquisition of a subsidiary is recorded in accordance with IFRS 3 "Business Combinations", using the equity method. This method requires the recognition of identifiable assets (including intangible assets previously unrecognized and goodwill) and liabilities acquired at fair value on the acquisition date. The acquisition cost is measured at the fair value of the consideration transferred at the acquisition date and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity. Non-controlling interest is recognized by the portion owned by minority shareholders on the value of recognized assets and liabilities. Costs related to the acquisition are recognized in results as incurred and are included as part of administrative expenses.

The excess of acquisition cost on the fair value of the share of the Company in the acquired identifiable net assets is recognized as goodwill. If the acquisition cost is less than the fair value of the net assets of the acquired subsidiary, the difference is recognized directly in the income statement.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

### 2.2 Business Combinations and basis of Consolidation (continued)

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at acquisition cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For purposes of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated, as of the acquisition date, to each of the Company's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, regardless of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to such units.

The acquisition of a subsidiary that involves the combination of entities or businesses under common control is outside the scope of IFRS 3 "Business Combinations". The company understands as entities or businesses under common control any subsidiary controlled directly or indirectly by ETC Transmission Holdings S.L.

The company records the assets and liabilities of the acquired entity under common control at the book value recorded by the subsidiary on the acquisition date. The equity items of capital retained earnings, and other reserves are recognized in the same items and for the same value in the Interim Consolidated Financial Statement of the company.

The financial statements of the subsidiary have been prepared on the same date as those of the Parent Company and the accounting policies have been applied uniformly, considering the specific nature of each business unit.

The information regarding the entities in which the Company has control and that forms part of the consolidation is detailed as follows:

| Tax ID       | Subsidiaries               | Participation share |            | Country of origin | Functional currency |
|--------------|----------------------------|---------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------|
|              |                            | 03-31-2025          | 12-31-2024 | or origin         | Currency            |
| 76.538.831-7 | Transmisión del Melado SpA | 100%                | 100%       | Chile             | Ch\$                |
| 77.504.183-8 | Gea Transmisora SpA        | 100%                | 100%       | Chile             | US\$                |
| 77.677.302-6 | Ana Maria S.A.             | 100%                | 100%       | Chile             | US\$                |

### 2.3 New standards and interpretations accounting

The following new standards and amendments have been considered in these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements:

| Standards | New standards, amendments and interpretations                                 | Mandatory<br>Effective Date |
|-----------|---|-----------------------------|
| IAS 21    | Lack of Exchangeability (Amendments to IAS 21)                                | 01-01-2025                  |
| SASB      | Amendments to the SASB standards to enhance their international applicability | 01-01-2025                  |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

### 2.3 New standards and interpretations accounting (continued)

### Lack of Exchangeability (Amendments to IAS 21)

In August 2023, the IASB has published amendments to IAS 21 that specify how to assess whether a currency is exchangeable and how to determine the exchange rate when it is not.

Applying the amendments, a currency is exchangeable when an entity is able to exchange that currency for the other currency through market or exchange mechanisms that create enforceable rights and obligations without undue delay at the measurement date and for a specified purpose. However, a currency is not exchangeable into the other currency if an entity can only obtain no more than an insignificant amount of the other currency at the measurement date for the specified purpose.

When a currency is not exchangeable at the measurement date, an entity is required to estimate the spot exchange rate as the rate that would have applied to an orderly exchange transaction at the measurement date between market participants under prevailing economic conditions. In that case, an entity is required to disclose information that enables users of its financial statements to evaluate how the currency's lack of exchangeability affects, or is expected to affect, the entity's financial performance, financial position and cash flows.

The amendments are applied prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025. Earlier application is permitted.

### Amendments to the SASB standards to enhance their international applicability

On December 19, 2023, the International Sustainability Standards Board (ISSB) issued amendments to the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB) standards to enhance their international applicability.

When the ISSB inherited the SASB standards, it found that a small subset of the standards incorporated references to specific jurisdictional laws and regulations that may be globally inapplicable, introduce regional bias, increase application costs, and decrease the comparability and decision-usefulness of the resulting disclosures. The ISSB has therefore developed a methodology for enhancing the international applicability of the SASB standards and SASB standards taxonomy updates without substantially altering the standards' structure or intent. This methodology has been applied to the relevant SASB standards.

With the amendments published, the ISSB intends to make the SASB standards more internationally applicable and GAAP-agnostic. The amendments remove and replace jurisdiction-specific references and definitions, without substantially altering industries, topics or metrics.

The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025. Earlier application is permitted.

The Company has evaluated that the application of these amendments does not have a significant effect on the amounts reported in these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements and will evaluate their impact on future transactions or contracts.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

### 2.3 New standards and interpretations accounting (continued)

#### 2.3.1 New standards

The new standards which have been issued but are not yet effective at the date of these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, are detailed below:

| Standards | New standards   | Mandatory<br>Effective Date |
|-----------|---|-----------------------------|
| IFRS 18   | Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements     | 01-01-2027                  |
| IFRS 19   | Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures | 01-01-2027                  |

#### IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

On April 9, 2024, the IASB has published its new standard IFRS 18 'Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements' that will replace IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements'.

IFRS 18 applies to all financial statements that are prepared and presented in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards.

The main changes in the new standard compared with the previous requirements in IAS 1 comprise:

- The introduction of categories and defined subtotals in the statement of profit or loss that aim at additional relevant information and provide a structure for the statement of profit or loss that is more comparable between entities.
- The introduction of requirements to improve aggregation and disaggregation that aim at additional relevant information and ensure that material information is not obscured.
- The introduction of disclosures on Management-defined Performance Measures (MPMs) in the notes
  to the financial statements that aim at transparency and discipline in the use of such measures and
  disclosures in a single location.

IFRS 18 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027. The standard is applied retrospectively, with specific transition provisions, and earlier application is permitted.

Management will timely evaluate the potential impacts of adopting this new IFRS.

#### IFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures

In May 2024, the IASB issued IFRS 19 which permits an eligible subsidiary to provide reduced disclosures when applying IFRS in its financial statements.

A subsidiary is eligible for the reduced disclosures if it does not have public accountability and its ultimate or any intermediate parent produces consolidated financial statements available for public use that comply with IFRS.

IFRS 19 is optional for subsidiaries that are eligible, and such subsidiaries can apply IFRS 19 in their consolidated, separate or individual financial statements.

The new standard is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027 with earlier application permitted. Management will timely evaluate the potential impacts of adopting this new IFRS.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

### 2.3 New standards and interpretations accounting (continued)

#### 2.3.2 Enhancements and modifications

The enhancements and modifications which have been issued but are not yet effective at the date of these Consolidated Financial Statements, are detailed below:

| Standards                                     | Enhancements and Modifications  | Mandatory<br>Effective Date |
|---|---|-----------------------------|
| IFRS 7 – IFRS 9                               | Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments | 01-01-2026                  |
| IFRS 1, IFRS 7,<br>IFRS 9, IFRS 10<br>y IAS 7 | Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards - Volume 11              | 01-01-2026                  |

### Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments (Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7)

In May 2024, the IASB issued Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments which amend IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 and address the following topics:

- Derecognition of a financial liability settled through electronic transfer. It has been clarified the dates when a financial liability is derecognized when is settled through electronic transfer. The alternative permit to deem a financial liability (or part of it) that will be settled in cash using an electronic payment system to be discharged before the settlement date if, and only if, the entity has initiated a payment instruction that: (i) has no practical ability to stop or cancel; (ii) has no practical ability to access the cash used for the payment; and (iii) the settlement risk associated with the electronic payment is insignificant.
- Classification of financial assets contractual terms that are consistent with a basic lending
  arrangement. It has been clarified the requirements to assess if the contractual cash flows in a
  financial asset are consistent with a basic lending arrangement. The amendments clarify that
  contractual cash flows are inconsistent with a basic lending arrangement if they are indexed to a
  variable that is not a basic lending risk or cost or if they represent a share of the debtor's revenue or
  profit.
- Classification of financial assets with non-recourse features. It is clarified the term "non-recourse". A financial asset has non-recourse features if an entity's ultimate right to receive cash flows is contractually limited to the cash flows generated by specific assets.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

- 2.3 New standards and interpretations accounting (continued)
- 2.3.2 Enhancements and modifications (continued)

Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments (Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7) (continued)

Classification of financial assets contractually linked. The characteristics of these instruments
that distinguish them from other transactions are clarified. It is an instrument composed of two or
more financial instruments that are contractually linked in such a way that the value, risk, and cash
flows of one affects the other.

Likewise, these modifications introduce additional disclosure requirements within IFRS 7:

- Investments in equity instruments designated a fair value though other comprehensive income. It shall be required to disclose the fair value gain or loss presented in other comprehensive income during the period, showing separately the fair value gain or loss that relates to investments derecognized in the period and the fair value gain or loss that relates to investments held at the end of the period, as well as, to disclose any transfers of the cumulative gain or loss within equity during the reporting period related to the investments derecognized during that reporting period.
- Contractual terms that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows. The
  disclosures include a qualitative description of the nature of the contingent event, quantitative
  information about the possible changes to contractual cash flows as well as the gross carrying
  amount of financial assets and the amortized cost of financial liabilities subject to those contractual
  terms.

The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026. Earlier application is permitted.

Management will timely evaluate the potential impacts of adopting these new amendments.

### Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards — Volume 11 (amendments to IFRS 1, IFRS 7, IFRS 9, IFRS 10 and IAS 7)

The annual improvements include amendments to five Standards:

### IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of IFRS

Hedge accounting by a first-time adopter. The amendment addresses a potential confusion arising from an inconsistency in wording between paragraph B6 of IFRS 1 and requirements for hedge accounting in IFRS 9 Financial Instruments.

IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures

Gain or loss on derecognition. The amendment addresses a potential confusion in paragraph B38 of IFRS 7 arising from an obsolete reference to a paragraph that was deleted from the standard when IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement was issued.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

### 2.3 New standards and interpretations accounting (continued)

### 2.3.2 Enhancements and modifications (continued)

Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards — Volume 11 (amendments to IFRS 1, IFRS 7, IFRS 9, IFRS 10 and IAS 7) (continued)

### IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures (continued)

Disclosure of deferred difference between fair value and transaction price. The amendment addresses an inconsistency between paragraph 28 of IFRS 7 and its accompanying implementation guidance that arose when a consequential amendment resulting from the issuance of IFRS 13 was made to paragraph 28, but not to the corresponding paragraph in the implementation guidance.

Introduction and credit risk disclosures. The amendment addresses a potential confusion by clarifying in paragraph IG1 that the guidance does not necessarily illustrate all the requirements in the referenced paragraphs of IFRS 7 and by simplifying some explanations.

#### IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

Lessee derecognition of lease liabilities. The amendment addresses a potential lack of clarity in the application of the requirements in IFRS 9 to account for an extinguishment of a lessee's lease liability that arises because paragraph 2.1(b)(ii) of IFRS 9 includes a cross-reference to paragraph 3.3.1, but not also to paragraph 3.3.3 of IFRS 9.

Transaction price. The amendment addresses a potential confusion arising from a reference in Appendix A to IFRS 9 to the definition of 'transaction price' in IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers while term 'transaction price' is used in particular paragraphs of IFRS 9 with a meaning that is not necessarily consistent with the definition of that term in IFRS 15.

#### NIIF 10 Consolidated Financial Statements

Determination of a 'de facto agent'. The amendment addresses a potential confusion arising from an inconsistency between paragraphs B73 and B74 of IFRS 10 related to an investor determining whether another party is acting on its behalf by aligning the language in both paragraphs.

### NIC 7 Statements of Cash Flows

Cost method. The amendment addresses a potential confusion in applying paragraph 37 of IAS 7 that arises from the use of the term 'cost method' that is no longer defined in IFRS Accounting Standards.

All amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026, with earlier application permitted.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

### 2.4 Foreign currency translation

### 2.4.1 Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional currency is the Chilean peso. These Interim Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in Chilean pesos.

#### 2.4.2 Transactions and balances

Transactions carried out by each company in a currency other than its functional currency are recorded using the exchange rates in effect as of the date of each transaction. During the period, any differences that arise between the exchange rate recorded in accounting and the rate prevailing as of the date of collection or payment are recorded as exchange differences in the income statement. Likewise, as of each period end, balances receivable or payable in a currency other than each company's functional currency are converted using the period-end exchange rate. Losses and gains in foreign currency arising from settling these transactions and from converting monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency using period-end exchange rates are recorded in the income statement, except when they should be deferred in equity, such as the case of cash flow.

#### 2.4.3 Translation of subsidiaries with functional currency other than the Chilean Peso

The Financial Statements of the subsidiaries with functional currencies other than the Chilean Peso are translated as follows:

- (a) For assets and liabilities, the prevailing exchange rate on the closing date of the Financial Statements is used.
- (b) For income statement items the average exchange rates of the period that approximate the exchange rates of the date of each transaction are used.

Exchange differences arising in translation of Financial Statements are recognized in the item "Reserve for currency translation adjustment" within Equity.

### 2.4.3 Exchange rates

As of each period end, assets and liabilities in foreign currency and UF have been converted to Chilean pesos using the following exchange rates:

| Currency or indexing unit | Chilean pesos per unit |            |  |  |
|---------------------------|------------------------|------------|--|--|
| Currency or indexing unit | 03-31-2025             | 12-31-2024 |  |  |
| Unidad de fomento (UF)    | 38,894.11              | 38,416.69  |  |  |
| US dollar                 | 953.07                 | 996.46     |  |  |
| Euro                      | 1,030.68               | 1,035.28   |  |  |

### 2.5 Financial reporting by operating segments

The Company manages its operations and presents information in the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements based on a single operating segment: Electricity transmission.

The source of the revenues that generates the company and its assets are located in Chile.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

### 2.6 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are valued at acquisition cost, net of its corresponding accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses it may have experienced. In addition to the price paid to acquire each item, the cost also includes, where appropriate, the following items:

- a) All costs directly related to placing the asset in the location and condition that enables it to be used in the manner intended by management.
- b) Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualified assets, which require a substantial period of time before being ready for use are capitalized. The interest rate used is that of the specific financing or, if none exists, the average financing rate of the company carrying out the investment.
- c) Future disbursements that Transelec S.A. and its subsidiary must make to close their facilities are incorporated into the value of the asset at present value, recording the corresponding provision. On an annual basis both existences of such obligations as well as an estimate of future disbursements are reviewed, increasing or decreasing the value of the asset based on the results of this estimate.

Assets under construction are transferred to operating assets once the testing period has been completed when they are available for use, at which time depreciation begins.

Expansion, modernization and improvement costs that represent an increase in productivity, capacity or efficiency or an extension of useful life are capitalized as a greater cost of the corresponding assets. Replacement or overhauls of whole components that increase the asset's useful life, or its economic capacity, are recorded as an increase in value for the respective assets, derecognizing the replaced or overhauled components. Periodic maintenance, conservation and repair expenses are recorded directly in income as an expense for the period in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment, net of its residual value, is depreciated by distributing the cost of its different components on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life, which is the period during which the companies expect to use them. The useful lives and residual values of fixed assets are reviewed on a yearly basis. The land has an indefinite useful life and is not depreciated.

The following table details the ranges of useful lives periods applied to principal classes of assets and used to determine depreciation expense:

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024
Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)
(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

### 2.6 Propiedades, plantas y equipos (continuación)

| Items                        | Estimated useful life (years) |         |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|
|                              | Minimum                       | Maximum |
| Buildings and infrastructure | 20                            | 50      |
| Machinery and equipment      | 15                            | 40      |
| Other assets                 | 3                             | 15      |

The depreciation of these assets is recorded in the Statement of Income under the categories of Cost of Sales and Administrative expenses.

#### 2.7 Intangible assets

#### 2.7.1 Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of acquisition cost on the fair value of net assets acquired in a business combination. Goodwill is not amortized, it is annually tested for impairment, regardless of the existence of any indication of impairment.

For impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated from the acquisition date to the cash-generating units expected to benefit from such combination.

During the periods covered by these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, there were no impairment losses of goodwill.

### 2.7.2 Easements

Easements are presented at historical cost. These rights have no defined useful life and, therefore, are not amortized. However, these indefinite useful lives are reviewed during each reporting year to determine if they remain indefinite. These assets are tested for impairment at each year end and if there are indicators of impairment.

#### 2.7.3 Computer software

Purchased software licenses are capitalized based on the costs incurred to purchase them and prepare them for use. These costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives that range from three to five years.

Expenses for developing or maintaining computer software are expensed when incurred. Costs directly related to creating unique, identifiable computer software controlled by the Company that is likely to generate economic benefits in excess of its costs during more than one year are recognized as intangible assets, and its amortization is included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income by function under costs of sales and administrative expenses.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

### 2.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets with an indefinite useful life, such as easements, are not amortized and are tested annually for impairment. Amortized assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognized for the difference between the asset's carrying amount and its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher of its fair value, less costs to sell and its value in use this being the present value of the expected future cash flows.

The Company has defined its only operating segment, the Transmission of Electricity as a Cash Generating Unit (CGU) for the purposes of impairment tests and, therefore, both goodwill and intangible assets with an indefinite useful life existing at the date of the impairment test are completely assigned to this CGU.

The variable to which the value in use model is most sensitive is the discount rate. The main variables considered in the impairment test are:

| Variable                    | 03-31-2025 | 12-31-2024 | Descripction   |
|-----------------------------|------------|------------|--|
| Discount rate               | 6.22%      | 6.22%      | The discount rate used is the weighted average cost of capital (WACC) of the Company, measured before taxes.   |
| Growth rate                 | 3.00%      | 3.00%      | The growth rate is applied to the perpetuity and is based on the estimation of the long-term inflation expectation established by the Central Bank of Chile. |
| Cash Flow estimation period | 5 years    | 5 years    | The estimation period is 5 years, based on the Company's internal business plan plus perpetuity.   |

Impairment losses from continuing operations are recognized in the consolidated comprehensive income by function in the expenses categories in accordance with the function of the impaired assets. In the case of goodwill see Note 2.7.1.

Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment loss are reviewed at each reporting date for possible reversal of impairment, in which case the reversal may not exceed the amount originally impaired less accumulated depreciation.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

#### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

#### 2.9 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that generates, at the same time, a financial asset in an entity and a financial liability or an equity instrument in another entity.

### 1) Non-derivatives financial assets

The Company classifies its non-derivatives financial assets into the following categories:

### a) Amortized Cost:

In this category the financial assets are classified within the Business Model of the Company whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Non-derivatives financial assets that that accomplish with the conditions stated in IFRS 9 to be classified at amortized cost are: account receivables, loans granted and cash equivalents. These assets are recorded at amortized cost, which is its initial fair value, minus the payments of principal, plus the non-collected accrued interests calculated according to the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset or to the amortized cost of a financial liability.

#### b) Fair value through other comprehensive income (Equity):

In this category the financial assets are classified within the Business Model of the Company whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

These financial assets are recognized in the Interim Consolidated Financial Statement at its fair value when it can be feasible determined. Changes in its fair value, net of tax effect, are recorded into the Other Comprehensive Income Statement until those financial assets are derecognized which is the moment when the accumulated effect is recycle into the Profit or Loss of the period. If the fair value of the financial assets is lower than the acquisition cost, and if there is objective evidence that the financial assets have an impairment that is not reversible, the difference has to be recorded as a loss of the period.

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### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

### 2.9 Financial instruments (continued)

### 1) Non-derivatives Financial Assets (continued)

### c) Fair value through profit or loss:

For financial assets that were defined as such at the moment of their initial recognition and those that are not measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.

These financial assets are measured in the Consolidated Financial Statement at its fair value and the changes in its fair value are recorded directly in profit or loss at the moment when they occurred. Purchases or sales of financial assets are recorded at the date of the transaction.

### 2) Cash and Cash Equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents include cash, bank balances, time deposits and other short-term investments whose term is equal to or less than 180 days from the investment date, highly liquid investments that are easily convertible into known amounts of cash and that they are subject to negligible risk of changes in value. The balance of this account does not differ from that presented in the consolidated statement of cash flows. There is no restricted cash.

### 3) Impairment of financial assets

According to IFRS 9, the Company the impairment model based of expected credit losses. This model is used on the financial assets measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, except for the investments in equity instruments. The Company uses a simplify scope for account receivables, contractual assets and account receivables for leasing in order to ensure that any impairment recorded is made in reference to the expected losses for all the life of the asset.

### 4) Non-derivatives financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are initially recognized at their fair value, net of the transaction's costs. For its subsequent measurement, these liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. For the fair value of debt calculation, it has been performed using the discounted cash flows method according to the interest rate curves available in the market depending on the payment currency.

### 5) Derivatives and Hedge activities

The Company selectively uses derivative and non-derivative instruments to manage its exposure to exchange rate risk (See Note 18).

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### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

### 2.9 Financial instruments (continued)

### 5) Derivatives and hedge activities (continued)

Derivatives instruments used by the Company are mainly related to hedging the interest rate/exchange rate risks. Derivatives instruments are recorded at its fair value at the date of the statement of financial position. If the fair value of the derivative instrument is positive, it is recorded into the "Other financial assets" item and in case that the fair value of the derivative instrument is negative it is recorded into the "Other financial liabilities" item. Changes in the fair value of the derivative instruments are recorded into profit or loss unless the derivative has been designated as a hedge instrument and comply with all the requirements stated in IFRS in order to use Hedge Accounting. Regarding hedge accounting, the Company is still under the IAS 39 scope. The different types of hedge accounting that the Company perform are:

- 5.1) Fair value Hedge: Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recorded in the income statement, along with any change in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that is attributable to the hedged risk. The Company has not used fair value hedges during the years presented.
- 5.2) Cash Flow Hedge: Changes in the fair value of the effective portion of derivatives are recorded in equity account "Reserve for cash flow hedges". The cumulative loss or gain in this account is transferred to the income statement to the extent that the underlying item impacts the income statement because of the hedged risk, netting the effect in the same income statement account. Gains or losses from the ineffective portion of the hedge are recorded directly in the income statement. A hedge is considered highly effective when changes in the fair value or the cash flows of the underlying item directly attributable to the hedged risk are offset by changes in the fair value or the cash flows of the hedging instrument, with effectiveness ranging from 80% to 125%.
  - Hedge accounting is discontinued when the Company revokes the hedging relationship, the hedged item expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. Any cumulative gain or loss deferred in equity is retained and is recognized when the forecasted transaction is ultimately recognized in the income statement.
- 5.3) Hedge of a net investment in a foreign operation (hedge of a net investment): Hedges of net investments in foreign operations are accounted for to similarly to cash flow hedges. The exchange differences originated by a net investment in a foreign entity and those derived from the hedging operation must be recorded in a reserve of Equity, under the item Other reserves until the disposal of the investment occurs.

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### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

### 2.9 Financial instruments (continued)

### 5) Derivatives and hedge activities (continued)

Gains or losses relating to the ineffective portion are recognized immediately in the income statement in the line item "Other gains (losses)".

The Company has not used hedges of a net investment in foreign operation for the periods presented.

At the inception of the transaction, the Company documents the relationship existing between the hedge instruments and the hedged items, as well as its risk management objectives and its strategy for handling various hedge transactions. The Company also documents its assessment, both at inception and subsequently on an ongoing basis, of the effectiveness of the hedge instruments in offsetting movements in the fair values or cash flows of the hedged items. A derivative is presented as a non-current asset or liability if its maturity is greater than 12 months and it is not expected to be realized within 12 months. Other derivatives are presented as current assets or liabilities.

#### 6) Embedded derivatives

Derivatives embedded in other financial instruments or other contracts are treated as derivatives when their risks and characteristics are not closely related to the principal contracts and the principal contracts are not measured at fair value through profit and loss. In the case that they are not closely related, they are recorded separately, and any changes in value are recognized in the income statement. In the periods presented in these Consolidated Financial Statements, the Company did not identify any contracts that met the conditions for embedded derivatives.

#### 7) Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets are derecognized when, and only when:

- a) The contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or, the Company retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows but assumes a contractual obligation to pay those cash flows to one or more entities.
- b) The Company has substantially transferred the risks and benefits derived from its ownership or, if it has not substantially transferred or retained them, when it does not retain control of the assets.

Financial liabilities are derecognized when the company's obligations are fulfilled, canceled or have expired. The difference between the book value of the derecognized financial liability and the consideration paid and payable, including any asset transferred other than cash or liability assumed, is recognized in income.

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### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

### 2.9 Financial instruments (continued)

### 8) Compensation of financial assets and liabilities

The Company compensates financial assets and liabilities, presenting the net amount in its Consolidated Financial Statements, only when:

- a) There is a legal right to compensate both amounts; and
- b) There is an intention of settle the transaction on a net basis, or to collect the asset and pay the liability simultaneously.

These rights can only be legally enforceable during the normal course of the business, or in case insolvency, payment problems or bankruptcy, of any one or all the parties involved in the transaction.

### 2.10 Inventory

Inventory is valued at acquisition cost using the weighted average price or net realizable value if this is lower.

### 2.11 Paid-in capital

Paid-in capital is represented by one class of ordinary shares with one vote per share, Incremental costs directly attributable to new share issuances are presented in equity as a deduction, net of taxes, from issuance proceeds.

### 2.12 Income tax and deferred taxes

The result for income tax for the year is determined as the sum of the current tax arising from the application of the tax rate on taxable income, after allowed deductions, plus the change in assets and liabilities for deferred tax and tax credits, both for tax losses and other deductions.

Differences between the book value and tax base of assets and liabilities generate deferred tax asset and liability balances, which are calculated using tax rates expected to be in effect when assets are realized, and liabilities are settled.

Current taxes and changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities not from business combinations are recorded in income or in equity accounts in the statement of financial position, depending on where the gains or losses originating them were recorded.

Deferred tax assets and tax credits are recognized only when it is likely that there are future taxable profits sufficient enough against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credit can be utilized.

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Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)
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### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

### 2.12 Income tax and deferred taxes (continued)

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date consolidated financial statement and written off to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred income tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all temporary differences, except those derived from the initial recognition of goodwill and those that arose from valuing investments in subsidiaries, associates and jointly-controlled companies in which Transelec can control their reversal and where it is likely that they are not reversed in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

#### 2.13 Employee benefits

#### 2.13.1 Vacation

The Company recognizes the vacation expense of employees by using the accrual method. This benefit is for all staff and is equivalent to a fixed amount accordingly with individual contracts.

This benefit is recorded at nominal value.

### 2.13.2 Severance indemnity

The Company recognize liabilities for severance indemnities for their employees, based on the benefits that are contained in collective and individual contracts with staff. If this benefit is contractual, the obligation is treated in the same way as defined benefit plans in accordance with IAS 19 and is recorded using the projected credit unit method.

Defined benefit plans define the amount of the benefit that an employee will receive upon termination of employment, which usually depends on one or more factors such as the employee's age, rotation, years of service and compensation.

The liability recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation plus/minus adjustments for unrecorded actuarial gains or losses and past service costs. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated cash outflows using the BCU interest rates (Central Bank of Chile bond rate in Unidades de Fomento) denominated in the same currency in which the benefits will be paid, and which have terms that approximate the maturity terms of the severance indemnities obligation.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in other comprehensive income.

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### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

### 2.13 Employee benefits (continued)

### 2.13.3 Profit sharing

The Company recognizes a liability and an expense for profit sharing arrangements based on respective collective and individual contracts with its employees and executives, using a formula that considers the net income attributable to the Company's shareholders after certain adjustments. Transelec recognizes a provision when it has a contractual obligation or when a past practice has created a constructive obligation of agreement to IAS 19.

#### 2.14 Provisions

Provisions for environmental restoration, asset retirement, restructuring costs, onerous contracts, lawsuits and other contingencies are recognized when:

- The Company has a present obligation, whether legal or implicit, as a result of past events;
- It is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation.
- The amount can be reliably estimated.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditures required to settle the obligation. The discount rate used to determine the present value reflects current market assessments, as of the reporting date, of the time value of money, as well as the specific risk related to the particular liability, if appropriate, Increases in provisions due to the passage of time are recognized in interest expense.

As of the date of issuance of these Consolidated Financial Statements, Transelec have no obligation to establish provision for environmental restoration and similar expenses.

#### 2.15 Classification of current and non-current balances

In the statement of financial position, balances are classified based on maturity i.e., current balances mature in no more than twelve months and non-current balances in more than twelve months.

In the case that the Company have any obligations that mature in less than twelve months but can be refinanced over the long term at the Company's discretion, through unconditionally available credit agreements with long-term maturities, such obligations may be classified as non-current liabilities.

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Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)
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### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

#### 2.16 Revenue recognition

The legal framework that governs the electrical transmission activity in Chile is regulated by DFL No. 4/2006, which establishes the Consolidated, Coordinated and Systematized Text of the Decree with Force of Law No. 1, of Mining, of 1982, General Law of Electric Services (DFL(M) No. 1/1982) and its subsequent amendments thereto, including Law 19,940 (call also the "Short Law I"), enacted on March 13, 2004, Law 20,018 ("Short Law II"), enacted on 19 May 2005, Law 20,257 (Generation with Non-Conventional Renewable Sources of Energy) enacted on April 1, 2008 and Law 20,936 (Transmission Law) enacted on July 11, 2016.

These rules are complemented by the various regulations defined in the Law, among them: the General Law of Electric Services of 1997 (Supreme Decree No. 327/1997 of the Ministry of Mining), the Coordination and Operation of the Electric System regulation (Supreme Decree No. 125/2017 of the Ministry of Energy), the Transmission Systems and Transmission Planning regulation (Supreme Decree No. 37/2019 of the Ministry of Energy), and the Qualification, Valuation, Pricing and Remuneration of the Transmission regulation (Supreme Decree No. 10/2019 of the Ministry of Energy).

In detail, the Law 20,936 created an Independent Coordinator Body for the National Electric System to replace the previous Load Economical Dispatch Centers and establishes a new Electric Transmission System where the facilities of the Trunk system, Sub-transmission and Additional system, introduced by Short Law I, were replaced by the National Transmission System, Zonal, Dedicated Transmission System, Development Poles and International Interconnection.

The law establishes that the remuneration of the transmission works will correspond to the Annual Value of Transmission per Tranche (VATT in its Spanish acronym). Facilities of the Dedicated segment, or whose origin was by agreement between private parties, set the VATT through bilateral contracts, while for facilities of the National, Zonal and Dedicated segment used by regulated customers, the VATT is determined in a regulated manner in the law (to date there are no facilities in the Poles of Development and International Interconnection segment). In this way, the Company basically distinguishes between two types of contracts with customers, one of them of a regulated nature and the other of a contractual nature. The first one is subject to regulated rates, while the second one is related to contractual agreements with the users of the transmission facilities.

In this context, the regulated income of a work will depend on whether it is the result of a bidding process or a centralized valuation process. Thus, the revenue of the new works corresponds to the VATT awarded in the bidding process for the exploitation rights; the VATT of the expansion works of existing facilities is determined based on the value of the investment awarded in the bidding processes for the construction rights, while the VATT of the rest of the works is determined based on the efficient valuation of the facilities every four years.

The centralized valuation process determines, for all existing facilities subject to price review, the investment value (VI in its Spanish acronym) of the facilities associated with an efficient process of management, acquisition, construction, assembly and commissioning. From this VI, the Annuity of the Investment Value is determined considering a discount rate defined in the regulations whose value can vary with a minimum of 7% and a maximum of 10% after taxes. To the AVI is added the Operation, Maintenance and Administration Costs (COMA in its Spanish acronym) associated with the operation of an efficient company.

In this way, the total income generated by the use of the Company's facilities for both types of revenues, regulated and contractual, includes these two components: i) the annuity of the investment value (AVI in its Spanish acronym), plus ii) the operation, maintenance and administration costs (COMA in its Spanish acronym), Where these values are the results of bilateral contracts or regulated processes.

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### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

### 2.16 Revenue recognition (continued)

Finally, the revenue recognized by the company, and which it has the right to collect from its clients, corresponds to the VATT determined as the indexed values of the AVI and COMA that make up such VATT. The law establishes these charges as integral components in rendering of transmission services. Therefore, due to these services are substantially the same and they have the same pattern of transference to customers, in other words, both services are satisfied over time with a similar progress measurement, the Company has determined that there is a unique performance obligation, and it is satisfied over a period of time, therefore revenues are recognized on the same time base.

Revenues from both regulatory and contractual arrangements are recognized and billed monthly, using values stipulated in the contracts or those resulting from regulated tariffs.

The transmission service is generally billed during the months following the month in which the service was provided, and therefore the revenue recognized each month corresponds to the transmission service delivered, but not billed in such month.

#### 2.17 Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception date, whether fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets or whether or not the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

#### 2.17.1 The Company as lessor

The assets held under a finance lease are presented in other financial assets at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease, being the aggregate of: (i) minimum lease payments receivable and (ii) any unguaranteed residual value accruing to the Company discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. The income (interest) is recognized on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment in the lease; this income is presented in the statement of income in operating revenues. Lease payments relating to the period, excluding costs for any separate services, are applied against the gross investment in the lease to reduce both the principal and the unearned finance income.

Assets subject to operating leases are presented in the statement of financial position according to the nature of the asset. Lease income from operating leases is recognized in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term, unless another systematic basis is more representative to reflect time pattern in which use benefit derived from the leased asset is diminished.

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### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

### 2.17 Leases (continued)

#### 2.17.2 The Company as lessee

Finance leases in which acts as lessee are recognized when the agreement begins, recording an asset based on the nature of the lease and a liability for the same amount, equal to the lesser of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments.

Subsequently, the minimum lease payments are divided between finance expense and reducing the debt. The finance expense is recorded in the income statement and distributed over the period of the lease term so as to obtain a constant interest rate for each period over the balance of the debt pending amortization. The asset is amortized in the same terms as other similar depreciable assets, as long as there is reasonable certainty that the lessee will acquire ownership of the asset at the end of the lease. If no such certainty exists, the asset will be amortized over the lesser term between the useful life of the asset and the term of the lease.

### 2.17.3 Rights from use of lease

The company has lease agreements on several Property, Plant and Equipment items. Under IAS 17, the Company classified each of its assets on the date of origin as a finance lease or an operating lease. Leases were classified as finance leases if they substantially transferred to the company all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased asset; otherwise, they were classified as operating leases.

In adopting IFRS 16, the Company applied a single recognition and measurement approach to all leases (in which the Company acts as lessee), except for short-term leases and low-value assets. In addition, the standard provides specific transition requirements and practical solutions, which the Company has applied.

### 2.17.3.1 Leases previously classified as operating leases

The Company recognized assets for right of use and lease liabilities regarding leases previously classified as operating leases (in which the Company acts as lessee), except in the case of short-term leases and leases of low-value assets.

The right-of-use assets in the case of most leases were recognized based on book value as if the Standard had always been applied, except for the use of the passive rate on the date of initial application. In some leases, the right-of-use assets were recognized based on the amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted for the amount of any advance or accumulated (accrued) lease payment that has been previously recognized. Lease liabilities were recognized based on the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted through the use of the increasing passive rate at the date of initial application.

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### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

### 2.17 Leases (continued)

#### 2.17.3 Rights from use of lease (continued)

#### 2.17.3.1 Leases previously classified as operating leases (continued)

The practical solutions used by the Company in the application of IFRS 16 were:

- a) Single discount rate for a lease portfolio with reasonably similar characteristics.
- b) Evaluation of onerous leases before the date of initial application.
- Application of the exceptions for short-term leases (maturity less than 12 months) on the date of the initial application.
- d) Exclusion of the initial direct costs of measuring the right of use asset on the date of initial application.
- e) Retrospective evaluation to determine the term of the lease in those cases in which the contracts contain renewal options or termination of the lease.

### 2.17.3.2 Right of use assets

The Company recognizes right of use assets at the inception date of the lease (i.e., the date on which the underlying asset is available for use). The right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, and are adjusted for any new measurement of lease liabilities. The cost of the right of use assets includes the amount of the recognized lease liabilities, the initially incurred direct costs and the lease payments on or before the inception date minus any received lease incentives.

Recognized right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis for the shortest of their estimated useful life and the term of the lease and are subject to impairment review.

### 2.17.3.3 Lease liabilities

On the inception date of the lease, the Company recognizes the lease liabilities at the present value of the lease payments that must be made during the term of the lease. In calculating the present value of the lease payments, the Company uses the incremental indebtedness rate at the inception date of the lease if the interest rate implicit in the lease cannot be determined. After the inception date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accrued interest and is reduced as per the lease payments made. In addition, the book value of the lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a revision, a change in the term of the lease, a substantial change in the fixed lease payments or a change in the evaluation of the purchase of the underlying asset.

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### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

### 2.17 Leases (continued)

### 2.17.3 Rights from Use of Lease (continued)

#### 2.17.3.4 Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company applies the exception for recognition of short-term leases to its leases that have a term of 12 months or less from the inception date and that do not contain a renewal option. The lease recognition exception also applies for contracts that involve low value assets (less than US\$5,000). Short-term lease payments and leases of low-value assets are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Significant judgment in determining the lease term for contracts with renewal options. The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancelable term of the lease, along with any period covered by an option to extend the lease if there is reasonable assurance that it will be exercised, or any period covered by an option to terminate the lease, if there is reasonable assurance that it will not be exercised.

The Company includes the renewal period as part of the term of the lease in the case of leases of assets of significant importance for its operations. These leases have a short non-cancelable period (i.e., three to five years) and there would be a significant negative effect on production if a replacement is not available.

At the time of initial recognition, right of use assets and lease liabilities (net of deferred interest) were recognized.

### 2.18 Distribution of dividends

Dividends payable to the Company's shareholders are recognized as a liability in the Consolidated Financial Statements in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders.

Company makes a provision at the end of each year for the 30% of the profit of the year, in accordance with Law N° 18,046. See note 24.

On the Company's Board meeting No. 57 held on December 31, 2010, the policy used for the determination of distributable net profit was approved. This policy does not contemplate adjustments to the "Profit (Loss) attributable to Holders of Equity Participation instruments of the Controlling Company".

The distribution of dividends as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 is reported in Note 24.3.

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### 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (continued)

#### 2.19 Non-current asses classified as held for sale

On the Company classifies as non-current assets (or group of assets for disposal) held for sale, property, plant and equipment, intangibles and groups subject to divestment (group of assets to be sold together with their directly associated liabilities), for which, on the closing date of the Statement of Financial Position, active efforts have been made for their sale, and it is estimated that it is highly probable that the operation will be materialize during the period of twelve months following said date.

Assets or groups subject to divestment classified as held for sale are valued at the lower of their book value or their fair value less costs to sell and are no longer amortized from the moment, they acquire this classification.

Assets that are no longer classified as held for sale, or no longer form part of a group of alienable items, are valued at the lower of their book value prior to their classification, less any depreciation, amortization or revaluation that would have been recognized if they had not been classified as such, and the recoverable value on the date on which they will be reclassified to Non-current assets.

Non-current assets held for sale and the components of the groups subject to divestiture classified as held for sale or as held for distribution to owners are presented in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as follows: Assets in a single line called Non-current assets or groups of assets for disposal classified as held for sale and liabilities also on a single line called Liabilities included in groups of assets for disposal classified as held for sale.

In turn, a discontinued operation is a component of the Group that has been sold or otherwise disposed of, or that has been classified as held for sale, and represents a line of business or a geographical area, which it is significant and can be considered separate from the rest; it is part of an individual and coordinated plan to have a line of business or a geographic area of operation that is significant and can be considered separate from the rest; or is a subsidiary entity acquired solely for the purpose of resale.

The results after taxes of discontinued operations are presented in a single line of the income statement called Profit (loss) from discontinued operations, also including the gain or loss after taxes generated by the divestment operation once it is completed, has materialized.

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#### 3 - RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

#### 3.1 Financial risk

Transelec is exposed to the following risks as a result of the financial instruments it holds market risk stemming from interest rates, exchange rates and other prices that impact market values of financial instruments, credit risk and liquidity risk. The following paragraphs describe these risks and how they are managed.

#### 3.1.1 Market risk

Market risk is defined for these purposes as the risk of changes in the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument as a result of changes in market prices. Market risk includes the risk of changes in interest and exchange rates, inflation rates and variations in market prices due to factors other than interest or exchange rates such as commodity prices or credit spread differentials, among others.

Company policy regulates investments and indebtedness, in an attempt to limit the impact of changes in the value of currencies and interest rates on the Company's net results by:

- (a) Investing cash surpluses in instruments maturing within no more than 180 days.
- (b) Entering into forward derivative contracts and other instruments to maintain a balanced foreign exchange position.
- (c) Entering into fixed rate long-term debt indebtedness thus limiting risk from variable interest rates.

#### 3.1.1.1 Interest rate risk

Significant changes in fair values and future cash flows of financial instruments that can be directly attributable to interest rate risks include changes in the net proceeds from financial instruments whose cash flows are determined in reference to floating interest rates and changes in the value of financial instruments with fixed cash flows.

The Company's assets are primarily fixed and long-lived intangible assets. Consequently, financial liabilities that are used to finance such assets consist primarily of long-term liabilities at fixed rates. This debt is recorded in the balance sheet at amortized cost.

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### 3 - RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY (continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk (continued)

### 3.1.1 Market risk (continued)

#### 3.1.1.1 Interest rate risk (continued)

The objective of interest rate risk management is to achieve a balanced debt structure, decrease the impact on costs due to interest rate variations and, reduce volatility in the income statement.

A comparative table of the Company's debts is shown below, in which it can be seen that all of the Company's debt as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 was at a fixed rate until maturity. In addition, in the case of UF and Dollar indexed debt, variations in inflation and exchange rate could potentially impact the Company's financial expenses, which is mitigated by indexed income to inflation and exchange rate.

| Debt                      | Currency | Interest | Type of      | Amount in Original Currency (thousand) |            |  |  |
|---------------------------|----------|----------|--------------|--|------------|--|--|
|                           | or Index | rate     | rate         | 03-31-2025                             | 12-31-2024 |  |  |
| D Bond                    | UF       | 4.25%    | Fixed        | 13,500                                 | 13,500     |  |  |
| H Bond                    | UF       | 4.80%    | Fixed        | 3,000                                  | 3,000      |  |  |
| K Bond                    | UF       | 4.60%    | Fixed        | 1,600                                  | 1,600      |  |  |
| M Bond                    | UF       | 4.05%    | Fixed        | 3,400                                  | 3,400      |  |  |
| N Bond                    | UF       | 3.95%    | Fixed        | 3,000                                  | 3,000      |  |  |
| Q Bond                    | UF       | 3.95%    | Fixed        | 3,100                                  | 3,100      |  |  |
| V Bond                    | UF       | 3.30%    | Fixed        | 3,000                                  | 3,000      |  |  |
| X Bond                    | UF       | 3.20%    | Fixed        | 4,000                                  | 4,000      |  |  |
| Y Bond                    | UF       | 3.80%    | Fixed        | 1,500                                  | 1,500      |  |  |
| AB Bond                   | UF       | 3.90%    | Fixed        | 3,500                                  | 3,500      |  |  |
| Senior Notes              | US\$     | 4.250%   | Fixed        | -                                      | 375,000    |  |  |
| Senior Notes              | US\$     | 3.875%   | Fixed        | 350,000                                | 350,000    |  |  |
| Revolving Credit Facility | US\$     | SOFR     | Floating (*) | -                                      | -          |  |  |

<sup>(\*)</sup> The floating interest rate of the committed line of credit is broken down into SOFR rate plus a margin of 1.60%. At March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company has no amounts drawn under this facility.

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## 3 - RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY (continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk (continued)

#### 3.1.1 Market risk (continued)

#### 3.1.1.1 Interest rate risk (continued)

The objective of interest rate risk management is to achieve a balanced debt structure, decrease the impact on costs due to interest rate variations and, reduce volatility in the income statement.

A comparative table of the Company's debts is shown below, in which it can be seen that all of the Company's debt as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 was at a fixed rate until maturity. In addition, in the case of UF and Dollar indexed debt, variations in inflation and exchange rate could potentially impact the Company's financial expenses, which is mitigated by indexed income to inflation and exchange rate.

|         |                | Annual Effect on income (MCh\$) |                   |                   |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------|----------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Serie   | Position in UF | Inflation<br>(3%)               | Inflation<br>(4%) | Inflation<br>(2%) |  |  |  |  |  |
| D Bond  | (13,466,407)   | (15,930)                        | (21,639)          | (10,719)          |  |  |  |  |  |
| H Bond  | (3,000,444)    | (3,550)                         | (4,822)           | (2,389)           |  |  |  |  |  |
| K Bond  | (1,599,276)    | (1,892)                         | (2,570)           | (1,273)           |  |  |  |  |  |
| M Bond  | (1,481,034)    | (1,752)                         | (2,380)           | (1,179)           |  |  |  |  |  |
| M1 Bond | (1,873,695)    | (2,216)                         | (3,011)           | (1,491)           |  |  |  |  |  |
| N Bond  | (2,898,767)    | (3,429)                         | (4,658)           | (2,307)           |  |  |  |  |  |
| Q Bond  | (3,077,533)    | (3,641)                         | (4,946)           | (2,450)           |  |  |  |  |  |
| V Bond  | (2,944,430)    | (3,483)                         | (4,732)           | (2,344)           |  |  |  |  |  |
| X Bond  | (3,915,155)    | (4,631)                         | (6,291)           | (3,116)           |  |  |  |  |  |
| Y Bond  | (1,526,881)    | (1,807)                         | (2,455)           | (1,216)           |  |  |  |  |  |
| AB Bond | (3,911,825)    | (4,629)                         | (6,288)           | (3,115)           |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total   | (39,695,447)   | (46,960)                        | (63,792)          | (31,599)          |  |  |  |  |  |

## 3.1.1.2 Exchange rate risk

Transelec's exposure to the risk of exchange rate variations is due to the following:

- Transelec carries out several types of transactions in U.S. dollars (certain construction contracts, import purchases and other).
- Transelec maintains cash and cash equivalents in US dollars.
- Transelec maintains accounts receivable in dollars.
- Transelec maintains Cross Currency Swap contracts, which offset exchange rate risks of international emissions made in 2016, for notional amounts equivalent to US\$200 million, respectively (Long-term position).
- Maintains lease contracts that generate income indexed to US dollars.
- Accounts payable to related parties denominated in dollars

The exposure to exchange rate risk is managed through an approved policy that includes fully covering the net balance sheet exposure, which is carried out through various instruments such as positions in US dollars, forward contracts and cross currency swaps.

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### 3 - RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY (continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk (continued)

#### 3.1.1 Market risk (continued)

### 3.1.1.2 Exchange rate risk (continued)

The amounts of assets and liabilities denominated in dollars and Chilean pesos, in the periods indicated below, are as follows:

|   | Liabi      | lities     | Assets     |            |  |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|--|
| Concepts  | 03-31-2025 | 12-31-2024 | 03-31-2025 | 12-31-2024 |  |
|   | MCh\$      | MCh\$      | MCh\$      | MCh\$      |  |
| U.S. dollar (amounts associated with balance sheet items) | 508,028    | 736,655    | 548,225    | 737,273    |  |
| Balance sheet items in Chilean pesos                      | 3,235,266  | 3,199,885  | 3,195,069  | 3,199,267  |  |

The semi-annual indexation formulas incorporated in toll contracts and subtransmission tariffs, as well as those of monthly application for regulated trunk revenues, allow to reflect variations in the value of facilities and operational, maintenance and administration costs. In general, these indexation formulas take into account variations in international equipment prices, material prices and domestic labor.

### 3.1.1.2.1 Sensitivity analysis

The following chart shows the sensitivity analysis of various items to a 10% increase or decrease in exchange rates (US Dollar) and their effect on income or equity. This exchange rate sensitivity (10%) is used to internally report the Company's foreign exchange risk to key management personnel and represents management's valuation of the possible change in US Dollar exchange rate. The sensitivity analysis includes asset and liability balances in currencies other than the Company's functional currency. A positive number indicates an increase in income or other comprehensive income when the Chilean peso is weakened with respect to the foreign currency. A negative percentage implies a strengthening of the Chilean peso with respect to the foreign currency, which negatively impacts the income statement or in other comprehensive income.

|                              | Position                 | Net in<br>(gain)          | come<br>/loss             | Position                 |                           | OCI                       |  |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Item (Currency)              | Long<br>(Short)<br>MCh\$ | Change<br>(-10%)<br>MCh\$ | Change<br>(+10%)<br>MCh\$ | Long<br>(Short)<br>MCh\$ | Change<br>(-10%)<br>MCh\$ | Change<br>(+10%)<br>MCh\$ |  |
| Cash (US\$)                  | 478                      | (1)                       | 1                         | 1                        | 1                         | -                         |  |
| Accounts Receivable (US\$)   | 695                      | (1)                       | 1                         | 1                        | 1                         | -                         |  |
| Leasing (US\$)               | 347,315                  | (405)                     | 405                       | •                        | -                         | -                         |  |
| Forwards (liabilties) (US\$) | (32,595)                 | 38                        | (38)                      | 1                        | ı                         | -                         |  |
| Senior Notes (US\$)          | (336,476)                | 392                       | (392)                     | -                        | -                         | -                         |  |
| Swaps (US\$)                 | 190,614                  | (222)                     | 222                       | -                        | -                         | -                         |  |
| Intercompany Loans (US\$)    | (170,243)                | 198                       | (198)                     | -                        | -                         | -                         |  |
| Total                        | (212)                    | (1)                       | 1                         | •                        | -                         | -                         |  |

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## 3 - RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY (continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk (continued)

#### 3.1.2 Credit risk

With respect to credit risk related to accounts receivable from the electricity transmission activity, this risk is historically very low in the industry given the nature of business of the Company's customers and the short-term period of collection of receivables from clients leads to the situation in which they do not accumulate significant amounts.

However, revenues are highly concentrated in major customers as shown in the following table:

| Concept                          | 03-31-2025 | 03-31-2024  |
|----------------------------------|------------|-------------|
| Concept                          | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$      |
| Enel Group                       | 19,082,653 | 38,487,639  |
| CGE Group                        | 8,207,066  | 12,968,219  |
| Colbun Group                     | 6,772,468  | 9,987,992   |
| AES Group                        | 5,973,101  | 11,632,055  |
| Engie (E-CL) Group               | 5,086,880  | 9,324,905   |
| Quebrada Blanca TECK             | 3,275,762  | 8,318,904   |
| SAESA Group                      | 1,985,242  | 3,691,006   |
| Others                           | 17,031,805 | 36,749,825  |
| Total                            | 67,414,977 | 131,160,545 |
| Concentration % of top customers | 74.74%     | 71.98%      |

One-time charges. Tolls and tariff revenues that these companies must pay to use the transmission system will generate a significant portion of the future cash flows of Transelec and a substantial change in their assets, financial conditions and / or operational income could adversely affect the Company.

Regarding the credit risks associated with financial assets of the Company other than accounts receivable (time deposits, mutual funds, bonds, covenants, active position derivative), the policy of the Treasury establishes limits on exposure to a particular institution, and this limit depends on the risk classification and capital of each institution. Additionally, in the case of investments in mutual funds, only the ones having risk classification qualify.

#### 3.1.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk of the Company not satisfying a need for cash or debt payment upon maturity. Liquidity risk also includes the risk of not being able to liquidate assets in a timely manner at a reasonable price

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### 3 - RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY (continued)

- 3.1 Financial risk (continued)
- 3.1.3 Liquidity risk (continued)

### (a) Risk associated to Company's management

To guarantee that it is able to respond financially both the investment opportunities and to the timely payment of its obligations. Transelec has apart from its cash availabilities and short-term accounts receivable, a committed credit line of the revolving type (RC) for the use of working capital for an amount equivalent to US\$250 million. This line has been in force since July 2012 and the current conditions according to the last renewal are as follows:

(a) Amount committed : MMUS\$250(b) Cost for unused amount (Commitment Fee) : 0.30% annual

(c) The margin or spread per amount used : 1.60%

This committed credit line was contracted on July 9, 2012, initially granted for a period of 3 years by Scotiabank, Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi and DnB NOR. It was renegotiated and extended on October 15, 2014, with a new expiration date on October 15, 2017. Subsequently, a new extension was made with the group of banks Scotiabank, Banco Estado. The bank of Nova Scotia, Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi, DnB Bank and Export Development Canada due on August 3, 2020. In July 2020 the line was renewed until July 31, 2021, with the group of banks The Bank of Nova Scotia, Bank of China, Santander, Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi, BNP Paribas, JP Morgan Bank and China Construction Bank. In May 2021, the line was renewed until May 28, 2024, with The Bank of Nova Scotia, Bank of China, Santander, Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi, JP Morgan Bank and Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation. In January and February of 2023, Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation novated its stake to Barclays and Banco de Sabadell, respectively. In February 2024, the line was renewed until February 8, 2027 with the group of banks The Bank of Nova Scotia, Bank of China, Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi, Bank of America and BBVA.

The Company is exposed to risks associated with indebtedness, including refinancing risk when its debt matures. These risks are mitigated by using long-term debt and appropriately structuring maturities over time.

The following table presents the capital amortizations and estimated interest payments corresponding to the Company's financial liabilities (debt), according to their maturity date, as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

| Debt maturity (equity and | Less than 1<br>Year | 1 to 3 Years | 3 to 5 Years | 5 to 10<br>Years | More than<br>10 years | Total         |
|---------------------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| interest)                 | ThCh\$              | ThCh\$       | ThCh\$       | ThCh\$           | ThCh\$                | ThCh\$        |
| 03-31-2025                | 74,313,295          | 673,697,074  | 480,124,198  | 566,883,979      | 721,341,537           | 2,516,360,083 |
| 12-31-2024                | 455,761,292         | 666,921,817  | 502,111,082  | 565,958,611      | 717,567,773           | 2,908,320,575 |

The maturity of derivatives is presented Note 18.3.

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### 3 - RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY (continued)

- 3.1 Financial risk (continued)
- 3.1.3 Liquidity risk (continued)
- (b) Risk associated with transmission payments with regulated revenues

The law establishes that transmission facilities with regulated revenues have the right to receive the VATT associated with those facilities on an annual basis. This revenue materializes according to the collection instructions issued by the National Electrical Coordinator (CEN in its Spanish Acronym), which the transmission companies must bill their customers following the regulatory rules established for that purpose.

Transmission facilities are classified into two groups based on how their VATT is allocated to users. The facilities ascribed to the permanent payment regime are all those associated with the SIC and SING Systems and the facilities whose origin comes from the expansion plans developed as governed by Law 20,936 and whose entry into operation is after December 31, 2018. For these facilities, the revenue from VATT is invoiced for the concept of Tariff Income and Unique Transmission Charge.

In turn, existing facilities prior to the publication of Law 20,936 or that come from expansion plans prior to the aforementioned law, and whose entry into operation is prior to December 31, 2018, are governed by a transitory payment regime, defined in transitory article 25 of the same legal body. For these works, the VATT revenue is invoiced according to the payment rules that such law repealed, that is, Tariff Revenue and Toll, incorporating to the latter, the criteria for exempting payments to generating plants and final clients that are not identified by the National Energy Commission (CNE in its Spanish Acronym) as responsible for payment. These exempt toll amounts are billed to end users for Unique Exemption Charge concepts defined by the CNE.

Tariff revenues correspond to the valuation of energy and power transfers by transmission facilities. The tolls correspond to the complement of the tariff revenue such that they allow completing the VATT and the unique transmission charges are unit amounts of \$/kWh that final customers must pay based on their energy consumption.

This last component, the unique transmission charges, is defined every six months by the CNE using expected values. For these reasons, they are subject to deviation with respect to the real values of demand, macroeconomics and commissioning of facilities. That is why, regardless of the payment system of a facility, whether permanent or transitory, there is a difference between the recognition of revenues (VATT) and billing, generating surpluses or billing deficits during the semester of application of the unique charges, which are adjusted by the CNE in setting the unique charges for the following semester.

As a result of the foregoing, in the event that transmission charges are greatly deviated from the values that are actually verified, there could be a liquidity risk for the Company. However, the risks should not deepen beyond the typical deviation of a six-month estimate of charges.

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#### 4 - CRITICAL ESTIMATES, JUDGMENTS OR CRITERIA EMPLOYED BY MANAGEMENT

The estimates and criteria used by the Company are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are considered reasonable based on the circumstances.

The Company makes estimates and assumptions about the future. By definition, the resulting accounting estimates will rarely be equal to the real outcomes. Estimates and assumptions with a significant risk of causing an important risk to the Company during the upcoming year are detailed below:

- The estimates of recoverable values of assets and goodwill to determine potential existence of impairment losses;
- Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets;
- The assumptions used to calculate the fair value of financial instruments;
- The actuarial assumptions used to calculate obligations with employees;
- Future tax results for the purposes of determining the recoverability of deferred tax assets,
- Contingent assets and liabilities,
- Determination of existence and classification of financial or operating leases based on the transfer of risks and rewards of the leased assets (IFRS16), considerate the following:
  - Identification of whether a contract (or part of a contract) includes a lease.
  - · Estimate the lease term,
  - Determine if it is reasonably true that it is an extension or termination option will be exercised,
  - Determination of the appropriate rate to discount lease payments,

Although the estimates mentioned above were made according to the best information available at the date of issuance of these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, it is possible that future events oblige modify them (upside or downside) in further periods, those modifications to each estimate will be recorded prospectively and recognized on the respective Consolidated Financial Statements.

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#### 5 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, this account is detailed as follows:

| Cook and Cook Equivalents | 03-31-2025  | 12-31-2024  |
|---------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$      |
| Bank and cash             | 5,834,981   | 42,844,728  |
| Short term deposits       | 57,567,937  | 154,921,144 |
| Mutual funds              | 77,142,040  | 154,958,672 |
| Total                     | 140,544,958 | 352,724,544 |

Cash and cash equivalents included in the statement of financial position as March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 does not differ from those presented in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

The following table details the balance of cash and cash equivalents by type of currency:

| Detail                    | Currency      | 03-31-2025  | 12-31-2024  |  |
|---------------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| Detail                    | Currency      | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$      |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | U.S. dollars  | 80,471,004  | 203,237,707 |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | Euros         | 12,524      | 12,580      |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | Chilean pesos | 60,061,430  | 149,474,257 |  |
| Total                     |               | 140,544,958 | 352,724,544 |  |

Fair values are not significantly different from book values due to the short maturity of these instruments and there are no restrictions.

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#### 6 - TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

The detail as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 is as follows:

| Concept                           | 03-31-2025  | 12-31-2024  |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Concept                           | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$      |
| Invoiced trade debtors            | 35,445,189  | 30,662,932  |
| Provisioned trade debtors         | 106,786,417 | 110,300,512 |
| Other accounts receivable         | 355,423     | 367,851     |
| Total trade and other receivables | 142,587,029 | 141,331,295 |

The aging analysis for non-impaired debtors as March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 is as follows:

| Concept          | Invoiced trade debtors | Provisioned trade debtors | Other<br>accounts<br>receivable | 03-31-2025  |
|------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|
| Non past due     | 24,670,284             | 106,786,417               | 355,423                         | 131,812,124 |
| 1-30 days        | 8,074,465              | -                         | -                               | 8,074,465   |
| 31-60 days       | 711,049                | -                         | -                               | 711,049     |
| 61-90 days       | 825,884                | -                         | -                               | 825,884     |
| 91-180 days      | 739,222                | -                         | -                               | 739,222     |
| 181-365 days     | 169,955                | -                         | -                               | 169,955     |
| 365 days or more | 254,330                | -                         | -                               | 254,330     |
| Total            | 35,445,189             | 106,786,417               | 355,423                         | 142,587,029 |

| Concept          | Invoiced trade debtors | Provisioned trade debtors | Other<br>accounts<br>receivable | 12-31-2024  |
|------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|
| Non past due     | 24,650,456             | 110,300,512               | 367,851                         | 135,318,819 |
| 1-30 days        | 3,364,143              | -                         | -                               | 3,364,143   |
| 31-60 days       | 1,599,325              | -                         | -                               | 1,599,325   |
| 61-90 days       | 396,089                | -                         | -                               | 396,089     |
| 91-180 days      | 399,150                | -                         | -                               | 399,150     |
| 181-365 days     | 29,657                 | -                         | -                               | 29,657      |
| 365 days or more | 224,112                | -                         | -                               | 224,112     |
| Total            | 30,662,932             | 110,300,512               | 367,851                         | 141,331,295 |

Fair values do not differ significantly from book values due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

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### 7 - BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

## 7.1 Balances and transactions with related parties

The balance of accounts receivables and payables between the company and its unconsolidated related companies are as follows:

## Accounts receivable from related companies

|                  |  |                 |         |                  |       |            |            |                  |                      |                  | Cur        | rent       | Non-c       | urrent      |
|------------------|--|-----------------|---------|------------------|-------|------------|------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| Tax ID<br>Number | Company                                  | Relation        | Country | Description      | Curr. | Start Date | End date   | Interest payment | Principal<br>Payment | Interest<br>rate | 03-31-2025 | 12-31-2024 | 03-31-2025  | 12-31-2024  |
| Number           |  |                 |         |                  |       |            |            | paymont          | 1 dyment             | 1410             | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$      |
| 76.560.200-9     | Transelec Holdings Rentas<br>Ltda.       | Parent Company  | Chile   | Loan             | UF    | 09-21-2015 | 09-21-2025 | Semi-<br>annual  | At maturity          | 3.07%            | 8,810,605  | 8,771,685  | -           | -           |
| 76.560.200-9     | Transelec Holdings Rentas<br>Ltda.       | Parent Company  | Chile   | Loan             | UF    | 03-23-2023 | 03-23-2033 | Semi-<br>annual  | At maturity          | 3.20%            | -          | 2,058,873  | 254,893,164 | 251,764,385 |
| B87674974        | ETC Transmission Holdings<br>SL          | Indirect parent | Spain   | Current account  | US\$  | •          | -          | -                | -                    | -                | 136,420    | 142,631    | •           | =           |
| B87674974        | ETC Transmission Holdings<br>SL          | Indirect parent | Spain   | Current account  | EUR   | -          | -          | -                | -                    | -                | 940,292    | 844,734    | -           | -           |
| B87674974        | ETC Transmission Holdings<br>SL          | Indirect parent | Spain   | Current account  | Ch\$  | -          | -          | -                | -                    | -                | 16,554     | 16,554     | -           | -           |
| 76.524.463-3     | Transelec Concesiones S.A.               | Indirect        | Chile   | Monthly services | Ch\$  | Ī          | ı          | -                | -                    | -                | 348,104    | 348,917    | ı           | 1           |
| 76.920.929-8     | Transmisora del Pacifico SA              | Indirect        | Chile   | Monthly services | Ch\$  | Ī          | ı          | -                | -                    | -                | 158,976    | 161,400    | ı           | 1           |
| 76.248.725-K     | CyT Operaciones SpA                      | Indirect        | Chile   | Monthly services | Ch\$  | -          | -          | -                | -                    | -                | 785,718    | 374,200    | -           | -           |
| 20604938300      | Conelsur SV                              | Indirect        | Peru    | Monthly services | US\$  | -          | -          | -                | -                    | -                | 188,468    | 131,366    | -           | -           |
| 20511721912      | Compañia Transmisora<br>Norperuana S.A.C | Indirect        | Peru    | Monthly services | US\$  | -          | -          | -                | -                    | -                | 27,713     | 16,694     | -           | -           |
| 77.244.437-0     | Transmisora Parinas S.A.                 | Indirect        | Chile   | Monthly services | Ch\$  | -          | -          | -                | -                    | -                | 2,146,840  | 4,014,720  | -           | -           |
| Totales          | Totales                                  |                 |         |                  |       |            |            |                  |                      |                  | 13,559,690 | 16,881,774 | 254,893,164 | 251,764,385 |

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## 7 - BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

## 7.1 Balances and transactions with related parties (continued)

## Accounts payable to related companies

| - 15                |                                    |                |         |                 |       |             |            |   |          |      | Cur         | rent       | Non-cu           | urrent     |            |            |            |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|---------|-----------------|-------|-------------|------------|---|----------|------|-------------|------------|------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Tax ID<br>Number    | Company                            | Relation       | Country | Description     | Curr. | Start Date  | End date   |   | End date |      | ·   _ · · · |            | Interest<br>rate | 03-31-2025 | 12-31-2024 | 03-31-2025 | 12-31-2024 |
| Number              |                                    |                |         |                 |       |             |            |   | . aymon  | Tato | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$           | ThCh\$     |            |            |            |
| 76.560.200-9        | Transelec Holdings Rentas<br>Ltda. | Parent Company | Chile   | Current account | US\$  | ı           | ı          | - | 1        | -    | -           | 28,980,615 | -                | -          |            |            |            |
| 76.560.200-9        | Transelec Holdings Rentas<br>Ltda. | Parent Company | Chile   | Current account | Ch\$  | 1           | 1          | - | 1        | 1    | 171,552,600 | 4,069,015  | 1                | -          |            |            |            |
| Totales 171,552,600 |                                    |                |         |                 |       | 171,552,600 | 33,049,630 | - | -        |      |             |            |                  |            |            |            |            |

### Most significant transactions and their effect on income

|               |                                 |                |         |                           | 03-31-2025  |                  | 03-31-2024 |                  |
|---------------|---------------------------------|----------------|---------|---------------------------|-------------|------------------|------------|------------------|
| Tax ID Number | Company                         | Relation       | Country | Description               | Amount      | Effect on income | Amount     | Effect on income |
|               |                                 |                |         |                           | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$           | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$           |
| 76.560.200-9  | Transelec Holdings Rentas Ltda. | Parent company | Chile   | Interest earned           | 2,092,597   | 2,092,597        | 2,020,203  | 2,020,203        |
| 76.560.200-9  | Transelec Holdings Rentas Ltda. | Parent company | Chile   | Interest collected        | 4,259,003   | =                | 3,954,313  | -                |
| 76.560.200-9  | Transelec Holdings Rentas Ltda. | Parent company | Chile   | UF readjustment           | 3,275,232   | 3,275,232        | 2,088,854  | 2,088,854        |
| 76.560.200-9  | Transelec Holdings Rentas Ltda. | Parent company | Chile   | Current account granted   | 123,442,040 | =                | =          | -                |
| 76.560.200-9  | Transelec Holdings Rentas Ltda. | Parent company | Chile   | Current account collected | 123,442,040 | =                | 78,337     | -                |
| 76.560.200-9  | Transelec Holdings Rentas Ltda. | Parent company | Chile   | Current account received  | 179,626,200 | -                | -          | -                |
| 76.560.200-9  | Transelec Holdings Rentas Ltda. | Parent company | Chile   | Current account paid      | 41,123,230  | -                | =          | -                |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)

(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

# 7 - BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

# 7.1 Balances and transactions with related parties (continued)

Most significant transactions and their effect on income (continued)

|               |                                       |                 |         |                         | 03-31-2025 |                  | 03-31-2024 |                  |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|---------|-------------------------|------------|------------------|------------|------------------|
| Tax ID Number | Company                               | Relation        | Country | Description             | Amount     | Effect on income | Amount     | Effect on income |
|               |                                       |                 |         |                         | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$           | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$           |
| B87674974     | ETC Transmission Holdings SL          | Indirect parent | Spain   | Current account granted | 89,347     | =                | 179,014    | =                |
| 76.524.463-3  | Transelec Concesiones S.A.            | Indirect        | Chile   | Monthly services        | 647,635    | 647,635          | 735,465    | 735,465          |
| 76.524.463-3  | Transelec Concesiones S.A.            | Indirect        | Chile   | Amounts collected       | 648,448    | -                | 687,064    | -                |
| 76.920.929-8  | Transmisora del Pacífico S.A.         | Indirect        | Chile   | Monthly services        | 389,387    | 389,387          | 155,740    | -                |
| 76.920.929-8  | Transmisora del Pacífico S.A.         | Indirect        | Chile   | Amounts collected       | 391,811    | -                | 117,410    | -                |
| 76.248.725-K  | CYT Operaciones SpA                   | Indirect        | Chile   | Monthly services        | 614,683    | 614,683          | 587,147    | 587,147          |
| 76.248.725-K  | CYT Operaciones SpA                   | Indirect        | Chile   | Amounts collected       | 203,165    | -                | 501,044    | -                |
| 77.244.437-0  | Transmisora Parinas S.A.              | Indirect        | Chile   | Monthly services        | 2,257,309  | 2,257,309        | 913,305    | 913,305          |
| 77.244.437-0  | Transmisora Parinas S.A.              | Indirect        | Chile   | Amounts collected       | 4,125,190  | -                | -          | -                |
| 20604938300   | Conelsur SV                           | Indirect        | Peru    | Monthly services        | 187,233    | 187,233          | 196,589    | 196,589          |
| 20604938300   | Conelsur SV                           | Indirect        | Peru    | Amounts collected       | 130,131    | -                | 182,801    | -                |
| 20601047005   | Conelsur LT                           | Indirect        | Peru    | Monthly services        | -          | -                | 8,872      | 8,872            |
| 20601047005   | Conelsur LT                           | Indirect        | Peru    | Amounts collected       | -          | -                | 28,055     | -                |
| 20511721912   | Compañia Transmisora Norperuana S.A.C | Indirect        | Peru    | Monthly services        | 59,958     | 59,958           | 84,043     | 84,043           |
| 20511721912   | Compañia Transmisora Norperuana S.A.C | Indirecta       | Peru    | Amounts collected       | 48,939     | -                | 94,416     | -                |

These operations are in accordance with the provisions of Articles No. 44 and 49 of Law No. 18,046, on Corporations.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 7 - BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

#### 7.2 Board of Directors and management

In accordance with the Company's bylaws, the Board of Directors is composed of nine members appointed by the shareholders at the respective Shareholders' Meeting, who remain in office for two years, with the possibility of being reelected. For each Board Member there is an alternate Board Member

The current Board of Directors was elected at the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on April 30, 2024, which was made up as follows: Mr. Alfredo Ergas Segal as regular director and Mr. Diego Alonso González Leiva as his respective alternate director, Mr. Tao He as principal conductor and Mr. Cheng Tai as his respective deputy conductor, Mr. Richard Cacchione as principal conductor and Mr. Michael Rosenfeld as his respective deputy conductor; Mr. Jordan Anderson as principal director and Mr. Jon Perry as his respective alternate director; Mr. Mario Valcarce Durán as regular director and Mr. José Miguel Bambach Salvatore as his respective alternate director; Mr. Radomiro Blas Tomic Errázuriz as regular director and Mr. Patricio Reyes Infante as his respective alternate director; Mr. Juan Benabarre Benaiges as regular director and Mr. Jorge Agustín Echeverría Bambach as his respective alternate director; Ms. Ximena Clark Núñez as regular director and Mr. Claudio Campos Bierwirth as her respective substitute director and Ms. Andrea Butelmann Peisajoff as regular director and Mr. Juan Agustín Laso Bambach as her respective substitute director.

In the Board meeting held on May 15, 2024, Mr. Alfredo Ergas Segal was elected Chairman of the Board of Transelec.

On March 31, 2025, Mr. Cheng Tai submitted his resignation as alternate director of Transelec S.A.

The Board of Directors of Transelec S.A. It has a fixed monthly calendar that considers all the ordinary sessions to be held during the current year. This administrative body met systematically from January to March 2025 and had five extraordinary session in the first semester.

#### 7.2.1 Board of Directors' compensation

As established in Article No. 33 of Law No. 18,046 on Corporations, at the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of Transelec S.A., held on April 30, 2024, it was agreed to maintain the annual remuneration of directors in US\$90,000, gross value, regardless of the number of sessions actually attended or carried out. Per diems are paid quarterly.

The Directors, Mr. Alfredo Ergas, Mr. Richard Cacchione, Mr. Jordan Anderson and Mr. Tao He waived their respective allowances for the years 2025 and 2024.

At the year 2024 Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting, it was decided that alternate directors will not receive remuneration.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 7 - BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

### 7.2 Board of Directors and management (continued)

### 7.2.1 Board of Directors' compensation (continued)

The per diem received by the members of the Board of Directors for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

| Director                         | 03-31-2025 | 03-31-2024 |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Director                         | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$     |
| Alfredo Ergas Segal (President)* | -          | -          |
| Radomiro Blas Tomic Errázuriz    | 22,420     | 19,735     |
| Mario Alejandro Valcarce Durán   | 22,420     | 19,735     |
| Juan Ramon Benabarre Benaiges    | 22,420     | 19,735     |
| Andrea Butelmann Peisajoff       | 22,420     | 19,735     |
| Jordan Anderson*                 | -          | -          |
| Tao He*                          | -          | -          |
| Richard Cacchione*               | -          | -          |
| Ximena Clark Núñez               | 22,420     | 19,735     |

<sup>\*</sup> Mr. Alfredo Ergas (Chairman), Richard Cacchione, Jordan Anderson and Tao He resigned their respective allowances for the period 2025 and 2024.

#### 7.3 Board expenses

During 2025 a complimentary training session were conducted for the Board of Directors on compliance matters. The first session covered the Economic Crimes Law and the new Workplace Harassment Law.

#### 7.4 Audit committee

In April 2007, the Company approved creation of an Audit Committee, separate from that established in the Corporations Law. Its functions include, among others, reviewing the reports of the auditors as well as the Company's balance sheets, other Consolidated Financial Statements and internal systems.

Transelec's Audit Committee is composed of five Directors, all of whom are qualified in financial matters and apply their specialized knowledge to diverse topics of interest to the Company. Committee members are appointed by the Board of Directors, and they hold their positions for two years and may be reelected. The Committee appoints a chairman from among its members and a secretary, who may be one of its members or the Secretary of the Board. The Audit Committee held one sessions during the first quarter of 2025.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

# 7 - BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

### 7.4 Audit committee (continued)

Through a mandate from the Board, Mr. Director Mario Valcarce Durán, who is also its President, was elected as member of the Audit Committee, and the Directors, Mr. Juan Ramón Benabarre Benaiges, Mr. Alfredo Ergas Segal, Mr. Richard Cacchione and Mr.Tao He are also members of the Audit Committee.

As of the date of these Consolidated Financial Statements, the Audit Committee is maintained. At the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of Transelec S.A., held on April 30, 2024, it was agreed to keep as compensation of the members of the Committee, the gross amount of US\$10,000 per year regardless of the number of meetings that they actually attend or that are actually held.

The compensation received by members of the Audit Committee for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

| Director                                   | 03-31-2025 | 03-31-2024 |
|--|------------|------------|
| Director                                   | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$     |
| Mario Alejandro Valcarce Duran (President) | 9,965      | 8,771      |
| Juan Ramón Benabarre Benaiges              | 9,965      | 8,771      |
| Alfredo Ergas Segal                        | -          | -          |
| Richard Cacchione                          | -          | -          |
| Tao He                                     | -          | -          |

Vice-President of Innovation and Information Technology

### 7.5 Compensation of key management that are not Directors

### Members of key management

Alejandro Rehbein Oroz

Arturo Le Blanc Chief Executive Officer Eduardo Tagle Gana Vice-President of Legal and Territorial Affairs Claudia Carrasco Arancibia Vice-President of Regulatory and Revenue Manager Olivia Heuts Goen Vice-President of Business Development Francisco Castro Crichton Vice-President of Finance Bernardo Canales Fuenzalida Vice President of Engineering and Project Development Claudio Aravena Valleio Vice-President of Human Resources Jorge Vargas Romero Vice-President of Operations Vice-President of Corporate Affairs and Environment Paola Basaure Barros

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

## 7 - BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

### 7.5 Compensation of key management that are not Directors (continued)

The Company has established an incentive plan for its executives based on meeting certain individual goals that contribute to the Company's results, which are structured in a minimum and maximum of gross remuneration. The details of remuneration of key management personnel for three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, is as follows:

| Concept   | 03-31-2025 | 03-31-2024 |
|---|------------|------------|
| Concept   | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$     |
| Salaries  | 689,821    | 693,606    |
| Other short-term employee benefits                      | 268,159    | 258,274    |
| Other long-term employee benefits                       | 120,591    | 134,020    |
| Total compensation received by key management personnel | 1,078,571  | 1,085,900  |

#### 8 - NON-CURRENT ASSETS OR DISPOSAL GROUPS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

The non-current assets or disposal groups classified as held for sale as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are as follows:

| Concept | 03-31-2025 | 12-31-2024 |
|---------|------------|------------|
| Concept | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$     |
| Land    | 515,376    | 515,376    |
| Total   | 515,376    | 515,376    |

The balances are presented at the lowest of their book value and fair value less cost of sale. The fair value of the assets was determined based on valuations in active markets for a similar class of assets.

These assets were reclassified from Property, Plants and Equipment to non-current assets or disposal groups classified as held for sale.

The sale of these assets is considered highly probable and the Company's intention to sell is expected to materialize over the course of the next twelve months.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

#### 9 - OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, this account is detailed as follows:

|                                 | 03-31      | -2025       | 12-31-2024 |             |  |
|---------------------------------|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|--|
| Concept                         | Current    | Non-Current | Current    | Non-Current |  |
|                                 | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$      |  |
| Finance lease receivables       | 2,761,332  | 344,553,747 | 2,669,230  | 359,719,635 |  |
| Swap Contracts (see note 18)    | -          | 48,177,231  | 9,901,491  | 53,269,179  |  |
| Forward Contracts (see note 18) | 7,813,020  | -           | -          | -           |  |
| Other financial assets          | -          | 41,752      | -          | 41,752      |  |
| Total Other financial assets    | 10,574,352 | 392,772,730 | 12,570,721 | 413,030,566 |  |

#### 9.1 Finance lease receivables

Within current and non-current other assets receivable, the Company includes assets that have been constructed at the express request of the lessee. Therefore, substantially all risks and benefits have been transferred when the assets are commissioned. Nominal value (gross investment in the lease) and present value of the minimum lease payments to be received are presented in the following tables:

|                        |                  | 03-31-2025          |                  | 12-31-2024       |                        |                  |  |
|------------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------|--|
| Maturities             | Present<br>Value | Interest receivable | Gross investment | Present<br>Value | Interest<br>receivable | Gross investment |  |
|                        | ThCh\$           | ThCh\$              | ThCh\$           | ThCh\$           | ThCh\$                 | ThCh\$           |  |
| Up to 90 days          | 740,625          | 7,860,828           | 8,601,453        | 716,896          | 8,189,292              | 8,906,188        |  |
| From 90 days to 1 year | 2,020,707        | 21,582,752          | 23,603,459       | 1,952,334        | 22,522,912             | 24,475,246       |  |
| Total current          | 2,761,332        | 29,443,580          | 32,204,912       | 2,669,230        | 30,712,204             | 33,381,434       |  |
| From 1 to 2 years      | 3,474,777        | 29,208,684          | 32,683,461       | 3,390,956        | 30,488,098             | 33,879,054       |  |
| From 2 to 3 years      | 4,139,994        | 28,903,604          | 33,043,598       | 4,163,458        | 30,189,409             | 34,352,867       |  |
| From 3 to 4 years      | 4,751,935        | 28,584,364          | 33,336,299       | 4,689,064        | 29,860,209             | 34,549,273       |  |
| From 4 to 5 years      | 5,634,516        | 28,212,614          | 33,847,130       | 5,597,356        | 29,494,896             | 35,092,252       |  |
| More than 5 years      | 326,552,525      | 317,817,214         | 644,369,739      | 341,878,801      | 338,691,226            | 680,570,027      |  |
| Total non-current      | 344,553,747      | 432,726,480         | 777,280,227      | 359,719,635      | 458,723,838            | 818,443,473      |  |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

# 9 - OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS (continued)

### Movements of financial leases:

| Concept             | 03-31-2025   | 12-31-2024  |
|---------------------|--------------|-------------|
| Controlpt           | ThCh\$       | ThCh\$      |
|                     |              |             |
| Opening balance     | 362,388,865  | 319,261,416 |
| Additions           | 1,336,300    | 1,337,201   |
| Amortization        | (594,377)    | (1,656,943) |
| Exchange difference | (15,815,709) | 43,447,191  |
| Closing balance     | 347,315,079  | 362,388,865 |

### 10 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS OTHER THAN GOODWILL

The following tables detail the balances within this account as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

| Intensible assets not              | 03-31-2025  | 12-31-2024  |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Intangible assets, net             | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$      |
| Easements                          | 190,711,950 | 190,711,950 |
| Software                           | 7,898,095   | 7,123,090   |
| Total identified intangible assets | 198,610,045 | 197,835,040 |

| Cross intensible coasts | 03-31-2025  | 12-31-2024  |
|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Gross intangible assets | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$      |
| Easements               | 190,711,950 | 190,711,950 |
| Software                | 34,054,125  | 32,544,195  |
| Total intangible assets | 224,766,075 | 223,256,145 |

| Accumulated amortization and impairment | 03-31-2025   | 12-31-2024   |
|---|--------------|--------------|
|   | ThCh\$       | ThCh\$       |
| Software                                | (26,156,030) | (25,421,105) |
| Total accumulated amortization          | (26,156,030) | (25,421,105) |

The easements of Transelec S.A. represent intangible assets with an indefinite useful life.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

## 10- INTANGIBLE ASSETS OTHER THAN GOODWILL (continued)

The movements of intangible assets as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are as follow:

| Movements                        | Easements   | Software  | Net intangible assets |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------------------|
|                                  | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$    | ThCh\$                |
| Opening balance as of 01-01-2025 | 190,711,950 | 7,123,090 | 197,835,040           |
| Additions                        | -           | 1,509,931 | 1,509,931             |
| Amortization (see note 26.3)     | -           | (734,926) | (734,926)             |
| Closing balance as of 03-31-2025 | 190,711,950 | 7,898,095 | 198,610,045           |

| Movements                        | Easements   | Software    | Net intangible assets |  |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|--|
|                                  | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$                |  |
| Opening balance as of 01-01-2024 | 189,536,719 | 10,127,763  | 199,664,482           |  |
| Additions                        | 1,175,231   | 29,754      | 1,204,985             |  |
| Amortization (see note 26.3)     | -           | (3,034,427) | (3,034,427)           |  |
| Closing balance as of 12-31-2024 | 190,711,950 | 7,123,090   | 197,835,040           |  |

Based on estimates made by Management, projections of cash flows attributable to intangible assets allow the carrying value of these assets recorded as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 to be recovered.

The balance of items fully amortized and in use as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 is as follows:

| Intensible accets concept | 03-31-2025 | 12-31-2024 |
|---------------------------|------------|------------|
| Intangible assets concept | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$     |
| Total gross value         | 15,590,212 | 15,590,212 |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

#### 11 - GOODWILL

Goodwill represents the excess of the acquisition cost over the fair value of the group's identifiable net assets acquired.

The Company has defined its only operating segment of Electric Power Transmission as the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) for the purpose of performing the impairment tests and therefore the surplus value at the date of the impairment test is fully assigned to this CGU.

## 11.1 Measurement of the recoverable value of goodwill

The breakdown of this item as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 is as follows:

| Datail   | 03-31-2025  | 12-31-2024  |
|----------|-------------|-------------|
| Detail   | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$      |
| Goodwill | 347,756,660 | 347,756,660 |
| Total    | 347,756,660 | 347,756,660 |

#### 11.2 Movement of goodwill in the Consolidated Financial Statements

The goodwill movements as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are as follows:

| Concept                          | 03-31-2025  |  |
|----------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Concept                          |             |  |
| Opening balance as of 01-01-2025 | 347,756,660 |  |
| Closing balance as of 03-31-2025 | 347,756,660 |  |

| Concept                                     | 12-31-2024  |
|---|-------------|
| Concept                                     | ThCh\$      |
| Opening balance as of 01-01-2024            | 343,059,078 |
| Acquisition of Ana Maria S.A. (see note 35) | 4,697,582   |
| Closing balance as of 12-31-2024            | 347,756,660 |

#### 11. 3 Impairment test

Management considers that the value in use approach, determined by the discounted cash flow model, is the most reliable method for determining the recoverable values of the CGU (The variables used by the Company are found in Note 2.8 Impairment of non-financial assets).

The result of the impairment test which includes a sensitivity analysis of its main variables, showed that the calculated recoverable values exceed the book value of the net assets of the respective cash-generating unit, and therefore no impairment was detected.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

# 12 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

### 12.1 Detail of Accounts

The composition corresponds to the following detail:

| Property, plant and equipment, net       | 03-31-2025    | 12-31-2024    |
|--|---------------|---------------|
|  | ThCh\$        | ThCh\$        |
| Land                                     | 21,768,878    | 21,768,878    |
| Buildings and infrastructure             | 1,000,231,913 | 940,624,512   |
| Work in progress                         | 498,554,673   | 574,273,863   |
| Machinery and equipment                  | 667,165,445   | 602,429,168   |
| Other property, plant and equipment      | 6,206,992     | 6,398,879     |
| Total Property, plant and equipment, net | 2,193,927,901 | 2,145,495,300 |

| Property, plant and equipment, gross       | 03-31-2025    | 12-31-2024    |
|--|---------------|---------------|
|  | ThCh\$        | ThCh\$        |
| Land                                       | 21,768,878    | 21,768,878    |
| Buildings and infrastructure               | 1,451,552,185 | 1,384,866,171 |
| Work in progress                           | 498,554,673   | 574,273,863   |
| Machinery and equipment                    | 1,033,253,921 | 962,236,524   |
| Other property, plant and equipment        | 6,206,992     | 6,398,879     |
| Total property, plant and equipment, gross | 3,011,336,649 | 2,949,544,315 |

| Accumulated depreciation of property, plant and equipment       | 03-31-2025    | 12-31-2024    |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Accumulated depreciation of property, plant and equipment       | ThCh\$        | ThCh\$        |
| Buildings and infrastructure                                    | (451,320,272) | (444,241,659) |
| Machinery and equipment   | (366,088,476) | (359,807,356) |
| Total accumulated depreciation of property, plant and equipment | (817,408,748) | (804,049,015) |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)

(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

## 12 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

## 12.2 Reconciliation of changes in property, plant and equipment

The following table details the reconciliation of changes in property, plant and equipment as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

| Movement                             | Land       | Buildings and infrastructure | Machinery and equipment | Work in progress | Other property,<br>plant and<br>equipment | Property, plant<br>and equipment,<br>net |
|--------------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|---|--|
|                                      | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$                       | ThCh\$                  | ThCh\$           | ThCh\$                                    | ThCh\$                                   |
| Opening balance as of 01-01-2025     | 21,768,878 | 940,624,512                  | 602,429,168             | 574,273,863      | 6,398,879                                 | 2,145,495,300                            |
| Additions                            | -          | -                            | -                       | 68,180,415       | 2,724                                     | 68,183,139                               |
| Withdrawals                          | -          | (157,484)                    | (397,455)               | (1,238,230)      | -   | (1,793,169)                              |
| Transfers                            | -          | 67,446,390                   | 71,749,515              | (139,009,675)    | (186,230)                                 | -  |
| Depreciation expense (see note 26.3) | -          | (7,238,296)                  | (6,615,783)             | -                |   | (13,854,079)                             |
| Other decrements                     | -          | (443,209)                    | -                       | (3,651,700)      | (8,381)                                   | (4,103,290)                              |
| Closing balance as of 03-31-2025     | 21,768,878 | 1,000,231,913                | 667,165,445             | 498,554,673      | 6,206,992                                 | 2,193,927,901                            |

| Movement                             | Land       | Buildings and infrastructure | Machinery and equipment | Work in progress | Other property,<br>plant and<br>equipment | Property, plant and equipment, net |
|--------------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|---|------------------------------------|
|                                      | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$                       | ThCh\$                  | ThCh\$           | ThCh\$                                    | ThCh\$                             |
| Opening balance as of 01-01-2024     | 24 760 070 | 900 20E 224                  | F40 407 704             | 440 404 252      | 6 206 005                                 | 1,895,052,261                      |
| Opening balance as of 01-01-2024     | 21,768,878 | 899,205,334                  | 548,487,791             | 419,194,253      | 6,396,005                                 | 1,695,052,261                      |
| Additions                            | -          | 10,382,893                   | -                       | 300,336,932      | 484,389                                   | 311,204,214                        |
| Withdrawals                          | -          | (1,132,660)                  | (1,430,602)             | (1,554,079)      | -   | (4,117,341)                        |
| Transfers                            | -          | 60,143,557                   | 82,349,511              | (142,011,553)    | (481,515)                                 | -                                  |
| Depreciation expense (see note 26.3) | -          | (27,974,612)                 | (26,977,532)            | -                | -   | (54,952,144)                       |
| Other decrements                     | -          | -                            | -                       | (1,691,690)      | -   | (1,691,690)                        |
| Closing balance as of 12-31-2024     | 21,768,878 | 940,624,512                  | 602,429,168             | 574,273,863      | 6,398,879                                 | 2,145,495,300                      |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 12 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

### 12.3 Additional information on property, plant and equipment

As of December 31, 2024, additions consider assets acquired in the business combination of Ana Maria S.A. for ThCh\$15,079,512 (see note 35), corresponding to Works in progress for ThCh\$5,230,667 and Buildings and infrastructure for ThCh\$9,848,844.

Transelec has insurance policies to cover possible risks subject to various items of property, plant and equipment and possible claims that might be filed by exercising its activities, understanding that such policies cover sufficiently the risks to which they are taken,

The Company held as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 commitments to purchase items of property, plant and equipment arising from construction contracts under EPC (Engineering-Procurement-Construction) in the amount of ThCh\$115,952,184 and ThCh\$343,094,581 at the end of each period, respectively.

The following table details capitalized interest costs in property, plant and equipment:

| Concepts                            | 03-31-2025 | 12-31-2024 |
|-------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Capitalization rate (Annual basis)  | 3.90%      | 4.43%      |
| Capitalized interest costs (ThCh\$) | 1,607,547  | 12,609,229 |

Work in progress balances as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, amounts to ThCh\$498,554,673 and ThCh\$574,273,863, respectively.

The balances of fully depreciated items in use as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are as follows:

| Droporty, plant and aguinment concept | 03-31-2025  | 12-31-2024  |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Property, plant and equipment concept | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$      |
| Total gross value                     | 103,730,133 | 103,671,586 |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024
Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)
(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

#### 13 - ASSETS FOR RIGHT OF USE

The composition of assets for rights of use as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, corresponds to the following detail:

| Assets for right of use            | 03-31-2025 | 12-31-2024 |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Assets for right of use            | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$     |
| Right of use Land                  | 9,556      | 13,074     |
| Right of use Buildings             | 10,243,192 | 10,549,381 |
| Right to use Vehicles              | 1,402,946  | 1,567,107  |
| Total assets for right of use, net | 11,655,694 | 12,129,562 |

| Accests for right of upon group      | 03-31-2025 | 12-31-2024 |
|--------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Assets for right of use, gross       | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$     |
| Right of use Land                    | 101,788    | 101,788    |
| Right of use Buildings               | 17,265,605 | 17,265,606 |
| Right to use Vehicles                | 4,228,966  | 4,228,966  |
| Total Assets for right of use, gross | 21,596,359 | 21,596,360 |

| Assumulated depresention of assets for rights of use       | 03-31-2025  | 12-31-2024  |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Accumulated depreciation of assets for rights of use       | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$      |
| Right of use Land  | (92,232)    | (88,714)    |
| Right of use Buildings                                     | (7,022,413) | (6,716,225) |
| Right to use Vehicles                                      | (2,826,020) | (2,661,859) |
| Total Accumulated depreciation of assets for rights of use | (9,940,665) | (9,466,798) |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

# 13 - ASSETS FOR RIGHT OF USE (continued)

## 13.1 Movements in Assets for rights of use

The book values of assets for right-of-use and their movements as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are detailed below:

| Movement                         | Right of use<br>Land | Right of use<br>Buildings | Right of use<br>Vehicles | Assets for right of use |  |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|
|                                  | ThCh\$               | ThCh\$                    | ThCh\$                   | ThCh\$                  |  |
|                                  |                      |                           |                          |                         |  |
| Opening balance as of 01-01-2025 | 13,074               | 10,549,381                | 1,567,107                | 12,129,562              |  |
| Additions                        | -                    | -                         | -                        | -                       |  |
| Depreciation (see note 26.3)     | (3,518)              | (306,189)                 | (164,161)                | (473,868)               |  |
| Closing balance as of 03-31-2025 | 9,556                | 10,243,192                | 1,402,946                | 11,655,694              |  |
|                                  |                      |                           |                          |                         |  |
|                                  | Right of use         | Right of use              | Right of use             | Assets for right        |  |
| Movement                         | Land                 | Buildings                 | Vehicles                 | of use                  |  |
|                                  | ThCh\$               | ThCh\$                    | ThCh\$                   | ThCh\$                  |  |
|                                  |                      |                           |                          |                         |  |
| Opening balance as of 01-01-2024 | 27,148               | 867,471                   | 154,142                  | 1,048,761               |  |
| Additions                        | -                    | 10,906,943                | 2,022,339                | 12,929,282              |  |
| Depreciation                     | (14,074)             | (1,225,033)               | (609,374)                | (1,848,481)             |  |
| Closing balance as of 12-31-2024 | 13,074               | 10,549,381                | 1,567,107                | 12,129,562              |  |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

#### 14 - OTHER NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

#### 14.1 Other non-financial assets

The composition of the Other non-financial assets as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 is as follows:

|                                       | 03-31      | -2025       | 12-31-2024 |             |  |
|---------------------------------------|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|--|
| Concept                               | Current    | Non-Current | Current    | Non-Current |  |
|                                       | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$      |  |
| Funds for yielding easements and land | 2,049,829  | -           | 2,055,018  | -           |  |
| Advances to suppliers                 | 16,608,608 | -           | 26,557,460 | -           |  |
| Advance insurance                     | 2,413,060  | -           | 3,567,430  | -           |  |
| Tax credit (VAT)                      | 1,167,189  | -           | 476,004    | -           |  |
| Other non-financial assets            | 11,231,947 | 881,338     | 8,519,287  | 912,070     |  |
| Total other non-financial assets      | 33,470,633 | 881,338     | 41,175,199 | 912,070     |  |

#### 14.2 Other non-financial liabilities

The composition of the Other non-financial liabilities as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 is as follows:

|                                       | 03-31-2   | 2025        | 12-31-2024 |             |  |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|------------|-------------|--|
| Concept                               | Current   | Non-Current | Current    | Non-Current |  |
|                                       | ThCh\$    | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$      |  |
| VAT payable                           | 4,562,456 | -           | 302,546    | -           |  |
| Deferred income                       | ı         | 4,833,256   | -          | 4,932,649   |  |
| Other non-financial liabilities       | 1,977,100 | 214,632     | 700,884    | 214,632     |  |
| Total other non-financial liabilities | 6,539,556 | 5,047,888   | 1,003,430  | 5,147,281   |  |

### 15 - OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

The details of current and non-current financial liabilities as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are as follows:

|                                   | 03-31      | -2025         | 12-31-2024  |               |  |
|-----------------------------------|------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|--|
| Concept                           | Current    | Non-Current   | Current     | Non-Current   |  |
|                                   | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$        | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$        |  |
| Bonds payable                     | 17,420,681 | 1,874,836,037 | 399,408,913 | 1,870,866,474 |  |
| Swap contract (see note 18)       | 531,518    | -             | 1,298,188   | -             |  |
| Forward contract (see note 18)    | -          | -             | 246,432     | -             |  |
| Total Other financial liabilities | 17,952,199 | 1,874,836,037 | 400,953,533 | 1,870,866,474 |  |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)

(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 15 - OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (continued)

### 15.1 Bonds payable

The obligations with the public by series, currency, effective rate and expiration date as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are as follows:

| Taxpayer ID  |                | Creditor | Placement in Chile or | Instrument |                        | Curr.  | Effective interest | Nominal interest | Principal | Interest    | Final      | 03-31-2025 | 12-31-2024    |               |
|--------------|----------------|----------|-----------------------|------------|------------------------|--------|--------------------|------------------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|---------------|---------------|
| number       | Debtor name    | Country  | Creditor              | abroad     | registration<br>number | Series | Cuii.              | rate             | rate      | payment     | payment    | maturity   | ThCh\$        | ThCh\$        |
| 76.555.400-4 | Transelec S.A. | Chile    | Bondholders           | Chile      | 480                    | D      | UF                 | 4.37%            | 4.25%     | At maturity | Semiannual | 12-15-2027 | 530,340,880   | 518,317,683   |
| 76.555.400-4 | Transelec S.A. | Chile    | Bondholders           | Chile      | 599                    | Н      | UF                 | 4.79%            | 4.80%     | At maturity | Semiannual | 08-01-2031 | 117,586,142   | 117,525,881   |
| 76.555.400-4 | Transelec S.A. | Chile    | Bondholders           | Chile      | 599                    | K      | UF                 | 4.61%            | 4.60%     | At maturity | Semiannual | 09-01-2031 | 62,460,947    | 62,400,768    |
| 76.555.400-4 | Transelec S.A. | Chile    | Bondholders           | Chile      | 599                    | М      | UF                 | 4.26%            | 4.05%     | At maturity | Semiannual | 06-15-2032 | 58,340,032    | 57,020,821    |
| 76.555.400-4 | Transelec S.A. | Chile    | Bondholders           | Chile      | 599                    | M-1    | UF                 | 4.23%            | 4.05%     | At maturity | Semiannual | 06-15-2032 | 73,816,651    | 72,142,881    |
| 76.555.400-4 | Transelec S.A. | Chile    | Bondholders           | Chile      | 599                    | N      | UF                 | 4.29%            | 3.95%     | At maturity | Semiannual | 12-15-2038 | 114,292,480   | 111,662,141   |
| 76.555.400-4 | Transelec S.A. | Chile    | Bondholders           | Chile      | 744                    | Q      | UF                 | 4.02%            | 3.95%     | At maturity | Semiannual | 10-15-2042 | 122,058,457   | 119,390,506   |
| 76.555.400-4 | Transelec S.A. | Chile    | Bondholders           | Chile      | 1142                   | Х      | UF                 | 3.45%            | 3.20%     | At maturity | Semiannual | 03-01-2034 | 153,527,184   | 152,781,811   |
| 76.555.400-4 | Transelec S.A. | Chile    | Bondholders           | Chile      | 1142                   | V      | UF                 | 3.37%            | 3.30%     | At maturity | Semiannual | 03-01-2048 | 115,762,111   | 115,258,830   |
| 76.555.400-4 | Transelec S.A. | Chile    | Bondholders           | Chile      | 1182                   | Υ      | UF                 | 3.12%            | 3.80%     | At maturity | Semiannual | 08-01-2028 | 59,808,284    | 59,724,087    |
| 76.555.400-4 | Transelec S.A. | Chile    | Bondholders           | Chile      | 1183                   | AB     | UF                 | 3.10%            | 3.95%     | At maturity | Semiannual | 08-01-2045 | 150,633,039   | 150,455,644   |
| 76.555.400-4 | Transelec S.A. | Chile    | Bondholders           | Foreign    | 2nd issuance           | Sr N   | US\$               | 4.66%            | 4.25%     | At maturity | Semiannual | 14-01-2025 | -             | 381,285,295   |
| 76.555.400-4 | Transelec S.A. | Chile    | Bondholders           | Foreign    | 3rd issuance           | Sr N   | US\$               | 4.31%            | 3.88%     | At maturity | Semiannual | 12-01-2029 | 333,630,511   | 352,309,039   |
| Total        |                |          |                       |            |                        |        |                    |                  |           |             |            |            | 1,892,256,718 | 2,270,275,387 |

The fair value of current and non-current bonds payable, both secured and unsecured, amounts to ThCh\$1,935,393,850 and ThCh\$2,291,890,705 as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively (it does not include other current and non-current liabilities such as swap agreements which are presented in the Consolidated Financial Statements at fair value). The fair value of the bonds is estimated by discounting future cash flows using discount rates available for debt with similar terms of credit risk and similar maturities. This value is categorized as level 2 according to the hierarchy of fair value.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)

(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

# 15 - OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (continued)

## 15.1 Bonds payable (continued)

|                 |                |                        |                            | Maturities                 |                             |                       |                       |                          |                       |                            |                                 |  |  |
|-----------------|----------------|------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Debtor taxpayer |                | Instrument             |                            | Current                    |                             |                       | Nor                   | -current                 |                       |                            |                                 |  |  |
| ID number       | Debtor Name    | registration<br>number | Maturity less than 90 days | Maturity more than 90 days | Total Current<br>03-31-2025 | Maturity 1 to 2 years | Maturity 2 to 3 years | Maturity 3 to<br>4 years | Maturity 4 to 5 years | Maturity more than 5 years | Total Non-current<br>03-31-2025 |  |  |
|                 |                |                        | ThCh\$                     | ThCh\$                     | ThCh\$                      | ThCh\$                | ThCh\$                | ThCh\$                   | ThCh\$                | ThCh\$                     | ThCh\$                          |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 480                    | 6,430,884                  | -                          | 6,430,884                   | -                     | 523,909,996           | -                        | -                     | -                          | 523,909,996                     |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 599                    | -                          | 886,842                    | 886,842                     | -                     | -                     | -                        | -                     | 116,699,300                | 116,699,300                     |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 599                    | -                          | 230,741                    | 230,741                     | -                     | -                     | =                        | -                     | 62,230,206                 | 62,230,206                      |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 599                    | 681,244                    | -                          | 681,244                     | -                     | -                     | -                        | -                     | 57,658,788                 | 57,658,788                      |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 599                    | 862,909                    | -                          | 862,909                     | -                     | -                     | -                        | -                     | 72,953,742                 | 72,953,742                      |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 599                    | 1,329,169                  | -                          | 1,329,169                   | -                     | -                     | =                        | -                     | 112,963,311                | 112,963,311                     |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 744                    | 2,163,870                  | -                          | 2,163,870                   | -                     | -                     | =                        | -                     | 119,894,587                | 119,894,587                     |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 1142                   | -                          | 402,656                    | 402,656                     | -                     | -                     | -                        | -                     | 153,124,528                | 153,124,528                     |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 1142                   | -                          | 321,903                    | 321,903                     | -                     | -                     | -                        | -                     | 115,440,208                | 115,440,208                     |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 1182                   | -                          | 351,892                    | 351,892                     | -                     | -                     | 59,456,392               | -                     | -                          | 59,456,392                      |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 1183                   | -                          | 857,360                    | 857,360                     | -                     | -                     | -                        | -                     | 149,775,679                | 149,775,679                     |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 3rd issuance           | -                          | 2,901,211                  | 2,901,211                   | -                     | -                     | 330,729,300              | -                     | -                          | 330,729,300                     |  |  |
| Total           |                |                        | 11,468,076                 | 5,952,605                  | 17,420,681                  | -                     | 523,909,996           | 390,185,692              | -                     | 960,740,349                | 1,874,836,037                   |  |  |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)

(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

# 15 - OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (continued)

## 15.1 Bonds payable (continued)

|                 |                |                        |                            | Maturities Maturities Maturities |                             |                       |                          |                          |                       |                            |                                 |  |  |  |
|-----------------|----------------|------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Debtor taxpayer |                | Instrument             |                            |                                  |                             | Nor                   | n-current                |                          |                       |                            |                                 |  |  |  |
| ID number       | Debtor Name    | registration<br>number | Maturity less than 90 days | Maturity more than 90 days       | Total Current<br>12-31-2024 | Maturity 1 to 2 years | Maturity 2 to<br>3 years | Maturity 3 to<br>4 years | Maturity 4 to 5 years | Maturity more than 5 years | Total Non-current<br>12-31-2024 |  |  |  |
|                 |                |                        | ThCh\$                     | ThCh\$                           | ThCh\$                      | ThCh\$                | ThCh\$                   | ThCh\$                   | ThCh\$                | ThCh\$                     | ThCh\$                          |  |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 480                    | -                          | 958,784                          | 958,784                     | -                     | -                        | 517,358,899              | -                     | -                          | 517,358,899                     |  |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 599                    | 2,258,177                  | -                                | 2,258,177                   | -                     | -                        | -                        | -                     | 115,267,704                | 115,267,704                     |  |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 599                    | 934,467                    | -                                | 934,467                     | =                     | =                        | =                        | -                     | 61,466,301                 | 61,466,301                      |  |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 599                    | -                          | 101,567                          | 101,567                     | =                     | =                        | =                        | -                     | 56,919,254                 | 56,919,254                      |  |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 599                    | -                          | 128,652                          | 128,652                     | =                     | =                        | =                        | -                     | 72,014,229                 | 72,014,229                      |  |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 599                    | -                          | 198,167                          | 198,167                     | -                     | -                        | =                        | -                     | 111,463,974                | 111,463,974                     |  |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 744                    | -                          | 985,466                          | 985,466                     | -                     | -                        | =                        | -                     | 118,405,040                | 118,405,040                     |  |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 1142                   | 1,630,696                  | -                                | 1,630,696                   | -                     | -                        | -                        | -                     | 151,151,115                | 151,151,115                     |  |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 1142                   | 1,260,935                  | -                                | 1,260,935                   | =                     | =                        | =                        | -                     | 113,997,895                | 113,997,895                     |  |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 1182                   | 901,925                    | -                                | 901,925                     | -                     | -                        | 58,822,162               | -                     | -                          | 58,822,162                      |  |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 1183                   | 2,185,038                  | -                                | 2,185,038                   | =                     | =                        | =                        | -                     | 148,270,606                | 148,270,606                     |  |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 2nd issuance           | 381,285,295                | -                                | 381,285,295                 | =                     | =                        | =                        | -                     | -                          | -                               |  |  |  |
| 76.555.400-4    | Transelec S.A. | 3rd issuance           | 6,579,744                  | -                                | 6,579,744                   | =                     | -                        | =                        | 345,729,295           | -                          | 345,729,295                     |  |  |  |
| Total           |                |                        | 397,036,277                | 2,372,636                        | 399,408,913                 | -                     | -                        | 576,181,061              | 345,729,295           | 948,956,118                | 1,870,866,474                   |  |  |  |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)

(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

# 15 - OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (continued)

# 15.2 Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

The movement of other financial liabilities as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 is as follows:

|               |                                  | Changes representing cash flow Changes that do not represent cash flow |                       |                       |                                      | v               |                      |  |              |                             |                 |                                |
|---------------|----------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--|--------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| Movements     | Opening balance as of 01-01-2025 | New<br>liabilities   | Payments of principal | Payments of interests | Payments<br>of<br>withholding<br>tax | Borrowing costs | Interests<br>accrued | Amortization<br>of<br>Borrowing<br>Costs | Revaluation  | Changes<br>in Fair<br>Value | Other movements | Final balance as of 03-31-2025 |
|               |                                  |  |                       |                       |                                      |                 |                      |  |              |                             |                 |                                |
| Bonds p       | ayable                           |  | ,                     |                       | _                                    |                 |                      |  |              |                             |                 |                                |
| US\$ Bonds    | 733,594,334                      | -  | (378,450,000)         | (14,849,895)          | (604,885)                            | 1               | 4,025,446            | 215,760                                  | (10,300,250) | 1                           | 1               | 333,630,511                    |
| UF Bonds      | 1,536,681,053                    | =  | -                     | (12,206,006)          | -                                    | -               | 15,060,094           | 63,727                                   | 19,027,342   | =                           | (3)             | 1,558,626,207                  |
| Total         | 2,270,275,387                    | -  | (378,450,000)         | (27,055,901)          | (604,885)                            | -               | 19,085,540           | 279,487                                  | 8,727,092    |                             | (2)             | 1,892,256,718                  |
| Financial in  | struments                        |  |                       |                       |                                      |                 |                      |  |              |                             |                 |                                |
| Swap contract | 1,298,188                        | -  | -                     | (1,390,346)           | -                                    | -               | 623,676              | -  | -            | -                           | -               | 531,518                        |
| Forward       | 246,432                          | -  | -                     | -                     | -                                    | -               | -                    | -  | -            | (246,432)                   | -               | -                              |
| Total         | 1,544,620                        | -  | -                     | (1,390,346)           | -                                    | -               | 623,676              | -  | -            | (246,432)                   | -               | 531,518                        |
| Total         | 2,271,820,007                    | -  | (378,450,000)         | (28,446,247)          | (604,885)                            | -               | 19,709,216           | 279,487                                  | 8,727,092    | (246,432)                   | (2)             | 1,892,788,236                  |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)

(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 15 - OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (continued)

## 15.2 Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities (continued)

|               |                                  |                    | Changes r             | epresenting ca        | ash flow                             |                 |                      | Changes that of                          | do not represe | nt cash flov                | V               |                                |
|---------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--|----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| Movements     | Opening balance as of 01-01-2024 | New<br>liabilities | Payments of principal | Payments of interests | Payments<br>of<br>withholding<br>tax | Borrowing costs | Interests<br>accrued | Amortization<br>of<br>Borrowing<br>Costs | Revaluation    | Changes<br>in fair<br>value | Other movements | Final balance as of 12-31-2024 |
| Bonds p       | avablo                           |                    |                       |                       |                                      |                 |                      |  |                |                             |                 |                                |
| US\$ Bonds    | 643,848,769                      | -                  | -                     | (26,968,899)          | (1,152,983)                          | _               | 29,112,879           | 1,520,805                                | 87,233,761     | _                           | 2               | 733,594,334                    |
| UF Bonds      | 1,268,510,029                    | 189,027,400        | -                     | (52,138,392)          | -                                    | 15,444,799      | 55,051,685           | 859,414                                  | 59,926,853     | -                           | (735)           | 1,536,681,053                  |
| Total         | 1,912,358,798                    | 189,027,400        | -                     | (79,107,291)          | (1,152,983)                          | 15,444,799      | 84,164,564           | 2,380,219                                | 147,160,614    |                             | (733)           | 2,270,275,387                  |
| Financial in  | struments                        |                    |                       |                       |                                      |                 |                      |  |                |                             |                 |                                |
| Swap contract | 2,184,022                        | -                  | -                     | (4,650,554)           | -                                    | -               | 3,764,720            | -  | -              | -                           | -               | 1,298,188                      |
| Forward       | 340,586                          | -                  | -                     | -                     | -                                    | -               | -                    | -  | -              | (94,154)                    | -               | 246,432                        |
| Total         | 2,524,608                        | -                  | •                     | (4,650,554)           | -                                    | -               | 3,764,720            | -  | -              | (94,154)                    | -               | 1,544,620                      |
| Total         | 1,914,883,406                    | 189,027,400        | -                     | (83,757,845)          | (1,152,983)                          | 15,444,799      | 87,929,284           | 2,380,219                                | 147,160,614    | (94,154)                    | (733)           | 2,271,820,007                  |

#### 15.3 Other aspects

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, Transelec has a credit line of US\$250 million, which as of that date has no outstanding drafts.

Various debt contracts of the Company include the obligation to comply with certain financial ratios (see Note 24.5), customary in contracts of this nature. There are also affirmative and negative obligations that require monitoring of these commitments.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### **16 - LEASE LIABILITIES**

The details of this item as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, are as follows:

|                             | 03-31     | -2025           | 12-31-2024 |                 |  |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|--|
| Concept                     | Current   | Non-<br>Current | Current    | Non-<br>Current |  |
|                             | ThCh\$    |                 | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$          |  |
| Lease liabilities land      | 20,406    | 103,696         | 20,042     | 121,013         |  |
| Lease liabilities buildings | 1,127,224 | 10,020,093      | 1,102,399  | 10,179,599      |  |
| Lease liabilities vehicles  | 701,760   | 786,131         | 686,569    | 952,254         |  |
| Total Lease liabilities     | 1,849,390 | 10,909,920      | 1,809,010  | 11,252,866      |  |

#### 16.1 Movements in Lease Liabilities

The book values of lease liabilities and their movements as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are detailed below:

| Movement                         | Lease<br>obligations<br>Land | Lease<br>obligations<br>Buildings | Lease<br>obligations<br>Vehicles | Total lease obligations |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                  | ThCh\$                       | ThCh\$                            | ThCh\$                           | ThCh\$                  |
| Opening balance as of 01-01-2025 | 141,055                      | 11,281,998                        | 1,638,823                        | 13,061,876              |
| Lease obligations                | -                            | -                                 | -                                | -                       |
| Interest expenses                | 737                          | 111,388                           | 15,202                           | 127,327                 |
| Payments                         | (19,192)                     | (384,499)                         | (185,393)                        | (589,084)               |
| Other movements                  | 1,502                        | 138,430                           | 19,259                           | 159,191                 |
| Closing balance as of 03-31-2025 | 124,102                      | 11,147,317                        | 1,487,891                        | 12,759,310              |

| Movement                         | Lease<br>obligations<br>Land | Lease<br>obligations<br>Buildings | Lease<br>obligations<br>Vehicles | Total lease obligations |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                  | ThCh\$                       | ThCh\$                            | ThCh\$                           | ThCh\$                  |
|                                  |                              |                                   |                                  |                         |
| Opening balance as of 01-01-2024 | 153,839                      | 914,383                           | 161,118                          | 1,229,340               |
| Lease obligations                | -                            | 10,906,943                        | 2,022,339                        | 12,929,282              |
| Withdrawals                      | -                            | -                                 | -                                | -                       |
| Interest expenses                | 3,195                        | 459,136                           | 51,517                           | 513,848                 |
| Payments                         | (21,953)                     | (1,497,920)                       | (642,295)                        | (2,162,168)             |
| Other movements                  | 5,974                        | 499,456                           | 46,144                           | 551,574                 |
| Closing balance as of 12-31-2024 | 141,055                      | 11,281,998                        | 1,638,823                        | 13,061,876              |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)

(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

# 16 - LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

# 16.2 Details of future obligations for lease liabilities

|                   |                   | Maturities Maturities |                             |                           |                           |                           |                           |                   |                                 |  |  |
|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
|                   | Current           |                       |                             |                           | Non Current               |                           |                           |                   |                                 |  |  |
| Lease obligations | Less than 90 days | More than<br>90 days  | Total Current<br>03-31-2025 | More than 1 up to 2 years | More than 2 up to 3 years | More than 3 up to 4 years | More than 4 up to 5 years | More than 5 years | Total Non-current<br>03-31-2025 |  |  |
|                   | ThCh\$            | ThCh\$                | ThCh\$                      | ThCh\$                    | ThCh\$                    | ThCh\$                    | ThCh\$                    | ThCh\$            | ThCh\$                          |  |  |
| Land              | (709)             | 21,115                | 20,406                      | 17,132                    | 17,527                    | 6,218                     | 6,361                     | 56,458            | 103,696                         |  |  |
| Buildings         | 277,628           | 849,596               | 1,127,224                   | 1,178,416                 | 1,243,157                 | 1,199,507                 | 1,239,058                 | 5,159,955         | 10,020,093                      |  |  |
| Vehicles          | 172,939           | 528,821               | 701,760                     | 722,499                   | 63,632                    | -                         | -                         | -                 | 786,131                         |  |  |
| Total             | 449,858           | 1,399,532             | 1,849,390                   | 1,918,047                 | 1,324,316                 | 1,205,725                 | 1,245,419                 | 5,216,413         | 10,909,920                      |  |  |

|                   |                   | Maturities |                             |                           |                           |                           |                           |                   |                                 |  |  |
|-------------------|-------------------|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
|                   | Current           |   |                             |                           | Non Current               |                           |                           |                   |                                 |  |  |
| Lease obligations | Less than 90 days | More than<br>90 days  | Total Current<br>12-31-2024 | More than 1 up to 2 years | More than 2 up to 3 years | More than 3 up to 4 years | More than 4 up to 5 years | More than 5 years | Total Non-current<br>12-31-2024 |  |  |
|                   | ThCh\$            | ThCh\$  | ThCh\$                      | ThCh\$                    | ThCh\$                    | ThCh\$                    | ThCh\$                    | ThCh\$            | ThCh\$                          |  |  |
| Land              | 18,476            | 1,566   | 20,042                      | 16,825                    | 17,213                    | 17,610                    | 6,247                     | 63,118            | 121,013                         |  |  |
| Buildings         | 271,513           | 830,886   | 1,102,399                   | 1,147,014                 | 1,215,780                 | 1,197,844                 | 1,211,842                 | 5,407,119         | 10,179,599                      |  |  |
| Vehicles          | 169,196           | 517,373   | 686,569                     | 713,257                   | 238,997                   | -                         | -                         | -                 | 952,254                         |  |  |
| Total             | 459,185           | 1,349,825   | 1,809,010                   | 1,877,096                 | 1,471,990                 | 1,215,454                 | 1,218,089                 | 5,470,237         | 11,252,866                      |  |  |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

# 16 - LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

### 16.3 Details of lease liabilities

|   | 03-31     | -2025           | 12-31-2024 |                 |  |
|---|-----------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|--|
| Lease obligations                       | Current   | Non-<br>Current | Current    | Non-<br>Current |  |
|   | ThCh\$    | ThCh\$          | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$          |  |
| Lease obligations                       | 2,317,574 | 12,551,525      | 2,289,127  | 12,983,232      |  |
| Deferred interest for lease obligations | (468,184) | (1,641,605)     | (480,117)  | (1,730,366)     |  |
| Total Lease obligations                 | 1,849,390 | 10,909,920      | 1,809,010  | 11,252,866      |  |

## 16.4 Additional information on Lease obligations

The following is the detail of the incremental discount rates for contracts subject to the adoption of IFRS16 Leases:

| Currencies | 5 Ye  | ars   | irs 10 Y |       |
|------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| Currencies | Min   | Max   | Min      | Max   |
| Rate in UF | 3.80% | 4.33% | 2.30%    | 4.07% |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

#### 17 - TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, are detailed as follows:

| Trade and other payables | 03-31-2025  | 12-31-2024  |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Trade and other payables | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$      |
| Trade payable billed     | 6,421,396   | 17,628,698  |
| Trade payable unbilled   | 172,945,270 | 118,252,724 |
| Total                    | 179,366,666 | 135,881,422 |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the average payment period to suppliers is lower than 30 days, therefore the fair value of these liabilities does not differ significantly from their book value.

The expiration date of commercial lenders billed as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 is as follows:

|                            | Suppliers  | up to date | Suppliers overdue |            |  |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|-------------------|------------|--|
| Trade payable billed       | 03-31-2025 | 12-31-2024 | 03-31-2025        | 12-31-2024 |  |
|                            | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$            | ThCh\$     |  |
| Up to 30 days              | 954,599    | 8,522,724  | -                 | -          |  |
| 31 to 60 days              | -          | -          | 1,257,796         | 341,982    |  |
| 61 to 90 days              | ı          | 1          | 62,663            | 837,127    |  |
| 91 to 120 days             | -          | -          | 371,270           | 283,358    |  |
| 121 to 365 days            | -          | -          | 6,546             | 1,011,273  |  |
| More than 365 days         | -          | 1          | 3,768,522         | 6,632,234  |  |
| Total Trade payable billed | 954,599    | 8,522,724  | 5,466,797         | 9,105,974  |  |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

#### **18 - DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS**

In adhering to its risk management policy, Transelec enters primarily into exchange rate derivatives (see Note 3).

## 18.1 Description of derivatives

As of March 31, 2025, the Company maintains the following derivative instruments:

- a) Three Cross Currency Swaps for a total notional amount of ThUS\$200,000 (associated with the bonds issued on July 12, 2016) to cover exchange rate variations. These instruments have been designated as cash flow hedge accounting. The counterparties of these financial instruments are: Banco de Crédito e Inversiones, MUFG Bank, Ltd. As of March 31, 2025, the fair value recorded for these derivatives corresponds to a net asset of ThCh\$47,645,713.
- b) Eight USD-CLP currency sale forwards and four currency purchase forwards for a total notional amount of ThUS\$85,600 and ThUS\$70,000 respectively, in the short term with the following counterparties Banco de Chile, Banco de Crédito e Inversiones, Banco Itaú, JP Morgan, Banco Santander, and Banco Scotiabank. These instruments have not been designated as hedge accounting, so changes in their fair value are recorded in the net income of the year. As of March 31, 2025, the fair value recorded for these derivatives corresponds to a net current asset of ThCh\$7,813,020.

As of December 31, 2024, the Company maintains the following derivative instruments:

- c) Four Cross Currency Swaps for a total notional amount of ThUS\$223,500 (associated with the bonds issued on July 14, 2014 and July 12, 2016) to cover exchange rate variations. These instruments have been designated as cash flow hedge accounting. The counterparties of these financial instruments are: Banco de Crédito e Inversiones, MUFG Bank, Ltd., Goldman Sachs Bank and Santander Chile. As of December 31, 2024, the fair value recorded for these derivatives corresponds to a net asset of ThCh\$61.872.482.
  - During November and December 2024, the Company unwound two Cross Currency Swaps held with Banco Santander for a total notional amount of ThUS\$150,000, monetizing the market value of said instruments for a total net amount of ThUS\$33,900,229.
- d) One USD-CLP currency sale forwards for a total notional amount of ThUS\$3,000 in the short term with Banco de Chile. These instruments have not been designated as hedge accounting, so changes in their fair value are recorded in the net income of the year. As of December 31, 2024, the fair value recorded for these derivatives corresponds to a net current liability of ThCh\$246,432.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)

(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

# 18 - DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### 18.2 Derivatives assets and liabilities

|                      |           | 03-31-          | 2025        |                 | 12-31-2024 |                 |             |                 |
|----------------------|-----------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|
|                      | Assets    |                 | Liabilities |                 | As         | sets            | Liabilities |                 |
| Concept              | Current   | Non-<br>Current | Current     | Non-<br>Current | Current    | Non-<br>Current | Current     | Non-<br>Current |
|                      | ThCh\$    | ThCh\$          | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$          | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$          | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$          |
| Currency hedge swaps | -         | 48,177,231      | 531,518     | -               | 9,901,491  | 53,269,179      | 1,298,188   | -               |
| Forward (non-hedge)  | 7,813,020 | -               | -           | -               | -          | -               | 246,432     | -               |
| Total                | 7,813,020 | 48,177,231      | 531,518     | -               | 9,901,491  | 53,269,179      | 1,544,620   | -               |

#### 18.3 Other information

The detail of the derivatives contracted by the company as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, their fair value and breakdown by maturity are as follow:

|                               | Maturities Maturities Maturities |                      |                                       |                                 |                                 |                                 |                                 |                   |   |                             |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| Derivative Instruments        | Less than<br>90 days             | More than<br>90 days | Total current<br>as of 03-31-<br>2025 | More than<br>1 up to 2<br>years | More than<br>2 up to 3<br>years | More than<br>3 up to 4<br>years | More than<br>4 up to 5<br>years | More than 5 years | Total non-<br>current as of<br>03-31-2025 | Fair value as of 03-31-2025 |
|                               | ThCh\$                           | ThCh\$               | ThCh\$                                | ThCh\$                          | ThCh\$                          | ThCh\$                          | ThCh\$                          | ThCh\$            | ThCh\$                                    | ThCh\$                      |
| Currency hedge swap           | -                                | (2,420,477)          | (2,420,477)                           | (2,318,239)                     | (2,210,884)                     | 54,595,313                      | -                               | -                 | 50,066,190                                | 47,645,713                  |
| Forward contracts (non-hedge) | 256,510                          | 7,556,510            | 7,813,020                             | -                               | -                               | -                               | -                               | -                 | -   | 7,813,020                   |

|                               | Maturities Maturities |                      |                                       |                                 |                                 |                                 |                                 |                      |   |                             |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| Derivative Instruments        | Less than<br>90 days  | More than<br>90 days | Total current<br>as of 12-31-<br>2024 | More than<br>1 up to 2<br>years | More than<br>2 up to 3<br>years | More than<br>3 up to 4<br>years | More than<br>4 up to 5<br>years | More than<br>5 years | Total non-<br>current as of<br>12-31-2024 | Fair value as of 12-31-2024 |
|                               | ThCh\$                | ThCh\$               | ThCh\$                                | ThCh\$                          | ThCh\$                          | ThCh\$                          | ThCh\$                          | ThCh\$               | ThCh\$                                    | ThCh\$                      |
| Currency hedge swaps          | 8,516,547             | (1,209,054)          | 7,307,493                             | (2,331,632)                     | (2,218,088)                     | (2,119,860)                     | 61,234,569                      | -                    | 54,564,989                                | 61,872,482                  |
| Forward contracts (non-hedge) | (246,432)             | -                    | (246,432)                             | •                               | -                               | -                               | -                               | 1                    | ı   | (246,432)                   |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

# 18 - DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (continued)

### 18.3 Other information (continued)

The contractual notional amount of these contracts does not represent the risk assumed by Transelec as it is only in response to the basis with which derivative settlements are calculated. In the periods presented as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, Transelec had not recognized any gains or losses for ineffectiveness of cash flow hedges.

Derivatives are valued considering valuation techniques which include observable data, the most commonly used valuation techniques include swap valuation models using present value calculations. The models include several inputs including the credit risk of the counterparty, foreign exchange spot rates and interest rate curves (pesos and dollar).

#### 18.4 Fair value hierarchies

Financial instruments recognized at fair value in the statement of financial position are classified based on the following hierarchies:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) price in an active market for identical assets and liabilities
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for assets or liabilities, either directly (i.e. as a price) or indirectly (i.e., as a derivative of a price) and
- Level 3: Inputs for assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market information (non-observable inputs).

The following table details financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

|                                    | Fair value measured at the end of the reporting period |         |            |         |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------------|--|---------|------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| Financial instrumental measured at |  | using   |            |         |  |  |  |  |
| fair value                         | 03-31-2025   | Level 1 | Level 2    | Level 3 |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | ThCh\$   | ThCh\$  | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$  |  |  |  |  |
| Currency hedge swap                | 47,645,713   |         | 47,645,713 | -       |  |  |  |  |
| Forward Contract                   | 7,813,020  | -       | 7,813,020  | -       |  |  |  |  |
| Total net derivative               | 55,458,733   |         | 55,458,733 | _       |  |  |  |  |

| Financial instrumental measured at | Fair value measured at the end of the reporting period using |         |            |         |  |  |  |
|------------------------------------|--|---------|------------|---------|--|--|--|
| fair value                         | 12-31-2024   | Level 1 | Level 2    | Level 3 |  |  |  |
|                                    | ThCh\$   | ThCh\$  | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$  |  |  |  |
| Currency hedge swap                | 61,872,482   | -       | 61,872,482 | -       |  |  |  |
| Forward Contract                   | (246,432)  | -       | (246,432)  | -       |  |  |  |
| Total net derivative               | 61,626,050   | -       | 61,626,050 | -       |  |  |  |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)

(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 19 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The classification of financial assets in the categories described in Note 2.9 is detailed below:

|   |   | Financial Assets to Fair Value |  |            | Derivative Instruments |             |  |
|---|---|--------------------------------|--|------------|------------------------|-------------|--|
| Concepts                                      | Financial<br>Assets to<br>Amortized<br>Cost | Through profit or loss         | Through Other<br>Comprehensive<br>Income | Hedge      | No Hedge               | 03-31-2025  |  |
|   | ThCh\$                                      | ThCh\$                         | ThCh\$                                   | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$                 | ThCh\$      |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents                     | 63,402,918                                  | 77,142,040                     | -  | -          | -                      | 140,544,958 |  |
| Other financial assets, current               | 2,761,332                                   | -                              | -  | 7,813,020  | -                      | 10,574,352  |  |
| Trade and other receivables                   | 142,587,029                                 | ı                              | -  | -          | -                      | 142,587,029 |  |
| Receivables from related parties, current     | 13,559,690                                  | -                              | -  | -          | -                      | 13,559,690  |  |
| Other financial assets, non-current           | 344,553,747                                 | 41,752                         | -  | 48,177,231 | -                      | 392,772,730 |  |
| Receivables from related parties, non-current | 254,893,164                                 | •                              | -  | -          | -                      | 254,893,164 |  |
| Total   | 821,757,880                                 | 77,183,792                     | -  | 55,990,251 | -                      | 954,931,923 |  |

|   |   | Financial Asse         | ets to Fair Value                        | Derivative Ir | Total    |               |
|---|---|------------------------|--|---------------|----------|---------------|
| Concepts                                      | Financial<br>Assets to<br>Amortized<br>Cost | Through profit or loss | Through Other<br>Comprehensive<br>Income | Hedge         | No Hedge | 12-31-2024    |
|   | ThCh\$                                      | ThCh\$                 | ThCh\$                                   | ThCh\$        | ThCh\$   | ThCh\$        |
| Cash and cash equivalents                     | 197,765,872                                 | 154,958,672            | -  | -             | -        | 352,724,544   |
| Other financial assets, current               | 2,669,230                                   | -                      | -  | 9,901,491     | -        | 12,570,721    |
| Trade and other receivables                   | 141,331,295                                 | -                      | -  | -             | -        | 141,331,295   |
| Receivables from related parties, current     | 16,881,774                                  | •                      | -  | -             | -        | 16,881,774    |
| Other financial assets, non-current           | 359,719,635                                 | 41,752                 | -  | 53,269,179    | -        | 413,030,566   |
| Receivables from related parties, non-current | 251,764,385                                 | -                      | -  | -             | -        | 251,764,385   |
| Total   | 970,132,191                                 | 155,000,424            | -  | 63,170,670    | -        | 1,188,303,285 |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)

(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

# 19 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

The classification of financial liabilities in the categories described in Note 2.9 is detailed below:

|   |   | Financial Liabili      | ties to Fair Value                       | Derivative Instruments |          | Total         |
|---|---|------------------------|--|------------------------|----------|---------------|
| Concepts                                      | Financial liabilities to Amortized Cost | Through profit or loss | Through Other<br>Comprehensive<br>Income | Hedge                  | No Hedge | 03-31-2025    |
|   | ThCh\$                                  | ThCh\$                 | ThCh\$                                   | ThCh\$                 | ThCh\$   | ThCh\$        |
| Other financial liabilities, current          | 17,420,681                              | -                      | -  | 531,518                | -        | 17,952,199    |
| Lease liabilities, current                    | 1,849,390                               | -                      | -  | -                      | -        | 1,849,390     |
| Trade and other payables                      | 179,366,666                             | -                      | -  | -                      | 1        | 179,366,666   |
| Accounts payable to related entities, current | 171,552,600                             | -                      | -  | -                      | 1        | 171,552,600   |
| Other financial liabilities, non-current      | 1,874,836,037                           | -                      | -  | 1                      | 1        | 1,874,836,037 |
| Lease liabilities, non-current                | 10,909,920                              | -                      | -  | -                      | -        | 10,909,920    |
| Total   | 2,255,935,294                           | -                      | -  | 531,518                | -        | 2,256,466,812 |

|   |   | Financial Liabilities to Fair Value |  | Derivative Instruments |          | Total         |
|---|---|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------|----------|---------------|
| Concepts                                      | Financial liabilities to Amortized Cost | Through profit or loss              | Through Other<br>Comprehensive<br>Income | Hedge                  | No Hedge | 12-31-2024    |
|   | ThCh\$                                  | ThCh\$                              | ThCh\$                                   | ThCh\$                 | ThCh\$   | ThCh\$        |
| Other financial liabilities, current          | 399,408,913                             | -                                   | -  | 1,298,188              | 246,432  | 400,953,533   |
| Lease liabilities, current                    | 1,809,010                               | -                                   | -  | -                      | -        | 1,809,010     |
| Trade and other payables                      | 135,881,422                             | -                                   | -  | -                      | -        | 135,881,422   |
| Accounts payable to related entities, current | 33,049,630                              | -                                   | -  | -                      | -        | 33,049,630    |
| Other financial liabilities, non-current      | 1,870,866,474                           | -                                   | -  | -                      | -        | 1,870,866,474 |
| Lease liabilities, non-current                | 11,252,866                              | -                                   | -  | -                      | -        | 11,252,866    |
| Total   | 2,452,268,315                           | -                                   | -  | 1,298,188              | 246,432  | 2,453,812,935 |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024
Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)
(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 20 - PROVISIONS

The detail of the provisions as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 is as follows:

| Provisions         | 03-31-2025 | 12-31-2024 |
|--------------------|------------|------------|
|                    | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$     |
| Fines and lawsuits | 885,798    | 1,793,628  |
| Total              | 885,798    | 1,793,628  |

The detail of fines and lawsuits are presented in note 34.

The movements of the provisions as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 is as follows:

| Movement                                   | 03-31-2025 | 12-31-2024  |
|--|------------|-------------|
| Movement                                   | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$      |
|  |            |             |
| Opening balance                            | 1,793,628  | 3,445,604   |
| Increase (decrease) in existing provisions | (22,032)   | 214,812     |
| New provisions                             | -          | -           |
| Provisions used                            | (885,798)  | (1,866,788) |
| Closing balance                            | 885,798    | 1,793,628   |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

#### 21 - DEFERRED TAXES

#### 21.1 Detail of deferred tax liabilities

The origin of deferred taxes recorded as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 is detailed below:

|                             | Net deferred taxes |             |  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|--|
| Temporary Difference Assets | 03-31-2025         | 12-31-2024  |  |
|                             | ThCh\$             | ThCh\$      |  |
| Tax losses                  | 1,894,883          | 1,918,089   |  |
| Depreciable fixed assets    | (1,775,000)        | (1,394,185) |  |
| Other provisions            | 352,391            | -           |  |
| Total deferred tax assets   | 472,274            | 523,904     |  |

|                                       | Net defer     | red taxes     |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Temporary Difference Liabilities      | 03-31-2025    | 12-31-2024    |
|                                       | ThCh\$        | ThCh\$        |
| Depreciable fixed assets              | (283,978,407) | (280,009,457) |
| Leased assets                         | (83,045,149)  | (85,112,672)  |
| Materials and spare parts             | 584,834       | 589,388       |
| Tax losses                            | 673,657       | 797,513       |
| Staff severance indemnities provision | (65,181)      | (82,528)      |
| Deferred income                       | 1,304,979     | 1,331,815     |
| Obsolescence provision                | 2,503,259     | 2,503,259     |
| Work in progress                      | (22,761,959)  | (23,702,075)  |
| Vacation provisions                   | 896,209       | 951,497       |
| Intangible assets                     | 13,187,426    | 12,138,447    |
| Adjustment of effective interest rate | 1,134,771     | (2,378,844)   |
| Land                                  | 4,674,819     | 4,539,255     |
| Provision for tariff review           | 33,652,907    | 16,877,835    |
| Total deferred tax liabilities        | (331,237,835) | (351,556,567) |

| Presentation in the Statement of Financial Position: |               |               |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Deferred tax Assets                                  | 472,274       | 523,904       |
| Deferred tax Liabilities                             | (331,237,835) | (351,556,567) |
| Deferred taxes, net assets / (liabilities)           | (330,765,561) | (351,032,663) |

Accumulated tax losses balance classified as deferred tax assets as of March 31, 2025 correspond to Gea Transmisora SpA for ThCh\$510,678 and Ana María S.A. for ThUS\$6,507,407 (ThCh\$645,515 and ThCh\$6.458.515 respectively as of December 31, 2024). Accumulated tax losses balance classified as deferred tax liabilities as of March 31, 2025 correspond to Transmision del Melado SpA for ThCh\$2.495.028 (ThCh\$2,953,755 as of December 31, 2024). Recovery of deferred tax assets will depend on whether sufficient tax profits are obtained in the future. Based on its projections the Company believes that its future profits will allow these assets to be recovered.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)

(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

# 21 - DEFERRED TAXES (continued)

#### 21.2 Deferred tax movements

The movements of balances of "deferred taxes" in the statement of financial position for the periods as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are as follows:

|   |            |             | Net Assets/   | Impact of the period |           |                        |                 |
|---|------------|-------------|---------------|----------------------|-----------|------------------------|-----------------|
| Items   | Assets     | Liabilities | (Liabilities) | Income               | Equity    | Acquisitions (Note 35) | Total Variation |
|   | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$        | ThCh\$               | ThCh\$    | ThCh\$                 | ThCh\$          |
| Depreciable fixed assets                                      | -          | 285,753,407 | (285,753,407) | (5,743,950)          | -         | ı                      | (5,743,950)     |
| Leased assets   | -          | 83,045,149  | (83,045,149)  | 2,067,523            | 1         | ı                      | 2,067,523       |
| Materials and spare parts                                     | 584,834    | -           | 584,834       | (4,554)              | 1         | ı                      | (4,554)         |
| Tax losses  | 2,568,540  | -           | 2,568,540     | (147,062)            | 1         | ı                      | (147,062)       |
| Tax losses - Cash flow hedge reserve                          | -          | -           | -             | -                    | (982,076) | ı                      | (982,076)       |
| Tax losses- Actuarial profit (loss) reserve for benefit plans | -          | -           | -             | -                    | 20,320    | 1                      | 20,320          |
| Severance indemnities provision                               | -          | 65,181      | (65,181)      | 17,347               | -         | -                      | 17,347          |
| Deferred revenue  | 1,304,979  | -           | 1,304,979     | (26,836)             | -         | -                      | (26,836)        |
| Obsolescence provision  | 2,503,259  | -           | 2,503,259     | -                    | -         | -                      | -               |
| Work in progress  | -          | 22,761,959  | (22,761,959)  | 2,334,301            | -         | -                      | 2,334,301       |
| Vacation provisions   | 896,209    | -           | 896,209       | (55,289)             | -         | -                      | (55,289)        |
| Intangible assets   | 13,187,426 | -           | 13,187,426    | 1,048,978            | -         | -                      | 1,048,978       |
| Adjustment of effective interest rate of bonds                | 1,134,771  | -           | 1,134,771     | 3,513,615            | -         | -                      | 3,513,615       |
| Land  | 4,674,819  | -           | 4,674,819     | 135,564              | -         | -                      | 135,564         |
| Provision for tariff review                                   | 33,652,907 | -           | 33,652,907    | 16,775,072           | -         | -                      | 16,775,072      |
| Other provisions  | 352,391    | -           | 352,391       | 352,391              | -         | -                      | 352,391         |
| Foreign exchange  | -          | -           | -             | 26,474               | (26,474)  | -                      | -               |
| Total as of 03-31-2025  | 60,860,135 | 391,625,696 | (330,765,561) | 20,293,574           | (988,230) | -                      | 19,305,344      |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)

(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

# 21 - DEFERRED TAXES (continued)

# 21.2 Deferred tax movements (continued)

|   |            |             | Net Assets/   | Impact of the period |             |                        |                 |  |
|---|------------|-------------|---------------|----------------------|-------------|------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Items   | Assets     | Liabilities | (Liabilities) | Income               | Equity      | Acquisitions (Note 35) | Total Variation |  |
|   | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$        | ThCh\$               | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$                 | ThCh\$          |  |
| Depreciable fixed assets                                      | -          | 280,009,457 | (280,009,457) | (26,453,467)         | -           | -                      | (26,453,467)    |  |
| Depreciable fixed assets Ana Maria                            | -          | -           | -             | -                    | -           | 215,716                | 215,716         |  |
| Leased assets   | -          | 85,112,672  | (85,112,672)  | (19,583,628)         | -           | -                      | (19,583,628)    |  |
| Materials and spare parts                                     | 589,388    | -           | 589,388       | 32,054               | -           | -                      | 32,054          |  |
| Tax losses  | 2,715,602  | -           | 2,715,602     | 3,892,646            | -           | -                      | 3,892,646       |  |
| Tax losses - Cash flow hedge reserve                          | -          | -           | -             | -                    | (2,347,704) | -                      | (2,347,704)     |  |
| Tax losses- Actuarial profit (loss) reserve for benefit plans | -          | -           | -             | -                    | 80,014      | -                      | 80,014          |  |
| Severance indemnities provision                               | -          | 82,528      | (82,528)      | 35,663               | -           | -                      | 35,663          |  |
| Deferred revenue  | 1,331,815  | -           | 1,331,815     | 428,757              | -           | -                      | 428,757         |  |
| Obsolescence provision  | 2,503,259  | -           | 2,503,259     | 458,576              | -           | -                      | 458,576         |  |
| Work in progress  | -          | 25,096,260  | (25,096,260)  | 4,795,336            | -           | -                      | 4,795,336       |  |
| Vacation provisions   | 951,497    | -           | 951,497       | 118,726              | -           | -                      | 118,726         |  |
| Intangible assets   | 12,138,447 | -           | 12,138,447    | 2,992,150            | -           | -                      | 2,992,150       |  |
| Adjustment of effective interest rate of bonds                | -          | 2,378,844   | (2,378,844)   | (706,236)            | -           | -                      | (706,236)       |  |
| Land  | 4,539,255  | -           | 4,539,255     | 424,939              | -           | -                      | 424,939         |  |
| Provision for tariff review                                   | 16,877,835 | -           | 16,877,835    | 16,877,835           | -           | -                      | 16,877,835      |  |
| Tax Goodwill  | -          | -           | -             | (209,796)            | -           | -                      | (209,796)       |  |
| Total as of 12-31-2024  | 41,647,098 | 392,679,761 | (351,032,663) | (16,896,445)         | (2,267,690) | 215,716                | (18,948,419)    |  |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 22 - PROVISIONS FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

# 22.1 Detail of provisions

The breakdown of this item as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 is as follows:

|                       | 03-31     | -2025       | 12-31-2024 |             |  |
|-----------------------|-----------|-------------|------------|-------------|--|
| Detail                | Current   | Non-Current | Current    | Non-Current |  |
|                       | ThCh\$    | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$      |  |
| Severance indemnities | 1,216,513 | 3,061,786   | 805,121    | 3,293,871   |  |
| Accrued vacations     | 3,319,288 | 1           | 3,524,062  | -           |  |
| Annual benefits       | 5,041,281 | -           | 9,399,535  | -           |  |
| Total                 | 9,577,082 | 3,061,786   | 13,728,718 | 3,293,871   |  |

### 22.2 Provision movements

The movement of provisions as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 is as follows:

| Movements                        | Severance indemnities | Annual<br>benefits | Accrued vacations | Total       |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|
|                                  | ThCh\$                | ThCh\$             | ThCh\$            | ThCh\$      |
|                                  |                       |                    |                   |             |
| Opening balance as of 01-01-2025 | 4,098,992             | 9,399,535          | 3,524,062         | 17,022,589  |
| Provisions during the year       | 179,307               | 2,784,579          | 563,624           | 3,527,510   |
| Payments                         | ı                     | (7,142,833)        | (768,398)         | (7,911,231) |
| Balance as of 03-31-2025         | 4,278,299             | 5,041,281          | 3,319,288         | 12,638,868  |

| Movements                        | Severance indemnities | Annual benefits | Accrued vacations | Total        |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------|
|                                  | ThCh\$                | ThCh\$          | ThCh\$            | ThCh\$       |
|                                  |                       |                 |                   |              |
| Opening balance as of 01-01-2024 | 3,929,134             | 7,609,864       | 3,084,335         | 14,623,333   |
| Provisions during the year       | 682,968               | 9,293,107       | 2,438,924         | 12,414,999   |
| Payments                         | (513,110)             | (7,503,436)     | (1,999,197)       | (10,015,743) |
| Balance as of 12-31-2024         | 4,098,992             | 9,399,535       | 3,524,062         | 17,022,589   |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

# 22 - PROVISIONS FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

### 22.2 Provision movements (continued)

The maturity of these provisions is detailed in the table below:

|                             | 03-31-2025          |                                |                                       |                      |  |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Detail                      | Less than 1<br>year | More than 1 year up to 3 years | More than<br>3 years up<br>to 5 years | More than<br>5 years |  |
|                             | ThCh\$              | ThCh\$                         | ThCh\$                                | ThCh\$               |  |
| Staff severance indemnities | 1,216,513           | 568,540                        | 1,029,625                             | 1,463,621            |  |
| Accrued vacations           | 3,319,288           | -                              | -                                     | -                    |  |
| Annual benefits             | 5,041,281           | -                              | -                                     | -                    |  |
| Total                       | 9,577,082           | 568,540                        | 1,029,625                             | 1,463,621            |  |

|                             | 12-31-2024          |                                      |                                       |                      |  |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Detail                      | Less than 1<br>year | More than 1<br>year up to 3<br>years | More than<br>3 years up<br>to 5 years | More than<br>5 years |  |
|                             | ThCh\$              | ThCh\$                               | ThCh\$                                | ThCh\$               |  |
| Staff severance indemnities | 805,121             | 812,049                              | 1,063,284                             | 1,418,538            |  |
| Accrued vacations           | 3,524,062           | -                                    | -                                     | -                    |  |
| Annual benefits             | 9,399,535           | -                                    | -                                     | -                    |  |
| Total                       | 13,728,718          | 812,049                              | 1,063,284                             | 1,418,538            |  |

### 22.3 Provision for employee benefits

# Severance indemnities

The Company has constituted a provision to cover the obligation of severance indemnity to be paid to its employees, in accordance with the collective contracts signed with the latter. This provision represents the entire accrued provision (see note 23).

### Vacation accrual

This obligation corresponds to the expense for accrued and not used vacations by the Company's employees, whose benefit is specified in individual contract of each employee.

#### Annual benefits

This provision primarily includes allowances for employee participation in the Company's income, which are mostly paid within the first quarter of the next year.

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Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)
(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

#### 23 - OBLIGATIONS FOR SEVERANCE INDEMNITIES

### 23.1 Detail of account

| Employee handit abligations                                | 03-31-2025 | 12-31-2024 |
|--|------------|------------|
| Employee benefit obligations                               | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$     |
| Severance indemnities – current                            | 1,216,513  | 805,121    |
| Severance indemnities non – current                        | 3,061,786  | 3,293,871  |
| Total Employee benefit obligations current and non-current | 4,278,299  | 4,098,992  |

### 23.2 Movement of obligations for severance indemnities

The movement of the obligation in the period ended March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 is as follows:

| Movements  | 03-31-2025 | 12-31-2024 |
|--|------------|------------|
| Novements  | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$     |
|  |            |            |
| Present value of defined benefit plan obligations, opening balance | 4,098,992  | 3,929,134  |
| Current service  | 50,292     | 198,181    |
| Interest cost  | 53,752     | 188,440    |
| Actuarial Gain/Loss on Hypotheses                                  | 55,366     | 148,345    |
| Experience Actuarial Gain/Loss                                     | 19,897     | 148,001    |
| Settlements defined benefit plan obligation                        | -          | (513,109)  |
| Present value of defined benefit obligations, ending balance       | 4,278,299  | 4,098,992  |

# 23.3 Balance of obligations for severance indemnities

| Concepts   | 03-31-2025 | 12-31-2024 |
|--|------------|------------|
| Concepts   | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$     |
| Present value of defined benefit obligations, ending balance | 4,278,299  | 4,098,992  |
| Present obligation with defined benefit plan funds           | 4,278,299  | 4,098,992  |
| Balance of defined benefit obligations, ending balance       | 4,278,299  | 4,098,992  |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

# 23 - OBLIGATIONS FOR SEVERANCE INDEMNITIES (continued)

### 23.4 Expenses recognized in income statement

|   | 01-01-2025 | 01-01-2024 | 14 115 1 1 5 11 1   |
|---|------------|------------|---|
| Costo   | 31-03-2025 | 31-12-2024 | Línea del Estado de Resultados en que se<br>ha reconocido |
|   | M\$        | M\$        | na reconocido   |
| Servicio corriente plan de beneficios definidos | 50,292     | 198,181    | Costo de ventas y Gasto de Administración                 |
| Intereses plan de beneficios definidos          | 53,752     | 188,440    | Costo de ventas y Gasto de Administración                 |
| Total gasto reconocidos en resultados           | 104,044    | 386,621    |   |

# 23.5 Actuarial hypothesis

The following are the parameters used as assumptions in determining the actuarial calculations:

| Detail                  | Actuarial hypothesis |             |  |
|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------|--|
| Detail                  | 03-31-2025           | 12-31-2024  |  |
| Discount rate used      | 2.65%                | 2.18%       |  |
| Inflation rate          | 3.00%                | 3.00%       |  |
| Future salary increases | 1.54%                | 1.23%       |  |
| Mortality table         | RV-2020              | RV-2020     |  |
| Disability table        | 30% RV-2020          | 30% RV-2020 |  |
| Rotation table          | 3.62%/0.49%          | 3.44%/0.34% |  |

Assumptions regarding the mortality rate are set on the basis of actuarial data in accordance with published statistics and accumulated experience.

#### 23.6 Sensitivity analysis

The table below shows the sensitivity analysis of the significant hypotheses as of March 31, 2025:

|  | Discount rate used |                | Inflation rate |                | Future salary increases |                |
|--|--------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Level of Sensitivity   | Increase<br>1%     | Decrease<br>1% | Increase<br>1% | Decrease<br>1% | Increase<br>1%          | Decrease<br>1% |
|  | ThCh\$             | ThCh\$         | ThCh\$         | ThCh\$         | ThCh\$                  | ThCh\$         |
| Impact on current and non-<br>current employee benefit<br>obligation | (188,708)          | 206,807        | -              | -              | 206,580                 | (185,041)      |

To evaluate impact, the sensitivity analysis has been determined based on the extrapolation method obtaining reasonable results in terms of the changes in the significant hypotheses used as of March 31, 2025.

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Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)
(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 23 - OBLIGATIONS FOR SEVERANCE INDEMNITIES (continued)

### 23.6 Sensitivity analysis (continued)

The payments of expected employee benefit obligation are presented below:

| Concepts                     | 03-31-2025 | 12-31-2024 |
|------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Concepts                     | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$     |
| During the upcoming 12 month | 1,216,513  | 805,121    |
| Between 2 to 5 years         | 1,598,165  | 1,875,333  |
| Between 5 to 10 years        | 664,203    | 624,839    |
| More than 10 years           | 799,418    | 793,699    |
| Total Expected Payments      | 4,278,299  | 4,098,992  |

#### **24 - EQUITY**

# 24.1 Subscribed and paid-in capital

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 authorized, subscribed and paid-in capital amounts to ThCh\$776,355,048.

#### 24.2 Number of shares subscribed and paid

| Shares                               | Number of shares subscribed | Number of shares paid |           |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Unique series, without nominal value | 1,000,000                   | 1,000,000             | 1,000,000 |

No shares have been issued or redeemed in the periods covered by these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

# 24.3 Dividends

As of January 17, 2025, the Board of Directors has unanimously agreed not to distribute as a dividend the 30% of the net profits for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2024. This decision is made in compliance with the provisions of Article 79 of Law 18.046.

As of December 31, 2024, the Company made a final dividend payment to Transelec Holdings Rentas Ltda. for the results of the 2023 period, which was recognized in December of that year, amounting to M\$54,720,181. This dividend payment made in June 2024 does not represent a change in equity during this period.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

# 24 - EQUITY (continued)

### 24.4 Other reserves

The detail of other reserves as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 is as follows:

| Concept                                     | 03-31-2025   | 12-31-2024   |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Concept                                     | ThCh\$       | ThCh\$       |
| Reserve for currency translation adjustment | (474,314)    | 1,686,411    |
| Gains (losses) from cash flow hedges        | (11,286,769) | (14,924,085) |
| Gain (loss) on other reserves               | (459,083)    | (383,820)    |
| Income tax related to cash flow hedges      | 3,047,427    | 4,029,503    |
| Income tax related to other reserves        | 123,952      | 103,632      |
| Other Comprehensive Income                  | (9,048,787)  | (9,488,359)  |

The movements of other reserves as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, are presented below:

| Movements   | Reserve for currency translation adjustment | Cash flow<br>hedges<br>reserve                                | Other<br>Reserves                    | Total   |
|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|---|
|   | ThCh\$                                      | ThCh\$  | ThCh\$                               | ThCh\$  |
| Opening balance as of 01-01-2025  | 1,686,411                                   | (10,894,582)  | (280,188)                            | (9,488,359)                                       |
| Reserve for currency translation adjustment   | (2,160,725)                                 | -   | -                                    | (2,160,725)                                       |
| Cash flow hedge   | -   | 3,637,316   | 1                                    | 3,637,316   |
| Actuarial losses  | -   | -   | (75,263)                             | (75,263)  |
| Deferred tax  | -   | (982,076)   | 20,320                               | (961,756)   |
| Other comprehensive income/(loss)   | (2,160,725)                                 | 2,655,240   | (54,943)                             | 439,572   |
| Closing balance as of 03-31-2025  | (474,314)                                   | (8,239,342)   | (335,131)                            | (9,048,787)                                       |
|   |   |   |                                      |   |
|   |   |   |                                      |   |
| Movements   | Reserve for currency translation adjustment | Cash flow<br>hedges<br>reserve                                | Other<br>Reserves                    | Total   |
| Movements   | translation                                 | hedges  |                                      | Total   |
| Movements  Opening balance as of 01-01-2024   | translation adjustment                      | hedges<br>reserve   | Reserves                             |   |
|   | translation adjustment                      | hedges<br>reserve<br>ThCh\$                                   | Reserves ThCh\$                      | ThCh\$  |
| Opening balance as of 01-01-2024 Reserve for currency translation   | translation<br>adjustment<br>ThCh\$         | hedges<br>reserve<br>ThCh\$                                   | Reserves ThCh\$                      | ThCh\$ (17,305,936)                               |
| Opening balance as of 01-01-2024 Reserve for currency translation adjustment                                  | translation<br>adjustment<br>ThCh\$         | hedges<br>reserve<br>ThCh\$<br>(17,242,080)                   | Reserves ThCh\$                      | ThCh\$ (17,305,936) 1,686,411                     |
| Opening balance as of 01-01-2024 Reserve for currency translation adjustment Cash flow hedge                  | translation<br>adjustment<br>ThCh\$         | hedges<br>reserve<br>ThCh\$<br>(17,242,080)                   | Reserves ThCh\$ (63,856)             | ThCh\$ (17,305,936) 1,686,411 8,695,202           |
| Opening balance as of 01-01-2024 Reserve for currency translation adjustment Cash flow hedge Actuarial losses | translation<br>adjustment<br>ThCh\$         | hedges<br>reserve<br>ThCh\$<br>(17,242,080)<br>-<br>8,695,202 | Reserves ThCh\$ (63,856) - (296,346) | ThCh\$ (17,305,936) 1,686,411 8,695,202 (296,346) |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

#### 24 - EQUITY (continued)

### 24.5 Capital management

Capital management refers to the Company's administration of its equity.

The capital management policy of Transelec S.A. and subsidiary is aimed at maintaining adequate capitalization levels to sustain operations and provide sensible leverage, thus optimizing shareholder returns and maintaining a solid financial position.

Capital requirements are determined based on the Company's financing needs, taking care to maintain an adequate level of liquidity and complying with financial covenants established in current debt contracts. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments based on prevailing economic conditions in order to mitigate risks from adverse market conditions and take advantage of any opportunities that may arise to improve its liquidity position.

The main financial covenants established in current debt contracts related to capital requirements are:

- Maintain individual and indebtedness levels (Total debt / Total capitalization ratio) no greater than 0.7 times based on the definitions of these terms in the respective contracts of local bond series D, H, K, M, N and Q.
- 2) Maintain a minimum equity of fifteen million UF equivalent to ThCh\$583,411,650 as of March 31, 2025 as that term is defined in the respective contracts of local bond series D, H, K, M and N.
- Maintain all the time during the validity period of the bond issuance a minimum Equity of ThCh\$350,000,000; as this term is defined in the respective contracts of local bond Series Q, V, X, Y and AB.
- 4) Maintain a debt leverage at which the Net Debt / Ebitda ratio does not exceed 7 times, as these terms are defined in the respective contracts of local bond Series V, X, Y and AB local bond contract.

The test of distribution of restricted payments (net cash flow of the operations / financial costs) must be greater than 1.5 times, as those terms are defined in the respective prospectuses D, H, K, M and N.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

# 24 - EQUITY (continued)

### 24.5 Capital management (continued)

The following tables present the calculation of the aforementioned covenants as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, as well as the distribution test.:

| Covenant # 1 | Total debt / Total capitalization  | 03-31-2025 | 12-31-2024 |
|--------------|--|------------|------------|
| Covenant # 1 | Less or equal to 0.70  | MCh\$      | MCh\$      |
| Α            | Other financial liabilities, current                                     | 17,952     | 400,954    |
| В            | Account payables to related parties, current                             | 171,553    | 33,050     |
| С            | Other financial liabilities, non-current                                 | 1,874,836  | 1,870,866  |
| D            | Account payables to related parties, non-current                         | -          | -          |
| E=A+B+C+D    | Covenants debt   | 2,064,341  | 2,304,870  |
| G            | Debt with guarantees   | -          | -          |
| DT=E+G       | Total debt   | 2,064,341  | 2,304,870  |
| Н            | Non-controlling interest   | -          | -          |
| Р            | Equity attributable to owners of the parent                              | 1,076,223  | 1,074,052  |
| I            | Accumulated amortization of goodwill (as of the transition date to IFRS) | 24,970     | 24,970     |
| CT=DT+H+I+P  | Total capitalization   | 3,165,534  | 3,403,892  |
| DT/CT        | Total debt / Total capitalization ratio                                  | 0.65       | 0.68       |

|              | Minimum equity  | 03-31-2025 | 12-31-2024 |
|--------------|---|------------|------------|
| Covenant # 2 | Greater than or equal to UF 15 million/ Greater than or equal to MCh\$350,000 | MCh\$      | MCh\$      |
| Р            | Equity attributable to owners of the parent                                   | 1,076,223  | 1,074,052  |
| I            | Accumulated amortization of goodwill (as of the transition date to IFRS)      | 24,970     | 24,970     |
| P+I          | Equity (in MCh\$)   | 1,101,193  | 1,099,022  |
| UF           | UF value  | 38,894     | 38,417     |
| (P+I)/UF     | Equity (in UF millions)   | 28.31      | 28.61      |

| Covenant # 3 | Restricted payments test*                              | 03-31-2025 | 12-31-2024 |
|--------------|--|------------|------------|
| Covenant # 3 | Cash flow from operations / Financial costs > 1.5      | MCh\$      | MCh\$      |
| FO           | Cash flow from operating activities                    | 266,699    | 257,572    |
| CF           | Absolute value of financial costs                      | 94,137     | 95,066     |
| IG           | Absolute value of income tax expense                   | 29,368     | 48,238     |
| FNO=FO+CF+IG | Cash flow from operations (FNO in its Spanish Acronym) | 390,204    | 400,876    |
| FNO/CF       | Cash flow from operations / Financial costs            | 4.15       | 4.22       |

<sup>\*</sup> This distribution test is calculated with values corresponding to the last twelve months.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

# 24 - EQUITY (continued)

# 24.5 Capital management (continued)

| Covenant # 4        | Total net debt / Adjusted EBITDA                       | 03-31-2025 | 12-31-2024 |
|---------------------|--|------------|------------|
| Covenant # 4        | Lower or equal to 7.0                                  | MCh\$      | MCh\$      |
| Α                   | Other financial liabilities, (current and non-current) | 1,892,788  | 2,271,820  |
| В                   | Total rights of use                                    | -          | =          |
| С                   | Cash and cash equivalents                              | 140,545    | 352,725    |
| D                   | Other financial assets (current and non-current)       | 403,347    | 425,601    |
| E                   | Finance leases receivable (current and non-current)    | 347,315    | 362,389    |
| DN=A-B-(C+D-E)      | Net debt   | 1,696,211  | 1,855,883  |
| G                   | Revenues   | 381,730    | 445,475    |
| Н                   | Cost of sales  | (102,988)  | (102,050)  |
| I                   | Administrative expenses                                | (39,698)   | (39,964)   |
| J                   | Depreciation and Amortization                          | 61,593     | 60,648     |
| K                   | Other gains  | 369        | 413        |
| L                   | Finance lease amortization                             | 2,091      | 1,657      |
| EA =<br>G+H+I+J+K+L | Adjusted EBITDA*                                       | 303,097    | 366,179    |
| DN/EA               | Net debt /Adjusted EBITDA                              | 5.60       | 5.07       |

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted EBITDA is calculated with values corresponding to the last twelve months.

As of the date of issuance of these Consolidated Financial Statements, the Company was in compliance with all financial covenants established in its current debt contracts.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

#### 25 - REVENUE

The breakdown of operating revenue for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

|                          | 01-01-2025 | 01-01-2024  |
|--------------------------|------------|-------------|
| Type of ordinary revenue | 03-31-2025 | 03-31-2024  |
|                          | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$      |
| Regulated revenues       | 36,649,658 | 103,882,778 |
| Contractual revenue      | 21,955,713 | 18,545,269  |
| Leasing revenues         | 8,809,606  | 8,732,498   |
| Total revenues           | 67,414,977 | 131,160,545 |

|                                       | 01-01-2025 | 01-01-2024  |
|---------------------------------------|------------|-------------|
| Type of ordinary revenue              | 03-31-2025 | 03-31-2024  |
|                                       | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$      |
| Regulated revenues:                   | 36,649,658 | 103,882,778 |
| National Transmission System          | 29,517,460 | 83,654,832  |
| Zonal Transmission System             | 6,840,306  | 19,929,931  |
| Dedicated Transmission System         | 161,356    | 163,990     |
| Complementary services                | 130,536    | 134,025     |
| Contractual revenue:                  | 21,955,713 | 18,545,269  |
| Transmission facilities               | 19,480,774 | 16,146,261  |
| Construction and engineering services | 440,980    | -           |
| Others                                | 2,033,959  | 2,399,008   |
| Leasing revenues:                     | 8,809,606  | 8,732,498   |
| Leasing interest earned               | 7,473,306  | 7,449,685   |
| Indexing leasing contracts            | 1,336,300  | 1,282,813   |
| Total                                 | 67,414,977 | 131,160,545 |

| Type of ordinary revenue                   | 01-01-2025 | 01-01-2024  |
|--|------------|-------------|
|  | 03-31-2025 | 03-31-2024  |
|  | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$      |
| Transferred services over a period of time | 67,414,977 | 131,160,545 |
| Total                                      | 67,414,977 | 131,160,545 |

As defined by regulations, the 2024-2027 tariff process consists of the Classification of Installations into National, Zonal, and Dedicated segments; the Valuation Study conducted by a consultant; the Technical Valuation Report prepared by the National Energy Commission (CNE); and the Tariff Decree issued by the Ministry of Energy, which, after review by the Office of the Comptroller General, is published in the Official Gazette for implementation.

As of today, the Classification of Installations has been finalized, while the Valuation Study is still under development for the National and Zonal segments. Under the legal framework, consultant studies are expected to be completed in September 2025 (Zonal) and December 2025 (National), with the Final Technical Report by the CNE scheduled for August 2026, followed by the Tariff Decree publication by the Ministry in September 2026. Given this timeline, the Company continues to recognize revenue in accordance with the previous tariff review process.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### **26 - RELEVANT INCOME STATEMENT ACCOUNTS**

### 26.1 Expenses by nature

The composition of cost of sales and administrative expenses for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, is as follows:

|   | 01-01-2025 | 01-01-2024 |  |
|---|------------|------------|--|
| Concepts                                  | 03-31-2025 | 03-31-2024 |  |
|   | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$     |  |
|   |            |            |  |
| Cost of sales                             |            |            |  |
| Personnel expenses                        | 4,923,363  | 3,604,308  |  |
| Operating expenses                        | 2,207,946  | 2,532,386  |  |
| Maintenance expenses                      | 3,033,875  | 4,098,069  |  |
| Depreciation, amortization and write-offs | 14,784,740 | 13,759,863 |  |
| Other                                     | 84,615     | 101,376    |  |
| Total                                     | 25,034,539 | 24,096,002 |  |
|   |            |            |  |
| Administration Expenses                   |            |            |  |
| Personnel expenses                        | 3,626,172  | 3,856,616  |  |
| Operating expenses                        | 2,343,333  | 2,462,457  |  |
| Maintenance expenses                      | 33,232     | 35,936     |  |
| Depreciation, amortization and write-offs | 842,035    | 922,366    |  |
| Other                                     | 857,112    | 690,186    |  |
| Total                                     | 7,701,884  | 7,967,561  |  |
|   | -          |            |  |
| Total                                     | 32,736,423 | 32,063,563 |  |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 26 - RELEVANT INCOME STATEMENT ACCOUNTS (continued)

### 26.2 Personnel expenses

The composition of personnel expenses for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

|  | 01-01-2025  | 01-01-2024  |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Concepts   | 03-31-2025  | 03-31-2024  |
|  | ThCh\$      | ThCh\$      |
| Salaries and wages   | 8,134,954   | 7,486,961   |
| Short-term employee benefits                               | 611,874     | 553,676     |
| Severance indemnity  | 104,044     | -           |
| Other long-term benefits                                   | 562,523     | 472,217     |
| Other personnel expenses                                   | 2,715,508   | 2,582,075   |
| Personnel expenses capitalized on construction in progress | (3,579,368) | (3,634,005) |
| Total  | 8,549,535   | 7,460,924   |

# 26.3 Depreciation, amortization and write-offs

The detail of this item in the income statement for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, is as follows:

|                                     | 01-01-2025 | 01-01-2024 |
|-------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Concepts                            | 03-31-2025 | 03-31-2024 |
|                                     | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$     |
| Depreciation (PP&E)                 | 13,854,079 | 13,482,392 |
| Amortization (Intangible)           | 734,926    | 774,246    |
| Amortization (Rights of use)        | 473,868    | 425,591    |
| Losses from withdrawal and damages* | 563,902    | -          |
| Total                               | 15,626,775 | 14,682,229 |

<sup>\*</sup> The losses for the withdrawal and damages are a replacement of equipment by technical conditions, not significantly affecting the deterioration of the Cash Generating Unit.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

# 26 - RELEVANT INCOME STATEMENT ACCOUNTS (continued)

#### 26.4 Financial results

The detail of the financial results for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, is as follows:

|   | 01-01-2025   | 01-01-2024   |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Conceptos   | 03-31-2025   | 03-31-2024   |
|   | ThCh\$       | ThCh\$       |
| Financial income:                                       | 3,152,526    | 4,948,691    |
| Commercial interest earned                              | 20,853       | 41,686       |
| Bank interest earned                                    | 1,039,076    | 2,886,802    |
| Interest earned from related parties                    | 2,092,597    | 2,020,203    |
| Financial expenses:                                     | (19,230,017) | (20,158,441) |
| Interest and expenses on bonds                          | (17,757,479) | (17,836,185) |
| Interest rate Swap                                      | (695,338)    | (1,156,285)  |
| Other expenses  | (777,200)    | (1,165,971)  |
| Gain (loss) from indexation units                       | (15,944,864) | (9,384,899)  |
| Gain (loss) from indexation of bonds                    | (19,027,342) | (10,599,091) |
| Gain (loss) from indexation of loans to related parties | 3,224,005    | 2,088,854    |
| Other Gain (loss) from indexation of UF                 | (141,527)    | (874,662)    |
| Foreign exchange gains (losses), net                    | 506,601      | 422,848      |
| Obligations with public                                 | 10,300,250   | (76,481,780) |
| Intercompany Loan                                       | 4,664,655    | 74,614       |
| Financial instruments                                   | (472,648)    | 37,990,079   |
| Finance lease   | (15,815,708) | 38,136,432   |
| Other   | 1,830,052    | 703,503      |
| Total financial result, net                             | (31,515,754) | (24,171,801) |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

#### 27 - INCOME TAX

The income tax for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

|  | 01-01-2025   | 01-01-2024 |
|--|--------------|------------|
| Concepts   | 03-31-2025   | 03-31-2024 |
|  | ThCh\$       | ThCh\$     |
| Current tax expense  | 21,793,220   | 1,940,483  |
| Deferred tax expense relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences | (20,293,574) | 18,428,638 |
| Income tax expense   | 1,499,646    | 20,369,121 |

The following table reconciles income taxes resulting from applying statutory tax rate to the "Profit before Taxes" to the income tax expense recorded in the income statement for for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024:

|   | 01-01-2025 | 01-01-2024 |
|---|------------|------------|
| Concepts  | 03-31-2025 | 03-31-2024 |
|   | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$     |
| Tax expense using the legal rate                      | 872,519    | 20,260,296 |
| Price-level restatement tax capital                   | (1,124)    | •          |
| Price-level restatement of Investment                 | 370,310    | 22,977     |
| Expenses not accepted                                 | (127,553)  | 84,771     |
| Price-level restatement of tax loss                   | (10,368)   | (6,129)    |
| Other differences                                     | 395,862    | 7,206      |
| Total adjustments to tax expense using statutory rate | 627,127    | 108,825    |
| Tax expense using effective tax rate                  | 1,499,646  | 20,369,121 |

| Concento  | 01-01-2025 | 01-01-2024 |
|---|------------|------------|
| Concepts  | 03-31-2025 | 03-31-2024 |
| Tax expense using the legal rate                      | 27.00%     | 27.00%     |
| Price-level restatement tax capital                   | (0.03%)    | 0.00%      |
| Price-level restatement of Investment                 | 11.46%     | 0.03%      |
| Expenses not accepted                                 | (3.95%)    | 0.12%      |
| Price-level restatement of tax loss                   | (0.32%)    | (0.01%)    |
| Other differences                                     | 12.25%     | 0.01%      |
| Total adjustments to tax expense using statutory rate | 19.41%     | 0.15%      |
| Tax expense using effective tax rate                  | 46.41%     | 27.15%     |

The tax rate used for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 reconciliations corresponds to 27%, a corporate tax rate that entities should pay on taxable profits based on current tax regulations.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024
Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)
(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

#### 28 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit attributable to the Company's shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares in circulation during the year excluding, if any, common shares purchased by the Company and maintained as treasury shares.

| Basic Earnings per Share   | 03-31-2025 | 03-31-2024 |
|--|------------|------------|
|  | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$     |
| Profit Attributable to Holders of Equity Participation Instruments of the Parent Company | 1,731,907  | 54,669,014 |
| Earnings available to common shareholders, basic   | 1,731,907  | 54,669,014 |
| Total basic shares   | 1,000,000  | 1,000,000  |
| Basic earnings per share (Ch\$)  | 1,732      | 54,669     |

#### 29 - SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company engages exclusively in providing services related to electricity transmission. To provide such services, they possess assets throughout the country that form the Transelec transmission system, stretching 10,117 kilometers from the Arica y Parinacota Region to the Los Lagos Region.

Electricity transmission service falls under the legal framework that governs the electricity sector in Chile. This framework defines transmission systems and classifies transmission facilities into the national transmission system, the zonal system and dedicated (in replacement of the Trunk, Sub transmission and Additional systems, defined in the Short Law I), establishing an open access scheme for the first two systems and allowing additional lines that use easements and have national assets for public use along their paths to be used by third parties under non-discriminatory technical and economic conditions. The law also sets criteria and procedures for determining compensation that transmission facility owners are entitled to receive.

Transelec's revenue from the national system, Zone systems and Dedicates systems used by users subject to price regulation, consists of the "annual transmission value per segment" (VATT for its Spanish acronym), which is calculated every 4 years based on the "annual investment value" (AVI for its Spanish acronym), plus "operating, maintenance and administrative costs" (COMA for its Spanish acronym) for each segment that forms such systems.

Revenue from transport on dedicated systems is established in private contracts with third parties, which are mainly generators and users that are not subject to price regulation. The main purpose of Dedicated systems is to allow generators to inject their production into the electrical system and withdraw it for large customers.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 29 - SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

The law distinguishes between the different systems in order to ensure that tariffs are appropriate for each case. However, the facilities in a certain voltage (220 KV, for example) are of the same type, be it National, Zonal or Dedicated. Thus, a 220 KV facility requires a given type of maintenance, fundamentally because of its geographic location, its proximity to the ocean, the climate, etc., but in no case does this maintenance depend on whether that facility is National, Zonal or Dedicated. In relation with the operation, which is carried out by the National Electrical Coordinator, except for minor operational restrictions in the National segment, there is no difference in the generality of the operation of the facilities of the National, Zonal or Dedicated segments. Thus, for Transelec, the classification of a facility as National, Zonal or Dedicated turns out to be just a separation for pricing purposes, not distinguishing other consequences in that classification.

The Company's management analyzes its business as a set of transmission assets that enables it to provide services to its customers. As a result, resource allocation and performance measurements are analyzed in aggregate.

Internal management takes into account this classification criterion for revenue and costs merely for descriptive purposes but in no case for business segmentation.

Consequently, for the purposes of applying IFRS 8, the entire business already described is defined as the only operating segment for the Company.

### Information about products and services

| Concept               | 03-31-2025 | 03-31-2024  |
|-----------------------|------------|-------------|
|                       | ThCh\$     | ThCh\$      |
| Transmission services | 67,414,977 | 131,160,545 |

#### Information about sales and principal customers

Information about the main customers of the Company is contained in note 3.1.2 Credit risk.

# 30 - THIRD-PARTY GUARANTEES, OTHER CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND OTHER COMMITMENTS

As of March 31, 2025, the Company has received performance guarantees from contractors and third parties, primarily to guarantee performance of construction and maintenance works, amounting to ThCh\$50,463,582 (ThCh\$56,665,459 as of December 31, 2024).

As of March 31, 2025, the Company has issued Guarantee Certificates for government entities and commercial counterparts, mainly to guarantee the fulfillment of works, the seriousness of offers in new tenders and/or asset purchases for an amount of ThCh\$57,117,155 (ThCh\$59,782,223 as of December 31, 2024).

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

#### 31 - DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONNEL

As of for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, personnel employed by Transelec S.A. are detailed as follows:

| Concept                | Managers and Executives | Professionals | Technical personnel and other | Total | Average of the year |
|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|-------|---------------------|
| Total as of 03-31-2025 | 16                      | 468           | 88                            | 572   | 581                 |
| Total as of 12-31-2024 | 18                      | 477           | 93                            | 588   | 588                 |

#### 32 - ENVIRONMENT

Transelec, in compliance with current environmental regulations and in line with its sustainability policy have undergone environmental assessment projects or amendments thereto to the environmental authority through the Environmental Evaluation System (SEIA). To this end, several studies were conducted to substantiate the presentations that have allowed environmental documents. These documents are an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS for Spanish acronym) or an environmental impact study concerned, met the requirements of Law No. 19,300 on General Environment, amended by Law No. 20,417, and its regulations of SEIA. For projects that have started their implementation the Company has been following the conditions and measures imposed by environmental authorities in the respective resolutions of environmental qualification.

For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company has made the following environmental disbursements:

| Company making disbursement | Project  | 03-31-2025<br>ThCh\$ | 03-31-2024<br>ThCh\$ |
|-----------------------------|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| Transelec S.A.              | Environmental management, eleberation of DIA and |                      | 1,039,533            |
| Gea Transmisora SpA         | (includes environmental permissions for sectors) | 22                   | -                    |
| Total                       |  | 1,030,132            | 1,039,533            |

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$)

(Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

### 33 - ASSETS AND LIABILITIES IN FOREIGN CURRENCY

### a) Current assets and liabilities

|                     |  |                  | Foreign Currency Functional Currency | 03-31-        | -2025         | 12-31-2024    |               |
|---------------------|--|------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Classification Head | Headings                                 | Foreign Currency |                                      | Up to 90 days |
|                     |  |                  | Currency                             | ThCh\$        | ThCh\$        | ThCh\$        | ThCh\$        |
| Current Accets      | Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents | US Dollar        | Ch\$                                 | 80,471,004    | =             | 203,237,707   | -             |
| Current Assets      |  | Other Currency   | Ch\$                                 | 12,524        | -             | 12,580        | -             |
| Current Assets      | Other financial assets                   | US Dollar        | Ch\$                                 | 740,625       | 2,020,707     | 716,896       | 1,952,334     |
| Current Liabilities | Other financial liabilities              | US Dollar        | Ch\$                                 | -             | 2,901,211     | 381,285,295   | -             |

### b) Non-current assets and liabilities

|                         |                             |                     |                        |                                 | 03-31-2025                      |                                 |                                 |                   | 12-31-2024                      |                                 |                                 |                                 |                   |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| Classification          | Headings                    | Foreign<br>Currency | Functional<br>Currency | More than 1<br>up to 2<br>years | More than<br>2 up to 3<br>years | More than 3<br>up to 4<br>years | More than 4<br>up to 5<br>years | More than 5 years | More than 1<br>up to 2<br>years | More than 2<br>up to 3<br>years | More than 3<br>up to 4<br>years | More than 4<br>up to 5<br>years | More than 5 years |
|                         |                             |                     |                        | ThCh\$                          | ThCh\$                          | ThCh\$                          | ThCh\$                          | ThCh\$            | ThCh\$                          | ThCh\$                          | ThCh\$                          | ThCh\$                          | ThCh\$            |
| Non-current assets      | Other financial assets      | US Dollar           | Ch\$                   | 3,474,777                       | 4,139,994                       | 4,751,935                       | 5,634,516                       | 326,552,525       | 3,390,956                       | 4,163,458                       | 4,689,064                       | 5,597,356                       | 341,878,801       |
| Non-current liabilities | Other financial liabilities | US Dollar           | Ch\$                   | -                               | -                               | 330,729,300                     | -                               | -                 | -                               | -                               | -                               | 345,729,295                     | -                 |

As of Marcha 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

#### 34 - SANCTIONS

The Company maintains the following fines and lawsuits:

#### **Fines and lawsuits**

- With regard to delays in two of the important milestones of Nogales-Polpaico project, the Ministry of Energy proceeded in June 2016 to collect two guarantees for a total of US\$2,960,000. In 2016, the CDEC-SIC (currently CEN) settled the fine for delays to start the operations of the Project and reported that Transelec was obliged to pay the maximum fine, that is, US\$1,800,000. Transelec filed an appeal for protection against the CDEC-SIC (currently CEN) and the Ministry of Energy, since there are requests for extension of time they have not been resolved by the Ministry, so it is entirely inappropriate to act CDEC-SIC (currently CEN) and the failure of the Ministry of Energy. The Court of Appeals declared admissible and ordered injunction. By judgment dated December 13, 2016, the Court of Appeals rejected the protection. The Supreme Court rejected the appeal presented. Up to date, this fine has not been informed to the General Treasury of the Republic.
  - As a recurring process for evaluating accounting estimates, the Company includes the expectations of future events that are considered reasonable given the circumstances. As of March 31, 2025, the Company maintains a provision for this obligation in the amount of ThCh\$885,798, equivalent to US\$900,000.
- 2. As of December 31, 2024, the Company has reversed a provision of ThCh\$1,866,788, equivalent to US\$1,873,412, corresponding to the potential fine and performance guarantee collection by the Government authority in relation to a project awarded. The above, because the Ministry of Energy partially accepted the request for an extension of certain milestones associated with said project.

# 35 - BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

### **Acquisition of Gea Transmisora SpA**

On May 31, 2024, the Company acquired 1,000 shares corresponding to 100% of the share capital of Gea Transmisora SpA, which until that date was owned by Rentas Eléctricas I Limitada, indirect parent of Transelec S.A. The consideration paid for these shares is ThCh\$918 (ThUS\$1). Since that date, Transelec S.A. took control of Gea Transmisora SpA and therefore the latter has been considered its subsidiary in these Consolidated Financial Statements.

As it is a business combination of entities under common control, this acquisition is outside the scope of IFRS 3 "Business Combinations".

The Company recognized the book value of the assets and liabilities recorded by Gea Transmisora SpA on the date of acquisition.

On the other hand, Transelec S.A. recognized in the accumulated result of its Consolidated Financial Statements the value of the accumulated loss recorded by Gea Transmisora SpA on the date of the acquisition corresponding to ThCh\$522,177 (ThUS\$586).

As of Marcha 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

#### 35 - BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (continued)

### Acquisition of Gea Transmisora SpA (continued)

The Statement of Financial Position at book value presented by Gea Transmisora SpA at the date of acquisition is as follows:

| Statement of Financial Position at book value             | ThUS\$ | ThCh\$    |
|---|--------|-----------|
| Cash and cash equivalents                                 | 1      | 917       |
| Other financial assets                                    | 7      | 6,328     |
| Total current assets                                      | 8      | 7,244     |
| Deferred tax assets                                       | 213    | 194,859   |
| Total non-current assets                                  | 213    | 194,859   |
| Total Assets  | 220    | 202,103   |
| Trade and other payables                                  | 12     | 10,954    |
| Accounts payable to related entities (T. Holdings Rentas) | 754    | 691,393   |
| Accounts payable to related entities (Transelec S.A.)     | 28     | 25,679    |
| Total current liabilities                                 | 794    | 728,027   |
| Total Liabilities   | 794    | 728,027   |
| Issued and paid-in capital                                | 1      | 918       |
| Retained earnings   | (586)  | (522,177) |
| Profit  | 11     | 10,500    |
| Reserve for currency translation adjustment               | -      | (15,165)  |
| Total Equity  | (574)  | (525,924) |

#### Acquisition of Ana Maria S.A.

On June 24, 2024, Transelec S.A. acquired the 100% of the share capital of Ana Maria through the acquisition of the 11,969,044,292 shares issued by this company. As such and in accordance with the requirements established in IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements", Transelec S.A. obtained the control of Ana Maria S.A. The consideration paid by the Company amounted to ThCh\$17,574,420 (ThUS\$18,749).

Ana Maria S.A. is located in the Antofagasta Region (northern Chile). Its main assets are a substation with a 220kV transmission line and a substation expansion project.

The Company applied the requirements of IFRS 3, "Business Combinations" under which assets acquired and liabilities assumed should be recognized at their fair values at the date of acquisition.

This business combination was accounted for using the acquisition method at the date on which control was transferred to the Transelec S.A. Given that, the acquisition was completed on June 24, 2024, thus, as of June 30, 2024, Management has used its best estimate to determine the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

The Company measured the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at their fair values at the date of acquisition and proceeded to record as goodwill the differences between the consideration transferred and fair value of the net assets acquired determined in these Consolidated Financial Statements.

As of Marcha 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

# 35 - BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (continued)

### Acquisition of Ana Maria S.A. (continued)

The estimated fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities of Ana Maria S.A as at the date of acquisition are as follows

| Recognized amounts of identified assets acquired and liabilities assumed | ThUS\$ | ThCh\$     |
|--|--------|------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents  | 69     | 65,271     |
| Other financial assets   | 542    | 512,276    |
| Trade and other receivables  | 76     | 71,343     |
| Total current assets   | 687    | 648,890    |
| Property, plant and equipment  | 15,968 | 15,079,512 |
| Total non-current assets   | 15,968 | 15,079,512 |
| Total Assets   | 16,655 | 15,728,402 |
| Trade and other payables   | 3,015  | 2,847,303  |
| Total current liabilities  | 3,015  | 2,847,303  |
| Deferred tax liabilities   | 5      | 4,262      |
| Total non-current liabilities  | 5      | 4,262      |
| Total Assets   | 3,020  | 2,851,565  |
| Total identifiable net assets  | 13,636 | 12,876,837 |

| Total consideration transferred                         | 17,574,420 |
|---|------------|
| Estimated fair value of net assets acquired             | 12,876,837 |
| Preliminarily estimated goodwill arising on acquisition | 4,697,583  |

As presented in the table above, Transelec S.A. determined the goodwill on acquisition of ThCh\$4,697,583 as a difference between the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred and the net recognized amount of the identifiable assets acquired, and the identifiable liabilities assumed.

Acquisition-related costs of ThCh\$132,532, related to external legal fees and due diligence costs, were expensed as incurred and included in administrative expenses.

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# NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TRANSELEC S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

As of Marcha 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 Expressed in thousands of Chilean pesos (ThCh\$) (Translation of financial statements originally issued in Spanish-See Note 2.1)

#### **36 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

On April 28, 2025, the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting approved a capital increase of \$1,552,710,096 through the issuance of 2,000 ordinary shares with no nominal value. As a result, the capital increased from \$776,355,047,865 to \$777,907,757,961, with a total of 1,002,000 shares.

The new shares were paid with: (i) a contribution in kind consisting of social rights in Inversiones CyT Limitada, valued at \$1,405,110,000; and (ii) \$147,600,096 in cash. Rentas Eléctricas I Limitada subscribed 1,999 shares by contributing 99.99% of the social rights of Inversiones CyT and \$146,964,252 in cash. Transelec Holdings Rentas Limitada subscribed 1 share with a contribution of 0.01% of said rights and \$635,844 in cash.

Inversiones CyT Limitada holds the 100% of CyT Operaciones SpA, owner of the electrical transmission system of the Caserones mine. Through this transaction. Transelec took control of that system.

Between March 31, 2025, the closing date of these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements and their issuance date, there have been no others significant financial and accounting events that may affect the equity of the Company or the interpretation of these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the Consolidated Financial Statements

# TRANSELEC S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Santiago, Chile March 31, 2025 & 2024



#### **SUMMARY**

As of March 31, 2025, the company has a significant level of cash (cash and cash equivalents) of M\$140,545, which allows it to comfortably meet its obligations, daily operations, and investments throughout the year. The company faced the maturity of international debt in January 2025 for US\$375 million with part of the available cash on hand, even after which it maintained a solid level of liquidity. With this, Transelec reduced its debt level compared to December 2024.

During the first quarter, 2025, Revenues reached M\$67,415, lower than the same period in 2024, when M\$131,161 were recorded. While the company's base revenue continues its long-term trend, specific provisions in 2024 and 2025 with retroactive effect, affect total quarterly revenue. Revenues as of March last year included a provision for higher revenues, associated with the publication of the Final Interperiod Report, which included assets not previously considered for regulated remuneration purposes, with retroactive application from 2020. On the other hand, and unrelated to what was recorded in 2024, revenues as of March 2025 include a provision for lower revenues for the period 2020 – 2025 associated with a review of the volume of regulated operational assets that the company has. As a result of the differences between the rates set by the authority and the revenue amounts that transmission companies are entitled to receive, a balance in favor of transmission companies has been established to date. These balances will be modified as a result of the aforementioned asset volume correction, which will result in a redistribution of the amounts received among transmission companies and a recalculation of regulated rates.

As of March 31, 2025, Transelec obtained an EBITDA<sup>1</sup> of MCL\$50,968, lower than the one obtained in the same period of 2024 (MCL\$114,057), mainly due to the revenue effects mentioned above, with an EBITDA Margin<sup>2</sup> of 76% for this quarter and 79% for last twelve months.

The loss in Non-Operating Income as of March 2025 was MCL\$31,447, while in 2024 it was MCL\$24,059. This result is mostly explained by higher loss for indexed assets and liabilities (in 2025, the company has a higher stock of UF bonds) and by a lower financial income.

Net Income recorded by the Company as of March 31, 2025, was MCL\$1,731, and MCL\$54,670 in 2024.

The company continues to demonstrate its ability to commission major projects. During the first quarter of 2025, the Company incorporated the equivalent of ~US\$170 million of facilities, which corresponds to the commissioning of upgrades in the Zonal (1) and National systems (3), expansions in the National (2) and Dedicated systems (1).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> EBITDA= Operating Revenues + Operating Costs + Administrative Expenses + Other Income (Losses) + Finance Leases Amortization. Operating Costs and Administrative Expenses do not include Depreciation and Amortization.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> EBITDA Margin= EBITDA/Revenues



# **Relevant events of the period:**

- On January 14, 2025, the Company made the payment of the principal of "Senior Notes Maturity 2025" Bond for a total of ThCh\$378,450,000 (MUS\$375,000) together with the last installment of interest.
- On January 13, 2025, the Company unwound the Cross Currency Swap maintained with Goldman Sachs for a notional amount of MUS\$23,500, associated with the bond maturing in the same month, monetizing the market value of said instrument.
- On February 25, 2025, a power supply interruption occurred affecting the national territory from the Arica-Parinacota to the Los Lagos regions. It is within the authority of the regulatory bodies to investigate the causes and responsibilities of the mentioned events.

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### 1. INCOME STATEMENT ANALYSIS

| ITEMS  | March<br>2025<br>MCL\$ | March<br>2024<br>MCL\$ | Variation<br>2025/2024<br>MCL\$ | Variation<br>2025/2024<br>% |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Revenues                                       | 67,415                 | 131,161                | -63,746                         | -48.6%                      |
| Sales  | 62,793                 | 127,848                | -65,055                         | -50.9%                      |
| Services                                       | 4,622                  | 3,312                  | 1,310                           | 39.5%                       |
| Operation Costs and Expenses                   | -32,737                | -32,063                | -674                            | -2.1%                       |
| Sales Costs                                    | -10,250                | -10,332                | 82                              | 0.8%                        |
| Administrative Expenses                        | -6,860                 | -7,045                 | 185                             | 2.6%                        |
| Depreciation and Amortization                  | -15,627                | -14,687                | -940                            | -6.4%                       |
| Operating Income                               | 34,678                 | 99,098                 | -64,420                         | -65.0%                      |
| Financial Income                               | 3,153                  | 4,949                  | -1,796                          | -36.3%                      |
| Financial Costs                                | -19,230                | -20,158                | 928                             | 4.6%                        |
| Foreign exchange differences                   | 507                    | 423                    | 84                              | 19.8%                       |
| Gain (loss) for indexed assets and liabilities | -15,945                | -9,385                 | -6,560                          | -69.9%                      |
| Other gains (losses)                           | 69                     | 113                    | -44                             | -39.1%                      |
| Non-Operating Income                           | -31,447                | -24,059                | -7,388                          | -30.7%                      |
| Income before Taxes                            | 3,231                  | 75,039                 | -71,808                         | -95.7%                      |
| Income Tax                                     | -1,500                 | -20,369                | 18,869                          | 92.6%                       |
| Net Income                                     | 1,731                  | 54,670                 | -52,939                         | -96.8%                      |
| EBITDA <sup>1</sup>                            | 50,968                 | 114,057                | -63,089                         | -55.3%                      |
| EBITDA Margin <sup>2</sup>                     | 76%                    | 87%                    | -11.4%                          |                             |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> EBITDA= Operating Revenues + Operating Costs + Administrative Expenses + Other Income (Losses) + Finance Leases Amortization. Operating Costs and Administrative Expenses do not include Depreciation and Amortization.

# a) Operating Income

During the first quarter, 2025, Revenues reached M\$67,415, lower than the same period in 2024, when M\$131,161 were recorded. While the company's base revenue continues its long-term trend, specific provisions in 2024 and 2025 with retroactive effect, affect total quarterly revenue. Revenues as of March last year included a provision for higher revenues, associated with the publication of the Final Interperiod Report, which included assets not previously considered for regulated remuneration purposes, with retroactive application from 2020. On the other hand, and unrelated to what was recorded in 2024, revenues as of March 2025 include a provision for lower revenues for the period 2020 – 2025 associated with a review of the volume of regulated operational assets that the company has. As a result of the differences between the rates set by the authority and the revenue amounts that transmission companies are entitled to receive, a balance in favor of transmission companies has been established to date. These balances will be modified as a result of the aforementioned asset volume correction, which will result in a redistribution of the amounts received among transmission companies and a recalculation of regulated rates.

It should be noted that the financial statements as of March 31, 2025, consider as base revenues, the regulated income in accordance with the Supreme Decree (DS7T), published on February 16, 2023

Total Transelec Operational Costs and Expenses as of March 31, 2025, were MCL\$32,737, in line with the same period in 2024 that reached MCL\$32,063. Total Costs and Expenses are composed by the following main items.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> EBITDA Margin= EBITDA/(Revenues)



Sales Costs during the analysis period amounted to MCL\$10,250, 0.8% higher than the same period of 2024 (MCL\$10,332). The decrease is explained by lower maintenance costs.

Administrative Expenses amounted to MCL\$6,860 in March 2025, 2.6% lower than those in the same period in 2024 (MCL\$7,045). The decrease is mainly explained by lower advisory and personnel costs.

Total Depreciation and Amortization as of March 31, 2025, reached MCL\$15,627, a 6.4% higher than the same period in 2024 (MCL\$14,687). The increase is mainly explained by losses on Fixed Asset Retirement.

### b) Non-Operating Income

The Non-Operating Income at the end of March 2025, was a loss of MCL\$31,447, while in 2024 it was MCL\$24,059. This is mainly explained by lower financial income (in 2024 the company had a higher balance of cash and higher rates) and higher loss for indexed assets and liabilities.

The Financial Income registered until March 2025 amounted to MCL\$3,153. The amount registered in the same period of 2024 was MCL\$4,949. This decrease is mainly due to lower bank interest earned in 2025 in local currency (lower cash and rates).

The loss for Indexed Assets and Liabilities was MCL\$15,945 as of March 31, 2025. This is due to a 1.24% variation in the value of the UF in 2025, which primarily impacts our UF-denominated bonds, along with a higher stock of UF debt. In the same period of 2024, the loss was MCL\$9,385, associated with a 0.83% variation in UF value.

The Exchange Differences as of March 2025 resulted in a profit of MCL\$507, while during the same period of 2024, the balance was a profit of MCL\$423. The Exchange Differences remain limited, associated with the foreign currency hedging policy.

Financial Costs registered as of March 2025 reached MCL\$19,230, decreasing by 4.6% compared to the same period of 2024 (MCL\$20,158). The increase is mainly due to the termination of some exchange rate hedging contracts, lower bank fees and commissions, partially compensated by lower interest capitalized by projects in progress.

Other Income, as of March 2025, were a profit of MCL\$69, while in March 2024 were MCL\$113. This difference is mainly due to the sale of scraps, equipment and vehicles in 2024.

# c) Income tax

Income Tax as of March 31, 2025, was MCL\$1,500, while in the same period of 2024 was MCL\$20,369.



### 2. BALANCE SHEET ANALYSIS

| ITEMS                                 | March<br>2025<br>MCL\$ | December<br>2024<br>MCL\$ | Variation<br>2025/2024<br>MCL\$ | Variation<br>2025/2024<br>% |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Current assets                        | 342,977                | 567,092                   | -224,115                        | -40%                        |
| Non-current assets                    | 3,400,970              | 3,369,447                 | 31,523                          | 1%                          |
| Total Assets                          | 3,743,947              | 3,936,540                 | -192,593                        | -5%                         |
| Current liabilities                   | 442,630                | 620,371                   | -177,741                        | -29%                        |
| Non current liabilities               | 2,225,093              | 2,242,117                 | -17,024                         | -1%                         |
| Equity                                | 1,076,223              | 1,074,052                 | 2,171                           | 0%                          |
| <b>Total Liabilities &amp; Equity</b> | 3,743,947              | 3,936,540                 | -192,593                        | -5%                         |

The decrease in Assets between March 2025 and December 2024 is mainly explained by a lower balance of cash and cash equivalent (due to the international bond payment at maturity).

The decrease in Liabilities and Equity is mainly due to a lower balance in other financial liabilities. The variation in current and non-current financial liabilities corresponds mainly to the MMUS\$ 375 senior bonds maturing in January 2025 in the international market.

# **Value of the Main PP&E in Operation**

| ASSETS                      | March<br>2025<br>MCL\$ | December<br>2024<br>MCL\$ | Variation<br>2025/2024<br>MCL\$ | Variation<br>2025/2024<br>% |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Land                        | 21,769                 | 21,769                    | 0                               | 0%                          |
| Building and Infraestucture | 1,451,552              | 1,384,866                 | 66,686                          | 4.8%                        |
| Work in progress            | 498,555                | 574,274                   | -75,719                         | -13.2%                      |
| Machinery and equipment     | 1,033,254              | 962,237                   | 71,017                          | 7.4%                        |
| Other fixed assets          | 6,207                  | 6,399                     | -192                            | -3.0%                       |
| Right of use                | 21,596                 | 21,596                    | 0                               | 0.0%                        |
| Depreciation (less)         | -827,349               | -813,516                  | -13,833                         | -1.7%                       |
| Total                       | 2,205,584              | 2,157,625                 | 47,959                          | 2.2%                        |

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Amount in original currency

# **Current Debt**

|  |                 |               |          |               | (mi    | illion)    |
|--|-----------------|---------------|----------|---------------|--------|------------|
|  |                 |               |          |               |        | d capital) |
| Debt                                   | Currency or     | Interest      | Type of  | Maturity Date | March  | December   |
| Debt                                   | index rate rate | Maturity Date | 2025     | 2024          |        |            |
| Series D bond                          | UF              | 4.25%         | Fixed    | 15-Dec-27     | 13.50  | 13.50      |
| Series H bond                          | UF              | 4.80%         | Fixed    | 01-Aug-31     | 3.00   | 3.00       |
| Series K bond                          | UF              | 4.60%         | Fixed    | 01-Sep-31     | 1.60   | 1.60       |
| Series M bond                          | UF              | 4.05%         | Fixed    | 15-Jun-32     | 3.40   | 3.40       |
| Series N bond                          | UF              | 3.95%         | Fixed    | 15-Dec-38     | 3.00   | 3.00       |
| Series Q bond                          | UF              | 3.95%         | Fixed    | 15-Oct-42     | 3.10   | 3.10       |
| Series V bond                          | UF              | 3.30%         | Fixed    | 01-Mar-48     | 3.00   | 3.00       |
| Series X bond                          | UF              | 3.20%         | Fixed    | 01-Mar-34     | 4.00   | 4.00       |
| Series Y bond                          | UF              | 3.80%         | Fixed    | 01-Aug-28     | 1.50   | 0.00       |
| Series AB bond                         | UF              | 3.90%         | Fixed    | 01-Aug-45     | 3.50   | 0.00       |
| Series Senior Notes bond @2025         | USD             | 4.25%         | Fixed    | 14-Jan-25     | 0.00   | 375.00     |
| Series Senior Notes bond @2029         | USD             | 3.88%         | Fixed    | 12-Jan-29     | 350.00 | 350.00     |
| Revolving Credit Facility <sup>1</sup> | USD             | SOFR          | Floating | 08-Feb-27     | -      | -          |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Revolving Credit Facility of US\$250 million: The floating rate breaks down in SOFR plus a margin. As of March 31, 2025, the Company maintains this line fully available. This facility was renegotiated for 3 additional years in February 2024.

Although increases in inflation may have an impact on the costs of debt denominated in UF and therefore on the Company's financial expenses, these impacts are partially offset by inflation-indexed revenues.

# 3. CASH FLOW ANALYSIS

| ITEMS  | March<br>2025<br>MCL\$ | March<br>2024<br>MCL\$ | Variation<br>2025/2024<br>MCL\$ | Variation<br>2025/2024<br>% |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities  | 60,669                 | 51,486                 | 9,183                           | 17.8%                       |
| Cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities  | -43,560                | -73,264                | 29,704                          | 0                           |
| Cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities  | -230,381               | -508                   | -229,873                        | -45230%                     |
| Net increase (decrease) of cash and cash equivalent    | -213,272               | -22,287                | -190,985                        | -857%                       |
| Effect of changes in the exchanges rate                | 1,092                  | 488                    | 604                             | 124.0%                      |
| Net increase (decrease) of cash and cash equivalent    | -212,180               | -21,799                | -190,381                        | -873%                       |
| Cash and cash equivalent at the begining of the period | 352,725                | 178,336                | 174,389                         | 97.8%                       |
| Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the period      | 140,545                | 156,537                | -15,992                         | -10.2%                      |



As of March 31, 2025, cash flow from activities of the operation reached MCL\$60,669, which increased by 17.8% compared to the same period of 2024 (MCL\$51,486). The increase is mainly due to higher revenue from the sale of goods and the provision of services.

During the same period of 2025, cash flow used in investment activities was MCL\$43,560. As of March 31, 2024, the cash flow used in investment activities was MCL\$73,264. The variation is mainly due to lower purchases of property, plants and equipment.

As of March 2025, the cash flow from financing activities was MCL\$-230,381, while as of March 2024 it was used a MCL\$-508. The difference is mainly explained by the bond payment in the international market in January 2025.

It should also be noted that, to ensure the immediate availability of funds to cover working capital needs, as of March 31, 2025, the company has the following revolving credit facility for an amount of US\$ 250 million (this revolving credit facility was renegotiated and extended during February 2024 for three additional years).

| Bank   | Amount<br>(up to) | Maturity  | Type of<br>Credit |
|--|-------------------|-----------|-------------------|
| The Bank of Nova Scotia, MUFG Bank Ltd, Bank of China<br>Ltd, Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria S.A., Bank of<br>America | US\$250,000,000   | 08-Feb-27 | Working Capital   |

# 4. INDICATORS

Financial restrictions contained in the company debt agreements are presented in the next table:

| Covenants                              | Debt Contract  | Limit            | March<br>2025 | December<br>2024 |
|--|--|------------------|---------------|------------------|
| Capitalization Ratio <sup>1</sup>      | D, H, K, M ,N & Q local Bonds                                | < 0.70           | 0.65          | 0.68             |
| Shareholder's Equity <sup>1</sup> MMUF | D, H, K, M & N local Bonds                                   | > 15.00          | 28.31         | 28.61            |
| Shareholder's Equity1 MM\$             | Q, V, X, Y & AB local Bonds and<br>Revolving Credit Facility | > 350,000        | 1,101,193     | 1,099,021        |
| Net Debt/Ebitda*                       | V,X, Y & AB local Bonds<br>Revolving Credit Facility         | < 7.0x<br>< 8.0x | 5.60          | 5.07             |

| Test   | Bonds                         | Limit  | March<br>2025 | December<br>2024 |
|--|-------------------------------|--------|---------------|------------------|
| Distribution Test <sup>2</sup><br>FNO <sup>3</sup> /Financial Expenses | D, H, K, M and N local Series | > 1.50 | 4.15          | 4.22             |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Equity= Total equity attributable to owners of the parent plus accumulated amortization of Goodwill. The accumulated amortization of Goodwill between June 30, 2006, and March 31, 2025, amounted to MCL\$24.970.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Test to distribute restricted payments such as dividends.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>FNO= Cash flow from operating activities plus the absolute value of finance costs, plus the absolute value of the expenditure for Income Taxes.

<sup>\*</sup>EBITDA= Operating Revenues + Operating Costs + Administrative Expenses + Other Income (Losses) + Finance Leases Amortization. Operating Costs and Administrative Expenses do not include Depreciation and Amortization.



Rates of profitability, liquidity and indebtedness of the company are presented in the next table:

| RATIOS  |         | March<br>2025 | December<br>2024 | Variation <b>2025/2024</b> |
|---|---------|---------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| Profitability <sup>1</sup>                      |         |               |                  |                            |
| Shareholders' Equity profitability <sup>2</sup> | (%)     | 7.4%          | 20.3%            | -1290 pbs                  |
| Assets profitability <sup>3</sup>               | (%)     | 2.1%          | 5.5%             | -340 pbs                   |
| Operating assets profitability <sup>4</sup>     | (%)     | 3.6%          | 10.1%            | -650 pbs                   |
| Earnings per share <sup>5</sup>                 | (\$)    | 79,296        | 218,177          | -63.7%                     |
| Liquidity & Indebtedness                        |         |               |                  |                            |
| Current Ratio                                   | (times) | 0.77          | 0.91             | -15.4%                     |
| Acid-Test Ratio                                 | (times) | 0.77          | 0.91             | -15.4%                     |
| Debt to Equity                                  | (times) | 2.48          | 2.67             | -7.1%                      |
| Short term debt/Total debt                      | (%)     | 16.6%         | 21.7%            | -510 pbs                   |
| Log term debt/Total debt                        | (%)     | 29.0%         | 27.0%            | 200 pbs                    |
| Financial expenses coverage                     | (times) | 2.65          | 3.85             | -31.2%                     |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Profitability ratios are presented under last twelve months criteria.

#### 5. THE TRANSMISSION MARKET

# 5.1. The transmission activity and its regulation

Transelec develops its activities in Chile in the electricity market, which has been divided into three sectors: generation, transmission, and distribution. The generation sector includes companies that are dedicated to produce electricity that will subsequently be used throughout the country by end users. In the other hand, the primary goal of the transmission sector (the only sector in which it participates Transelec) is to transport the generated electricity from where it is produced (electrical power plants) to the 'points of entry' of the distribution companies' networks or of the large end users. Finally, the purpose of the distribution sector is to carry electricity to the physical location where each end user will use this electricity.

The transmission system of Transelec which stretches between 'Arica y Parinacota' Regions to 'Los Lagos' Region, encompasses most of the transmission lines and substations in the National Electrical System. This transmission system transports the electricity that supplies approximately 98.5% of Chile's population. The Company owns 28% of all the 500 kV electricity transport lines, 40% of the 220 kV lines, 90% of the 154 kV lines and 10% of the 110kV and 66kV lines.

The legal framework that governs the electrical transmission business in Chile is contained in DFL No. 4/2006, which establishes the modified, coordinated, and systemized text of Decree with Force of Law No. 1 from the Ministry of Mining, issued in 1982, and the General Electricity Services Law. (DFL No. 1/82), hereafter LGSE, and its subsequent modifications, including Law 19,940 ('Ley Corta I') published on March 13, 2004, and the Law 20.936 issued on July 20, 2016, which stablishes a new electric transmission system and creates an independent coordinator of the National Electric System "The Transmission Law". Additionally, those who explodes and operates transmission facilities must

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Shareholders' Equity profitability is calculated as Net Income over Equity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Asset's profitability is calculated as Net Income over Total Assets.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Operating assets profitability is calculated as Net Income over total value of the Main PP&E.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Earnings per share is calculated as Net Income over total shares.



comply at every time with the provisions of the Regulations of Law N°20.936, and in its Technical Standards, highlighting the Current Technical Standard for Safety and Service Quality, as well as their respective Technical Annexes.

The last reform to the LGSE for the Transmission segment was the enactment of Law N°20.936 / 2016, which introduced relevant modifications such as; i) A single Coordinator of the National Electric System independent of the market players, replacing the Economic Load Dispatch Centers, CDEC-SIC and CDEC-SING, ii) The redefinition of the transmission systems qualifying them as the National Transmission System (formerly trunk), the Zonal Transmission Systems (formerly sub-transmission), the Dedicated Systems (formerly additional), and will incorporate two new segments: Transmission Systems for Development Poles and International Interconnection Systems, and iii) Universal open access to regulated Transmission Systems and dedicated Transmission Systems when technical capacity is available.

The last significant reform to the General Electricity Services Law (LGSE) was enacted on March 27, 2024, with the publication of the Energy Transition Law. This reform introduces changes impacting transmission, such as the incorporation of projects mandated by the authorities and the reinstatement of expansion project tenders to asset owners, among others.

Additionally, to date, various regulations associated with Act No. 20.936 have been published, stablishing the necessary provisions for the regulation of issues related to: (i) The National Electrical Coordinator, (ii) Panel of Experts, (iii) energy planning, (iv) preliminary strips, (v) international exchanges, (vi)compensation for supply unavailability, (vii) the issuance of Technical Standards (viii) Coordination and Operation of the National Electrical System; (ix) Qualification, Valuation, Tariff and Remuneration of transmission facilities, (x) Transmission and Transmission Planning Systems; (xi) Facilities safety; (xii) Complementary services; (xiii) Distributed generation for self-consumption; (xiv) small-scale generating facilities.

Regarding Transelec's business, it is focused on the economic retribution for the transport service delivered by its facilities, aligned to the security and quality service standards previously established by the regulations in force. Transelec has the right to annually receive the annual transmission value (VATT) for its facilities belonging to the National and Zonal Transmission Systems, defined in the tariff processes or in the Decree for the award of expansion works, as the case may be. In the case of the installations of the Dedicated Transmission System, Transelec agrees private transport contracts with the respective users, to define the payment for the use of this type of facilities.

### 5.2. Valuation and pricing of facilities

Revenues associated to transmission activity are determined by the Commission every four years by conducting internationally tendered studies for transmission assets valuation, and processes that include the participation of companies, users and interested institutions and the Panel of Experts in the event of any discrepancies.

The owners of regulated transmission facilities must receive the Annual Value of Transmission per Section (VATT), made up of the sum of the real tariff income and the single charge associated with the section, which will depend on the transmission segment to which the installation belongs, the latter applied directly to the corresponding end users.

VATT of the existing facilities is calculated on an Annuity of the Value of Investment (AVI) that recognizes the efficient acquisition and installation costs according to market values (except land-use rights, expenses and compensation, which recognize what has actually been paid), which are annualized considering the assets life determined every three tariff periods and whit a variable



discount rate, which will not be less than 7% or higher than 10%, plus the Costs of Operation, Maintenance and Administration (COMA), adjusted by income taxes.

Currently, tariffs are governed by Decree 7T of the Ministry of Energy, published on February 16, 2023.

The 2024–2027 tariff valuation process is more than two years behind schedule. As part of this process, the Facility Qualification Report was published through Exempt Resolution No. 461, issued by the CNE on August 30, 2024. Subsequently, the Supervisory Committee for the process was formed, in which Transelec participates as the primary representative for the National Transmission segment. Consultants for the National and Zonal studies have already been awarded. The Zonal study began in March 2024, with its First Progress Report issued and reviewed by companies in February 2025.

# 6. MARKET RISK FACTORS

Due to the characteristics of the Chilean electricity market and strict standards regulating the sector, Transelec S.A. is not exposed to substantial risk while operating its main line of business.

Transelec manages its risks through a corporate program, including the vision and information from the board of directors and employees in direct contact with the risks, with in the company strategy, workshops are utilized to analyze past and potential risks. Conducting concrete actions to prevent and / or mitigate them, to lower their probability of occurrence or its impact.

At project level, the company develop the process of Stages and Decisions, which ensures that projects are guided by stablished protocols from develop of a business idea, going through the proposal presentation, adjudication and later construction or acquisition, even its launch, to ensure that the decision makers have the necessary information available and mitigate the risks in the different parts of the projects.

The main risks of the company are presented and discussed quarterly in the Board of Directors. However, the following risk factors should be mentioned and taken into consideration:

# **6.1. Regulatory Framework**

Power transmission tariffs are established by law for 4-year periods and include an indexation to guarantee actual annual profitability for operators. The nature of this industry means that power transmission company revenue is stable over the long term. This revenue is complemented by revenue from private contracts with large customers.

However, the fact that these tariffs are revised once every four years in the National and Zonal Power Transmission Studies could mean new tariffs that could be less attractive for the Company in terms of investment made. There is no guarantee that the previous tariff level will be maintained in subsequent tariff cycles. Tariffs are based on each company's asset inventory and the updated prices of those assets. Therefore, errors in these databases or in the determined prices could result in incorrect tariffs, potentially requiring retroactive adjustments.



### 6.2. Operating Risks

Although the Company's management believes it has adequate risk coverage, in line with industry practices, including a full annual exercise of Enterprise Risk Management, it is not possible to ensure that the preventive actions and mitigations implemented (asset management, safety fringe management, insurance policies, etc.) will be sufficient to cover certain operating risks, including forces of nature, fires, damages to transmission facilities, on-the-job accidents, equipment and telecomunication failures, and failures in monitoring and control systems (SCADA).

# **6.3. Environmental Institutionalism and the Application of Environmental Standards** and/or Policies

Transelec projects are subject to Law N° 19,300/1994 on General Environmental Guidelines ("Environmental Law") and its subsequent amendments. Transelec may run the risk of environmental permit lobbying taking longer than expected, which would delay project construction and open the possibility of fines being applied.

Preventive and mitigative measures have been identified and defined for all risks related to the environment and communities surrounding the company's facilities.

# 6.4. Construction Delays for New Transmission Facilities

Success of the upgrades and expansion program for the power transmission network will depend on several factors, including the cost and availability of financing. Although Transelec has experience with large-scale construction projects, the construction of new facilities could be hampered by factors commonly associated with projects, including delays for the approval of regulatory authorizations such as power concessions, lack of equipment, materials or labor, or price variation, adverse weather conditions, natural disasters or unforeseen circumstances or difficulties when it comes to taking out loans under favorable conditions and at reasonable rates. Any of the aforementioned factors could lead to delays in the partial or total completion of the capital investment program, while increasing the cost of the projects considered in this program.

# 6.5. Technological Changes

Transelec is compensated for investments that makes in electrical transmission facilities through an annual valuation of the existing facilities (AVI), which is performed every four years using current market prices and periodically recalculated according to the process established in the current regulation. Any significant technological advance in the equipment that are part of Transelec' facilities could lower this valuation, which would prevent partial recovery of the investments made.

# 6.6. Foreign Exchange Risk

Transelec has Chilean peso as its functional currency, therefore the following factors expose Transelec to foreign exchange risk:

- Transactions in U.S. dollars (construction contracts, import purchases, etc.).
- Leasing contracts that generate income indexed to US dollars.
- Accounts payables in US dollars associated to debt issued in U.S. America.
- Accounts receivables in US dollars associated to intercompany loans.



- Cross Currency Swap contracts that compensate the risks of exchange rates on the international issuances.

Exchange rate exposure is managed using a policy that involves fully hedging the Company's net balance sheet exposure using diverse instruments such as foreign exchange, forward contracts, and cross currency swaps.

The following table details the amounts of monetary assets and liabilities denominated into dollar and Chilean pesos in the periods indicated below:

|  | March<br>2025        |                      | December<br>2024     |                      |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| In million pesos   | Assets               | Liabilities          | Assets               | Liabilities          |
| Dollar (amounts associated with balance sheet items)<br>Chilean peso | 548,225<br>3,195,069 | 508,028<br>3,235,266 | 737,273<br>3,199,267 | 736,655<br>3,199,885 |

Below are the exchange rates (Observed Dollar) in Chilean pesos to the United States dollar; in the periods indicated.

| MONTH                 | Average<br>2025 (\$) | Last Day<br>2025 (\$) | Average<br>2024 (\$) | Last Day<br>2024 (\$) |
|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| January               | 1000,76              | 988,10                | 907,99               | 932,66                |
| February              | 956,62               | 951,21                | 963,44               | 980,19                |
| March                 | 932,55               | 931,75                | 967,93               | 982,38                |
| Average of the period | 963,31               | 957,02                | 946,45               | 965,08                |

The income that Transelec is entitled to receive for its facilities belonging to the national and zonal transmission systems (VATT) and for the installations of the dedicated systems (toll contracts), are indexed to maintain their real values during the period of validity of these rates or tolls. These revenues are expressed in accordance with their base value, in dollars, and are updated according to components whose cost variation over time correlates with national or international economic indicators, considering the availability and stability of the source that issues it.

However, it cannot be ensured that Transelec will be fully protected by maintaining hedging contracts for the exchange rate. In addition, cross currency swaps and forwards contain counterparty credit risk, cash requirements on maturity dates or recouponing clauses (if any) and other associated risks.



#### 6.7. Credit Risk

Regarding the credit risk associated with accounts receivable from the electricity transmission business, this risk is systematically incredibly low given the limited number of customers, their risk classification, and the short collection period.

However, revenues are highly concentrated on few customers that make up a large part of Transelec's future cash flow. A substantial change to the assets, financial condition and/or operating results of these particular companies could adversely affect the Company.

The following table shows the top five customers and their comparison with the previous year:

| REVENUES        | March<br>2025<br>MCL\$ | March<br>2025<br>% | 2025 2024 |       |
|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------|-----------|-------|
| Enel Group      | 19,083                 | 28.3%              | 38,488    | 29.3% |
| Grupo CGE       | 8,207                  | 12.2%              | 12,968    | 9.9%  |
| CGE Group       | 6,772                  | 10.0%              | 9,988     | 7.6%  |
| Colbún Group    | 5,973                  | 8.9%               | 11,632    | 8.9%  |
| AES Gener Group | 5,087                  | 7.5%               | 9,325     | 7.1%  |
| Engie Group     | 3,276                  | 4.9%               | 8,319     | 6.3%  |
| Others          | 17,032                 | 25.3%              | 36,750    | 28.0% |
| Total           | 67,415                 |                    | 131,161   |       |
| % Concentration | 74.7%                  |                    | 72.0%     |       |

The toll agreements signed with these clients, including its subsidiaries, will generate a large part of the Company's future cash flows and, therefore, a substantial change in their assets, financial condition and/or operating income could negatively affect the Company. This risk is compensated by the excellent credit level of these clients, together with the "take or pay" type of payment of the Transelec transmission income.

In terms of the Company's credit risk associated with financial assets (time deposits, fixed-return mutual funds and sell-back agreements), its treasury regulations establish limits on a particular institution's exposure.

#### 6.8. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk of the Company not satisfying a need for cash or debt payment upon maturity. Liquidity risk also includes the risk of not being able to liquidate assets in a timely manner at a reasonable price.

To guarantee that Transelec can quickly react financially to investment opportunities and pay its obligations by their maturity dates, the company has a stable and predictable remuneration over time, associated with the "take or pay" income, i.e., the company has income associated with its installed capacity of assets, and not with the volume transported. in addition, it has short-term receivables and a committed line of credit for working capital of US\$250 million. This committed line



of credit was first contracted on July 9, 2012, being renegotiated, and extended in 2014, 2017, 2020, 2021 and 2024. This line does not include any material clause of adverse change.

The Company is exposed to risks associated with its indebtedness, including refinancing risk when its debt matures. These risks are mitigated by using long-term debt and appropriately structuring maturities over time.

The following table presents the capital amortizations and interests corresponding to the Company's financial liabilities, according to their maturity date, as of March 31, 2025, and March 31, 2024.

| Debt Maturity<br>(capital and interests)<br>MCL\$ | 0 to 1 year | 1 to 3 years | 3 to 5 years | 5 to 10 years | More than 10 years | Total     |
|---|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------|
| March 31, 2025                                    | 74,313      | 673,697      | 480,124      | 566,884       | 721,342            | 2,516,360 |
| December 31, 2024                                 | 455,761     | 666,922      | 502,111      | 565,959       | 717,568            | 2,908,321 |

#### 6.9. Interest Rate Risk

Significant changes in fair values and future cash flows of financial instruments that can be directly attributable to interest rate risks include changes in the net proceeds from financial instruments whose cash flows are determined in reference to floating interest rates and changes in the value of financial instruments with fixed cash flows.

The Company's assets are primarily fixed and long-lived intangible assets. Consequently, financial liabilities used to finance such assets consist primarily of long-term liabilities at fixed rates. This debt is recorded in the balance sheet at amortized cost.

The objective of interest rate risk management is to achieve a balanced debt structure, decrease the impact on costs due to interest rate variations and, reduce volatility in the income statement.

All the debt as of March 31, 2025, and as of March 31, 2024, was at a fixed rate. However, in the case of UF indexed debt, variations in inflation rates could potentially affect the Company's financial expenses.

#### **UF Values**

| MONTH                 | Average<br>2025 (\$) | Last Day<br>2025 (\$) | Average<br>2024 (\$) | Last Day<br>2024 (\$) |
|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| January               | 38.415,85            | 38.384,41             | 36.805,73            | 36.733,04             |
| February              | 38.467,25            | 38.647,94             | 36.750,98            | 36.856,50             |
| March                 | 38.807,30            | 38.894,11             | 36.984,32            | 37.093,52             |
| Average of the period | 38.563,47            | 38.642,15             | 36.847,01            | 36.894,35             |

# **6.10.** Risk of Committing Offenses

Companies are exposed to the risk of committing offenses. Transelec has a risk matrix that outlines risk factors and preventive actions, along with ongoing training for its employees. With the enactment of the Economic Crimes Law, these prevention measures have been further strengthened.



#### 6.11. Other Risks

In addition to the previously mentioned, the company faces other risks, such as operational risks (fires and vandalism), cybersecurity, climate change, taxes, environmental and related permitting, and reputational risks.

### 7. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On April 28, 2025, at an Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting, a capital increase of \$1,552,710,096 was approved via the issuance of 2,000 ordinary shares with no nominal value. This raised the capital from \$776,355,047,865 to \$777,907,757,961, totaling 1,002,000 shares.

The new shares were financed by: (i) social rights in Inversiones CyT Limitada valued at \$1,405,110,000; and (ii) \$147,600,096 in cash. Rentas Eléctricas I Limitada obtained 1,999 shares through a 99.99% contribution of Inversiones CyT's social rights and \$146,964,252 in cash. Transelec Holdings Rentas Limitada subscribed to 1 share with 0.01% of the social rights and \$635,844 in cash. Inversiones CyT Limitada, which owns 100% of CyT Operaciones SpA and its electrical transmission system for the Caserones mine, is an affiliate of Transelec since April 2025 through this transaction.

Between March 31, 2025, the closing date of these consolidated financial statements and their issuance date, there have been no other significant financial and accounting events that may affect the equity of the Company or the interpretation of these consolidated financial statements.



### **CONSOLIDATED ESSENTIAL FACTS**

#### TRANSELEC S.A.

#### **ESSENTIAL FACTS**

In compliance with the provisions of Article 9 and the second paragraph of Stock Market Law Nº 18.045 Article 10, the following essential facts issued during the fiscal year between January 01 and March 31, 2025, were reported:

- 1) On January 02, 2025, the following essential fact was reported:
  - By letter dated December 31, 2024, Mr. Cheng Tai submitted his resignation as Alternate Director of Transelec S.A. Board of Directors, which became effective as of that date.
- 2) On March 13, 2025, the following essential fact was reported:

At a meeting held on March 13, 2025, the Transelec S.A. Board of Directors agrees to call an extraordinary shareholders' meeting for April 25, 2025, to submit to the knowledge and approval of the shareholders, the following matters:

- 1. Annual Report, Balance Sheet, Financial Statements, and Report of the External Auditors, corresponding to the period ended on December 31, 2024.
- 2. Final dividend distribution.
- 3. Renew members of the Board of Directors.
- 4. Board of Directors and Audit Committee salaries.
- 5. Appointment of External Auditors.
- 6. The newspaper to be used to announce shareholder meetings.
- 7. Agreements reached by the Board of Directors regarding issues contained in Articles 146 and following of the Corporations Law.
- 8. Other issues of interest for the corporation and for consideration by the Board of Directors.